## LNK632DG LinkSwitch<sup>--</sup>II Family



# Energy-Efficient, Accurate CV Switcher with CC Control for Adapters and Chargers

## **Product Highlights**

## **Dramatically Simplifies CV Converters**

- Eliminates optocoupler and all secondary CV/CC control circuitry
- Eliminates all control loop compensation circuitry
- Enables Clampless<sup>™</sup> designs
- Advanced Performance Features
- Compensates for cable voltage drop
- Compensates for external component temperature variations
- Very tight IC parameter tolerances using proprietary trimming
- technologyFrequency jittering greatly reduces EMI filter cost

## **Advanced Protection/Safety Features**

- Auto-restart protection reduces power delivered by about 85% for output short-circuit and control loop faults (open and shorted components)
- Hysteretic thermal shutdown automatic recovery reduces power supply returns from the field

## EcoSmart<sup>™</sup>– Energy Efficient

- Easily meets all global energy efficiency regulations with no added components
- No-load consumption down to <30 mW at 230 VAC input with bias winding
- ON/OFF control provides constant efficiency down to very light loads

   ideal for EISA and ENERGY STAR regulations
- No current sense resistors maximizes efficiency

## **Green Package**

Halogen free and RoHS compliant package

## Applications

 Chargers for cell/cordless phones, PDAs, MP3/portable audio devices, adapters, etc.

## Description

The LNK632DG dramatically simplifies low power CV/CC charger designs by eliminating an optocoupler and secondary control circuitry. The device uses an ON/OFF control technique to provide very tight output voltage regulation, in addition to output current control ideal for battery charging applications. The combination of proprietary IC trimming and E-Shield<sup>™</sup> transformer construction techniques enables Clampless designs with the LNK632DG when an external bias circuit is used.

The device incorporates a 700 V power MOSFET, a novel ON/OFF control state machine, a high-voltage switched current source for self biasing, frequency jittering, cycle-by-cycle current limit and hysteretic thermal shutdown circuitry onto a monolithic IC.





(b) Output characteristic



## **Output Power Table**

Product <sup>3</sup>	85-265 VAC			
	<b>Adapter</b> <sup>1</sup>	<b>Open Frame</b> <sup>2</sup>		
LNK632DG	3.1 W	3.1 W		

Table 1. Output Power Table.

Notes:

- Minimum continuous power in a typical non-ventilated enclosed adapter measured at +50 °C ambient.
- Maximum practical continuous power in an open frame design with adequate heat sinking, measured at 50 °C ambient.
- 3. Packages: D: SO-8C.



Figure 2. SO-8C D Package.



Figure 3. Functional Block Diagram.

## Pin Functional Description

## DRAIN (D) Pin:

This pin is the power MOSFET drain connection. It provides internal operating current for both start-up and steady-state operation.

## BYPASS/MULTI-FUNCTIONAL Programmable (BP/M) Pin:

This pin has multiple functions:

- 1. It is the connection point for an external bypass capacitor for the internally generated 6 V supply.
- $\ \ 2. \ \ It is a mode selection for the cable drop compensation.$

## FEEDBACK (FB) Pin:

During normal operation, switching of the power MOSFET is controlled by this pin. This pin senses the AC voltage on the bias winding. This control input regulates both the output voltage in CV mode and output current in CC mode based on the Flyback voltage of the bias winding. The internal inductance correction circuit uses the forward voltage on the bias winding to sense the bulk capacitor voltage.

## SOURCE (S) Pin:

This pin is internally connected to the output MOSFET source for high-voltage power and control circuit common returns.



Figure 4. Pin Configuration.



## LNK632DG Functional Description

The LNK632DG combines a high-voltage power MOSFET switch with a power supply controller in one device. Similar to the LinkSwitch-LP and TinySwitch-III it uses a simple ON/OFF control to regulate the output voltage. In addition, the switching frequency is modulated to regulate the output current to provide a constant current characteristic. The LNK632DG controller consists of an oscillator, feedback (sense and logic) circuit, 6 V regulator, over-temperature protection, frequency jittering, current limit circuit, leading-edge blanking, frequency control for constant current regulation and ON/OFF state machine for CV control.

## **Constant Current Control (CC) Operation**

As the output voltage and therefore the Flyback voltage across the bias winding ramps up, the FEEDBACK pin voltage increases. The switching frequency is adjusted as the FEEDBACK pin voltage increases to provide a constant output current regulation.

## **Constant Voltage (CV) Operation**

As the FEEDBACK pin approaches  $V_{\rm FBth}$  from the constant current regulation mode, the power supply transitions into CV operation. The switching frequency at this point is at its maximum value, corresponding to the peak power point of the CCCV characteristic. The controller regulates the FEEDBACK pin voltage to remain at  $V_{\rm FBth}$  using an ON/OFF state-machine. The FEEDBACK pin voltage is sampled 2.5  $\mu s$  after the turn-off of the high-voltage switch. At light loads the current limit is also reduced to decrease the transformer flux density.

## **Output Cable Compensation**

This compensation provides a constant output voltage at the end of the cable over the entire load range in CV mode. As the converter load increases from no-load to the peak power point (transition point between CV and CC) the voltage drop introduced across the output cable is compensated by increasing the FEEDBACK pin reference voltage. The controller determines the output load and therefore the correct degree of compensation based on the output of the state machine. Cable drop compensation for a 26 AWG (0.4  $\Omega$ ) cable is selected with C<sub>BP</sub> = 1  $\mu$ F and for a 28 AWG (0.75  $\Omega$ ) cable with C<sub>BP</sub> = 10  $\mu$ F.

## **Auto-Restart and Open-Loop Protection**

In the event of a fault condition such as an output short or an open loop condition the LNK632DG enters into an appropriate protection mode as described below.

In the event the FEEDBACK pin voltage during the Flyback period falls below 0.7 V before the FEEDBACK pin sampling delay (~2.5  $\mu s$ ) for a duration in excess of ~300 ms (auto-restart on-time (t\_{AR-ON}) the

converter enters into auto-restart, wherein the power MOSFET is disabled for 1.2 seconds (~20% auto-restart duty cycle). The auto-restart alternately enables and disables the switching of the power MOSFET until the fault condition is removed.

In addition to the conditions for auto-restart described above, if the sensed FEEDBACK pin current during the Forward period of the conduction cycle (switch "on" time) falls below 120  $\mu$ A, the converter annunciates this as an open-loop condition (top resistor in potential divider is open or missing) and reduces the auto-restart time from 300 ms to approximately 6 clock cycles (60  $\mu$ s), whilst keeping the disable period of 1.2 seconds. This effectively reduces the auto-restart duty cycle to less than 0.05%.

## **Over-Temperature Protection**

The thermal shutdown circuitry senses the die temperature. The threshold is set at 142 °C typical with a 60 °C hysteresis. When the die temperature rises above this threshold (142 °C) the power MOSFET is disabled and remains disabled until the die temperature falls by 60 °C, at which point the MOSFET is re-enabled.

## **Current Limit**

The current limit circuit senses the current in the power MOSFET. When this current exceeds the internal threshold ( $I_{LIMIT}$ ), the power MOSFET is turned off for the remainder of that cycle. The leading edge blanking circuit inhibits the current limit comparator for a short time ( $t_{LEB}$ ) after the power MOSFET is turned on. This leading edge blanking time has been set so that current spikes caused by capacitance and rectifier reverse recovery time will not cause premature termination of the MOSFET conduction.

## **6 V Regulator**

The 6 V regulator charges the bypass capacitor connected to the BYPASS pin to 6 V by drawing a current from the voltage on the DRAIN, whenever the MOSFET is off. The BYPASS pin is the internal supply voltage node. When the MOSFET is on, the device runs off of the energy stored in the bypass capacitor. Extremely low power consumption of the internal circuitry allows the LNK632DG to operate continuously from the current drawn from the DRAIN pin. A bypass capacitor value of either 1  $\mu F$  or 10  $\mu F$  is sufficient for both high frequency decoupling and energy storage.

## **Clampless Design Considerations**

Ensure that worse-case high line, peak drain voltage is below the  $\rm BV_{\rm DSS}$  specification of the internal MOSFET and ideally <650 V to allow margin for design variation.



## Absolute Maximum Ratings<sup>1,5</sup>

DRAIN Voltage -0.3 V to 700 V	
DRAIN Peak Current:	
Peak Negative Pulsed Drain Current	100 mA <sup>2</sup>
FEEDBACK Pin Voltage	0.3 V to 9 V
FEEDBACK Pin Current	100 mA
BYPASS Pin Voltage	0.3 V to 9 V
BYPASS Pin Current	10 mA
Storage Temperature	65 °C to 150 °C
Operating Junction Temperature	40 °C to 150 °C
Lead Temperature <sup>(4)</sup>	

#### Notes:

- 1. All voltages referenced to SOURCE,  $T_{A} = 25 \circ C$ .
- 2. Duration not to exceed 2 ms.
- 3. 1/16 in. from case for 5 seconds.
- 4. The higher peak DRAIN current is allowed while the DRAIN voltage is simultaneously less than 400 V.
- Maximum ratings specified may be applied, one at a time without causing permanent damage to the product. Exposure to Absolute Maximum ratings for extended periods of time may affect product reliability.

## **Thermal Resistance**

Thermal Resistance: D Package: ( $\theta_{JA}$ ) ......100 °C/W<sup>2</sup>; 60 °C/W<sup>3</sup>

Notes:

1. Measured on pin 8 (SOURCE) close to plastic interface.

2. Soldered to 0.36 sq. in. (232 mm<sup>2</sup>), 2 oz. (610 g/m<sup>2</sup>) copper clad.

3. Soldered to 1 sq. in. (645 mm<sup>2</sup>), 2 oz. (610 g/m<sup>2</sup>) copper clad.

Parameter	Symbol	<b>Conditions</b> SOURCE = 0 V; T <sub>j</sub> = -40 to 125 °C (Unless Otherwise Specified)		Min	Тур	Max	Units
<b>Control Functions</b>							
Output Frequency	f <sub>osc</sub>	T <sub>1</sub> = 25 °C	$V_{FB} = V_{FBth}$	98	105	112	kHz
Frequency Ratio (Constant Current)	f <sub>RATIO(CC)</sub>	$T_{_{\rm J}} = 25~^{\circ}{\rm C}$ Between V <sub>FB</sub> = 1.0 V and V <sub>FB</sub> = 1.6 V		1.57	1.635	1.7	
Frequency Jitter		Peak-Peak Jitter Compared to Average Frequency, $T_1 = 25 \text{ °C}$			±7		%
Ratio of Output Frequency at Auto-Restart	f <sub>osc(ar)</sub>	$T_1 = 25 \text{ °C}$ Relative to $f_{osc}$		12	16.5	21	%
Maximum Duty Cycle	DC <sub>MAX</sub>	See Notes B, C			55		%
FEEDBACK Pin Voltage	$V_{FBth}$	$T_{J} = 25 \text{ °C}$ $C_{BP} = 10 \mu F$ See Note D		2.015	2.040	2.065	V
FEEDBACK Pin Voltage Temperature Coefficient	TC <sub>VFB</sub>				-0.01		%/°C
FEEDBACK Pin Voltage at Turn-Off Threshold	V <sub>FB(AR)</sub>			0.65	0.72	0.79	V
Cable Compensation			$C_{_{BP}} = 1 \ \mu F$		1.06		
Factor	U <sub>FB</sub>		$C_{_{BP}} = 10 \ \mu F$		1.09		

## LNK632DG

Parameter	Symbol	<b>Conditions</b> SOURCE = 0 V; T <sub>J</sub> = -40 to 125 °C (Unless Otherwise Specified)	Min	Тур	Max	Units	
<b>Control Functions</b>				1			
Minimum Switch ON-Time	t <sub>ON(min)</sub>	T <sub>1</sub> = 25 °C See Note C 700			ns		
FEEDBACK Pin Sampling Delay	t <sub>FB</sub>	T <sub>1</sub> = 25 °C	2.35	2.55	2.75	μS	
	I <sub>S1</sub>	FB Voltage > V <sub>FBth</sub>		260	330		
DRAIN Supply Current	I <sub>s2</sub>	FB Voltage = VFB <sub>TH</sub> -0.2, Switch ON-Time = $t_{oN}$ (MOSFET Switching at $f_{osc}$ )		440	520	μA	
BYPASS Pin	I <sub>CH1</sub>	$V_{BP} = 0 V$	-5	-3.4	-1.8	mA	
Charge Current	I <sub>CH2</sub>	V <sub>BP</sub> = 4 V	-4	-2.3	-1		
BYPASS Pin Voltage	V <sub>BP</sub>		5.65	6.00	6.25	V	
BYPASS Pin Voltage Hysteresis	V <sub>BPH</sub>		0.7	1.0	1.2	V	
BYPASS Pin Shunt Voltage	V <sub>SHUNT</sub>	I <sub>BP</sub> = 10 mA 6.2 6.5		6.8	V		
Circuit Protection							
Current Limit	I	$ \begin{array}{c} \text{di/dt} = 36 \text{ mA/}\mu\text{s} \\ \text{T}_{\text{j}} = 25 \ ^{\circ}\text{C} \end{array} \qquad 135 \qquad 145 $		145	155	mA	
Power Coefficient	I <sup>2</sup> f	$I^{2}f = I^{2}_{LIMIT(TYP)} \times f_{OSC(TYP)}$ $T_{J} = 25 \text{ °C}$	0.9 x I²f		1.17 x I²f	A <sup>2</sup> Hz	
Leading Edge Blanking Time	t <sub>LEB</sub>	$T_{j} = 25 °C$ See Note C $170$ 215			ns		
Thermal Shutdown Temperature	T <sub>sd</sub>		135	142	142 150 °C		
Thermal Shutdown Hysteresis	T <sub>SDH</sub>			60		°C	



					1		
Parameter	Symbol	<b>Conditions</b> SOURCE = 0 V; T <sub>1</sub> = -40 to 125 °C (Unless Otherwise Specified)		Min	Тур	Max	Units
Output							
ON-State		$I_{D} = 13 \text{ mA}$	T <sub>1</sub> = 25 °C		45	53	Ω
Resistance	R <sub>DS(ON)</sub>		T <sub>J</sub> = 100 °C		68	79	
OFF-State Leakage	$I_{_{DSS1}}$	$V_{DS} = 560 \text{ V}$ See Figure 11 $T_{J} = 125 \text{ °C}$ See Note A				50	μA
	I <sub>DSS2</sub>	V <sub>DS</sub> = 375 V See Figure 11 T <sub>1</sub> = 50 °C			15		
Breakdown Voltage	BV <sub>DSS</sub>	T₁ = 25 °C See Figure 11		700			V
DRAIN Supply Voltage				50			V
Auto-Restart ON-Time	t <sub>ar-on</sub>	V <sub>FB</sub> = 0 See Note C			300		ms
Auto-Restart OFF-Time	t <sub>AR-OFF</sub>	See Note C			1.2	2.0	S
Open-Loop FEEDBACK Pin Current Threshold	$I_{OL}$	See Note C			-120		μA
Open-Loop ON-Time		See Note C			60		μS

NOTES:

- A.  $I_{DSS1}$  is the worst-case OFF-state leakage specification at 80% of  $BV_{DSS}$  and maximum operating junction temperature.  $I_{DSS2}$  is a typical specification under worst-case application conditions (rectified 265 VAC) for no-load consumption calculations.
- B. When the duty-cycle exceeds  $\mathsf{DC}_{_{MAX}}$  the LNK632DG operates in on-time extension mode.
- C. This parameter is derived from characterization.
- D. Mechanical stress induced during assembly may cause shift in this parameter. This shift has no impact on the ability of LNK632 to meet  $CV = \pm 5\%$  in mass production given the design follows recommendations in AN-44 and good manufacturing practice.



## **Typical Performance Characteristics**



Figure 5. Output Frequency vs. Temperature.



Figure 7. Breakdown vs. Temperature.



Figure 9. Output Characteristics.



Figure 6. FEEDBACK Pin Voltage vs. Temperature













Figure 11. Test Set-up for Leakage and Breakdown Tests.



## LNK632DG







Revision	Notes	Date
А	Initial release.	02/09
В	Introduced Max Current Limit when V DRAIN is below 400 V.	07/09
С	Added Clampless Design Note on page 3.	09/09
D	Added Note 4 to parameter table.	02/10
D	Specified Max BYPASS Pin Current.	03/14
Е	Figure removed "Test Set-up for FEEDBACK Pin Measurements" from previous version. Updated to latest Brand Style.	02/15

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