MBR160 is a Preferred Device

Axial Lead Rectifiers

The MBR150/160 series employs the Schottky Barrier principle in a large area metal-to-silicon power diode. State-of-the-art geometry features epitaxial construction with oxide passivation and metal overlap contact. Ideally suited for use as rectifiers in low-voltage, high-frequency inverters, free wheeling diodes, and polarity protection diodes.

Features

- Low Reverse Current
- Low Stored Charge, Majority Carrier Conduction
- Low Power Loss/High Efficiency
- Highly Stable Oxide Passivated Junction
- These are Pb-Free Devices*

Mechanical Characteristics:

- Case: Epoxy, Molded
- Weight: 0.4 Gram (Approximately)
- Finish: All External Surfaces Corrosion Resistant and Terminal Leads are Readily Solderable
- Lead Temperature for Soldering Purposes: 260°C Max. for 10 Seconds
- Polarity: Cathode Indicated by Polarity Band

MAXIMUM RATINGS

Rating		Symbol	Value	Unit
Peak Repetitive Reverse Voltage Working Peak Reverse Voltage DC Blocking Voltage	MBR150 MBR160	V _{RRM} V _{RWM} V _R	50 60	V
RMS Reverse Voltage	MBR150 MBR160	V _{R(RMS)}	35 42	V
		I _O	1.0	Α
Nonrepetitive Peak Surge Current (Surge applied at rated load conditions, halfwave, single phase, 60 Hz, T _L = 70°C)		I _{FSM}	25 (for one cycle)	Α
Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range (Reverse Voltage Applied)		T _J , T _{stg}	– 65 to +150	°C

THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS (Notes 1 and 2)

Characteristic	Symbol	Max	Unit
Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ambient	$R_{\theta JA}$	80	°C/W

Stresses exceeding Maximum Ratings may damage the device. Maximum Ratings are stress ratings only. Functional operation above the Recommended Operating Conditions is not implied. Extended exposure to stresses above the Recommended Operating Conditions may affect device reliability.

- Recommended Operating Conditions may affect device reliability.

 1. Lead Temperature reference is cathode lead 1/32" from case.
- 2. Pulse Test: Pulse Width = 300 μ s, Duty Cycle \leq 2.0%.



ON Semiconductor®

http://onsemi.com

SCHOTTKY BARRIER RECTIFIERS 1.0 AMPERE – 50 AND 60 VOLTS



MARKING DIAGRAM



A = Assembly Location

MBR1x0 = Device Code

x = 5 or 6

Y = Year
WW = Work Week
Pb-Free Package

(Note: Microdot may be in either location)

ORDERING INFORMATION

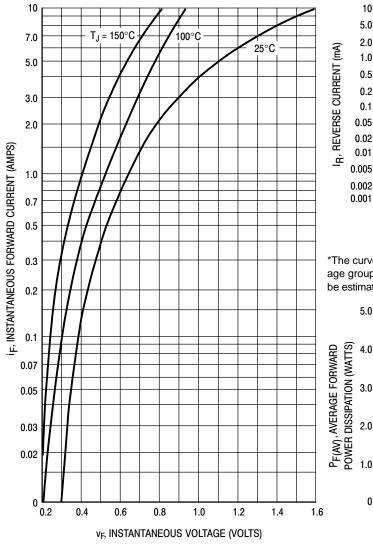
See detailed ordering and shipping information in the package dimensions section on page 4 of this data sheet.

Preferred devices are recommended choices for future use and best overall value.

^{*}For additional information on our Pb–Free strategy and soldering details, please download the ON Semiconductor Soldering and Mounting Techniques Reference Manual, SOLDERRM/D.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (T_L = 25°C unless otherwise noted) (Note 1)

Characteristic	Symbol	Max	Unit
Maximum Instantaneous Forward Voltage (Note 2) $ \begin{aligned} &(i_F=0.1 \text{ A}) \\ &(i_F=1.0 \text{ A}) \\ &(i_F=3.0 \text{ A}) \end{aligned} $	V _F	0.550 0.750 1.000	V
Maximum Instantaneous Reverse Current @ Rated dc Voltage (Note 2) $ (T_L = 25^{\circ}\text{C}) $ $ (T_L = 100^{\circ}\text{C}) $	İR	0.5 5.0	mA



10 T_{.I} = 150°C 5.0 125°C 2.0 1.0 100°C 0.5 0.2 75°C 0.1 0.05 0.02 0.005 $25^{\circ}C$ 0.002 0.001 0 10 30 40 50 60 70 V_R, REVERSE VOLTAGE (VOLTS)

Figure 2. Typical Reverse Current*

*The curves shown are typical for the highest voltage device in the voltage grouping. Typical reverse current for lower voltage selections can be estimated from these same curves if V_R is sufficiently below rated V_R .

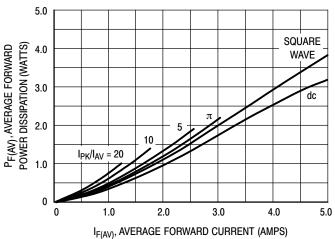


Figure 1. Typical Forward Voltage

Figure 3. Forward Power Dissipation

THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

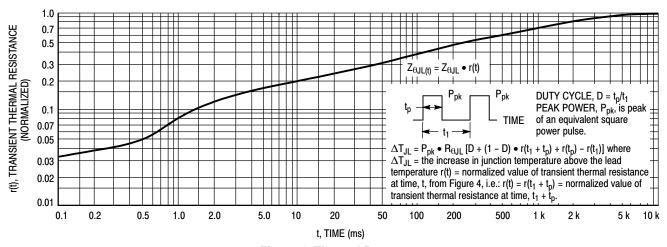


Figure 4. Thermal Response

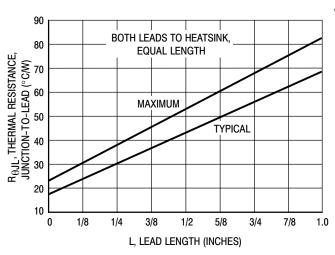


Figure 5. Steady-State Thermal Resistance

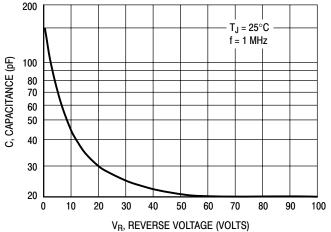


Figure 6. Typical Capacitance

NOTE 1. — MOUNTING DATA:

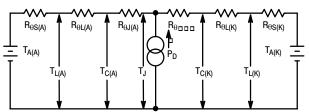
Data shown for thermal resistance junction—to—ambient $(R_{\theta JA})$ for the mounting shown is to be used as a typical guideline values for preliminary engineering or in case the tie point temperature cannot be measured.

Typical Values for $R_{\theta JA}$ in Still Air

Mounting	Lead Length, L (in)				
Method	1/8	1/4	1/2	3/4	$R_{\theta JA}$
1	52	65	72	85	°C/W
2	67	80	87	100	°C/W
3	_		50		°C/W

NOTE 2. — THERMAL CIRCUIT MODEL:

(For heat conduction through the leads)



Use of the above model permits junction to lead thermal resistance for any mounting configuration to be found. For a given total lead length, lowest values occur when one side of the rectifier is brought as close as possible to the heatsink. Terms in the model signify:

 $T_A = Ambient Temperature$ $T_C = Case Temperature$

 T_L = Lead Temperature T_J = Junction Temperature

 $R_{\theta S}$ = Thermal Resistance, Heatsink-to-Ambient

 $R_{\theta L}$ = Thermal Resistance, Lead-to-Heatsink

 $R_{\theta J}$ = Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Case

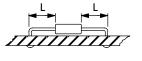
 P_D = Power Dissipation

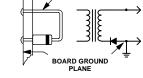
Mounting Method 1

P.C. Board with 1–1/2" x 1–1/2" copper surface.

Mounting Method 3

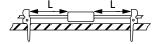
P.C. Board with 1–1/2" x 1–1/2" copper surface.





= 3/8"

Mounting Method 2



VECTOR PIN MOUNTING

(Subscripts A and K refer to anode and cathode sides, respectively.) Values for thermal resistance components are: $R_{\theta L} = 100^{\circ}\text{C/W/in}$ typically and 120°C/W/in maximum. $R_{\theta I} = 36^{\circ}\text{C/W}$ typically and 46°C/W maximum.

NOTE 3. — HIGH FREQUENCY OPERATION:

Since current flow in a Schottky rectifier is the result of majority carrier conduction, it is not subject to junction diode forward and reverse recovery transients due to minority carrier injection and stored charge. Satisfactory circuit analysis work may be performed by using a model consisting of an ideal diode in parallel with a variable capacitance. (See Figure 6)

Rectification efficiency measurements show that operation will be satisfactory up to several megahertz. For example, relative waveform rectification efficiency is approximately 70 percent at 2 MHz, e.g., the ratio of dc power to RMS power in the load is 0.28 at this frequency, whereas perfect rectification would yield 0.406 for sine wave inputs. However, in contrast to ordinary junction diodes, the loss in waveform efficiency is not indicative of power loss: it is simply a result of reverse current flow through the diode capacitance, which lowers the dc output voltage.

ORDERING INFORMATION

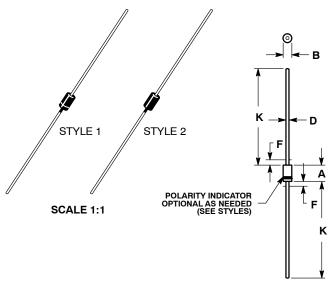
Device	Package	Shipping [†]
MBR150	Axial Lead*	1000 Units / Bag
MBR150G	Axial Lead*	1000 Units / Bag
MBR150RL	Axial Lead*	5000 / Tape & Reel
MBR150RLG	Axial Lead*	5000 / Tape & Reel
MBR160	Axial Lead*	1000 Units / Bag
MBR160G	Axial Lead*	1000 Units / Bag
MBR160RL	Axial Lead*	5000 / Tape & Reel
MBR160RLG	Axial Lead*	5000 / Tape & Reel

[†]For information on tape and reel specifications, including part orientation and tape sizes, please refer to our Tape and Reel Packaging Specifications Brochure, BRD8011/D.

^{*}This package is inherently Pb-Free.

AXIAL LEAD CASE 59-10 **ISSUE U**

DATE 15 FEB 2005



STYLE 2:

NO POLARITY

STYLE 1: PIN 1. CATHODE (POLARITY BAND)

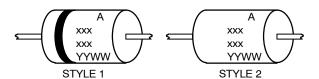
2. ANODE

- NOTES:
 1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI
- Y14.5M, 1982.
 2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.

- CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.
 ALL RULES AND NOTES ASSOCIATED WITH
 JEDEC DO-41 OUTLINE SHALL APPLY
 POLARITY DENOTED BY CATHODE BAND.
 LEAD DIAMETER NOT CONTROLLED WITHIN F
 DIMENSION.

ĺ		INCHES		MILLIMETERS	
l	DIM	MIN MAX		MIN	MAX
[Α	0.161	0.205	4.10	5.20
I	В	0.079	0.106	2.00	2.70
I	D	0.028	0.034	0.71	0.86
I	F	F 0			1.27
I	K 1.000			25.40	

GENERIC MARKING DIAGRAM*



XXX = Specific Device Code = Assembly Location Α

YY = Year WW = Work Week

*This information is generic. Please refer to device data sheet for actual part marking. Pb-Free indicator, "G" or microdot " ■", may or may not be present.

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