

GaAlAs-IR-Lumineszenzdioden (880 nm)

GaAlAs Infrared Emitters (880 nm)

SFH 484

SFH 485



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SFH 485

Wesentliche Merkmale

- GaAlAs-LED mit sehr hohem Wirkungsgrad
- Hohe Zuverlässigkeit
- Gute spektrale Anpassung an Si-Fotoempfänger
- Gegurtet lieferbar (im Ammo-Pack)
- Gruppiert lieferbar
- SFH 484: Gehäusegleich mit LD 274
- SFH 485: Gehäusegleich mit SFH 300, SFH 203

Anwendungen

- IR-Fernsteuerung von Fernseh- und Rundfunkgeräten, Videorecordern, Lichtdimmern
- Gerätefernsteuerungen für Gleich- und Wechsellichtbetrieb
- Rauchmelder (UL-Freigabe)
- Sensorik
- Diskrete Lichtschranken

Features

- Very highly efficient GaAlAs-LED
- High reliability
- Spectral match with silicon photodetectors
- Available on tape and reel (in Ammopack)
- Available in bins
- SFH 484: Same package as LD 274
- SFH 485: Same package as SFH 300, SFH 203

Applications

- IR remote control of hi-fi and TV-sets, video tape recorders, dimmers
- Remote control for steady and varying intensity
- Smoke detectors (UL-approval)
- Sensor technology
- Discrete interrupters

Typ Type	Bestellnummer Ordering Code	Gehäuse Package
SFH 484	Q62703-Q1092	5-mm-LED-Gehäuse ($T\ 1\ \frac{3}{4}$), klares violettes Epoxy-Gießharz, Anschlüsse im 2.54-mm-Raster ($\frac{1}{10}$ "), Anodenkennzeichnung: kürzerer Anschluß
SFH 484-2	Q62703-Q1756	5 mm LED package ($T\ 1\ \frac{3}{4}$), violet-colored epoxy resin, solder tabs lead spacing 2.54 mm ($\frac{1}{10}$ "), anode marking: short lead
SFH 485	Q62703-Q1093	
SFH 485-2	Q62703-Q1547	

Grenzwerte ($T_A = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$)**Maximum Ratings**

Bezeichnung Parameter	Symbol Symbol	Wert Value	Einheit Unit
Betriebs- und Lagertemperatur Operating and storage temperature range	$T_{op}; T_{stg}$	- 40 ... + 100	$^\circ\text{C}$
Sperrspannung Reverse voltage	V_R	5	V
Durchlaßstrom Forward current	I_F	100	mA
Stoßstrom, $t_p = 10 \mu\text{s}$, $D = 0$ Surge current	I_{FSM}	2.5	A
Verlustleistung Power dissipation	P_{tot}	200	mW
Wärmewiderstand, freie Beinchenlänge max. 10 mm Thermal resistance, lead length between package bottom and PC-board max. 10 mm	R_{thJA}	375	K/W

Kennwerte ($T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$)

Characteristics

Bezeichnung Parameter	Symbol Symbol	Wert Value	Einheit Unit
Wellenlänge der Strahlung Wavelength at peak emission $I_F = 100 \text{ mA}$	λ_{peak}	880	nm
Spektrale Bandbreite bei 50% von I_{rel} Spectral bandwidth at 50% of I_{rel} $I_F = 100 \text{ mA}$	$\Delta\lambda$	80	nm
Abstrahlwinkel Half angle SFH 484 SFH 485	φ φ	± 8 ± 20	Grad deg.
Aktive Chipfläche Active chip area	A	0.09	mm^2
Abmessungen der aktiven Chipfläche Dimension of the active chip area	$L \times B$ $L \times W$	0.3 × 0.3	mm
Abstand Chipoberfläche bis Linsenscheitel Distance chip front to lens top SFH 484 SFH 485	H H	5.1 ... 5.7 4.2 ... 4.8	mm mm
Schaltzeiten, I_e von 10% auf 90% und von 90% auf 10%, bei $I_F = 100 \text{ mA}$, $R_L = 50 \Omega$ Switching times, I_e from 10% to 90% and from 90% to 10%, $I_F = 100 \text{ mA}$, $R_L = 50 \Omega$	t_r, t_f	0.6/0.5	μs
Kapazität Capacitance $V_R = 0 \text{ V}, f = 1 \text{ MHz}$	C_o	15	pF
Durchlaßspannung Forward voltage $I_F = 100 \text{ mA}, t_p = 20 \text{ ms}$ $I_F = 1 \text{ A}, t_p = 100 \mu\text{s}$	V_F V_F	1.50 (≤ 1.8) 3.00 (≤ 3.8)	V V
Sperrstrom, Reverse current $V_R = 5 \text{ V}$	I_R	0.01 (≤ 1)	μA
Gesamtstrahlungsfluß, Total radiant flux $I_F = 100 \text{ mA}, t_p = 20 \text{ ms}$	Φ_e	25	mW

Kennwerte ($T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$)

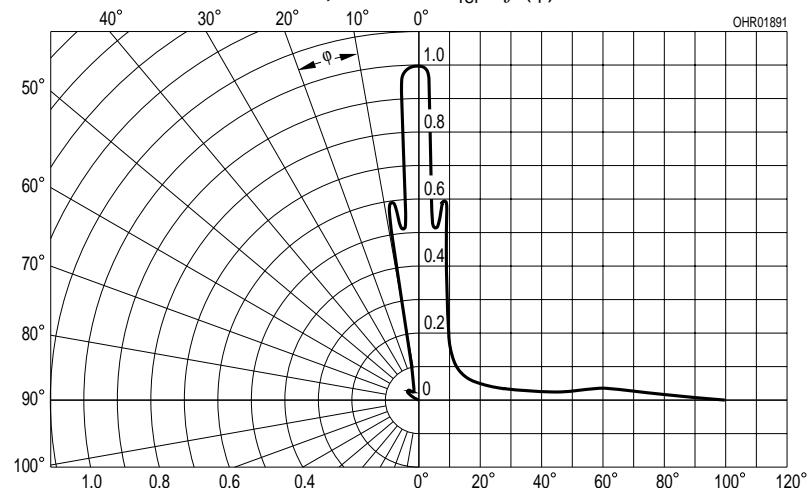
Characteristics (cont'd)

Bezeichnung Parameter	Symbol Symbol	Wert Value	Einheit Unit
Temperaturkoeffizient von I_e bzw. Φ_e , $I_F = 100 \text{ mA}$ Temperature coefficient of I_e or Φ_e , $I_F = 100 \text{ mA}$	TC_I	- 0.5	%/K
Temperaturkoeffizient von V_F , $I_F = 100 \text{ mA}$ Temperature coefficient of V_F , $I_F = 100 \text{ mA}$	TC_V	- 2	mV/K
Temperaturkoeffizient von λ , $I_F = 100 \text{ mA}$ Temperature coefficient of λ , $I_F = 100 \text{ mA}$	TC_λ	0.25	nm/K

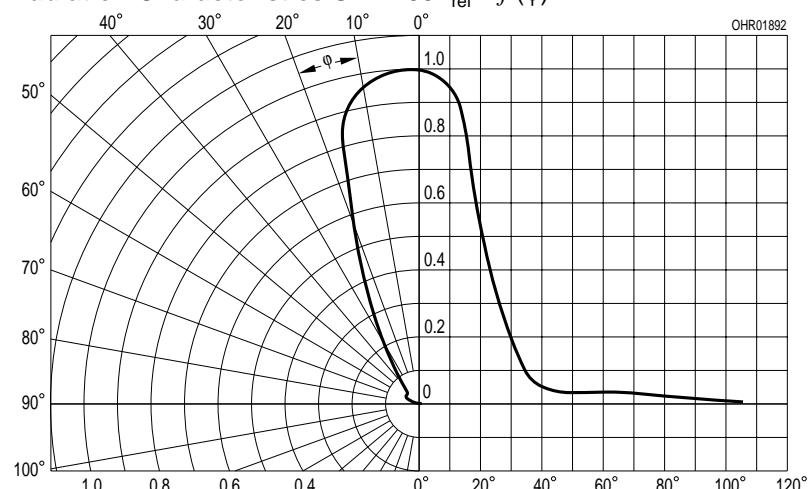
Gruppierung der Strahlstärke I_e in Achsrichtunggemessen bei einem Raumwinkel $\Omega = 0.001 \text{ sr}$ bei SFH 484 bzw. $\Omega = 0.01 \text{ sr}$ bei SFH 485**Grouping of Radiant Intensity I_e in Axial Direction**at a solid angle of $\Omega = 0.001 \text{ sr}$ at SFH 484 or $\Omega = 0.01 \text{ sr}$ at SFH 485

Bezeichnung Parameter	Symbol	Wert Value					Einheit Unit
		SFH 484	SFH 484-1	SFH 484-2	SFH 485	SFH 485-2	
Strahlstärke Radiant intensity $I_F = 100 \text{ mA}, t_p = 20 \text{ ms}$	$I_{e \min}$ $I_{e \max}$	50 -	50 100	80 -	25 160	25 100	mW/sr mW/sr
Strahlstärke Radiant intensity $I_F = 1 \text{ A}, t_p = 100 \mu\text{s}$	$I_{e \text{ typ.}}$	800	700	900	300	340	mW/sr

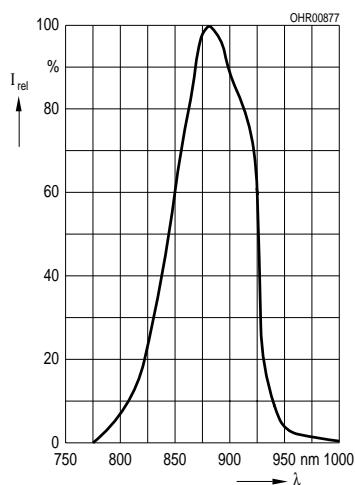
Radiation Characteristics, SFH 484 $I_{\text{rel}} = f(\phi)$



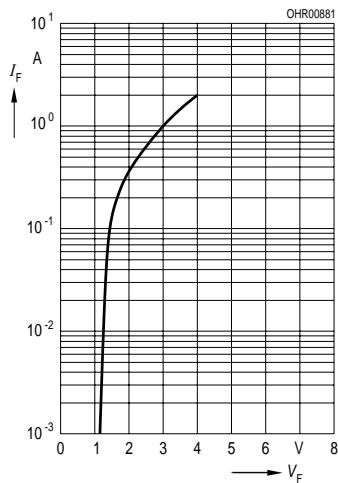
Radiation Characteristics SFH 485 $I_{\text{rel}} = f(\phi)$



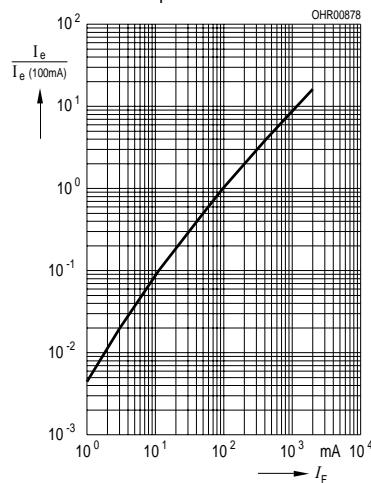
Relative Spectral Emission
 $I_{\text{rel}} = f(\lambda)$



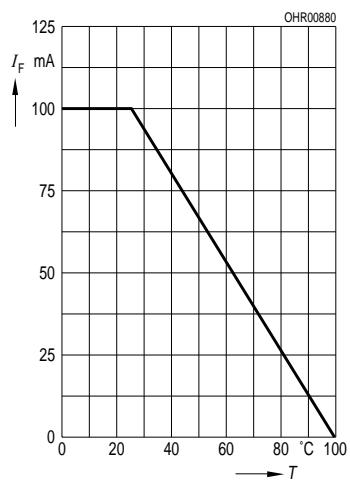
Forward Current
 $I_F = f(V_F)$, single pulse, $t_p = 20 \mu\text{s}$



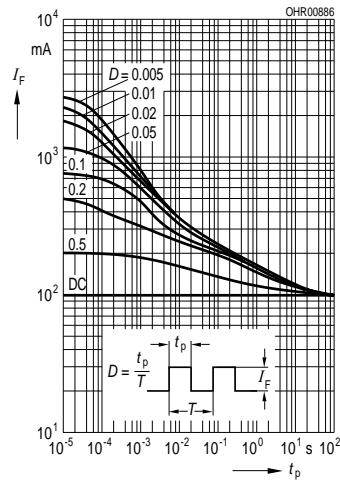
Radiant Intensity $\frac{I_e}{I_e \text{ 100 mA}} = f(I_F)$
Single pulse, $t_p = 20 \mu\text{s}$



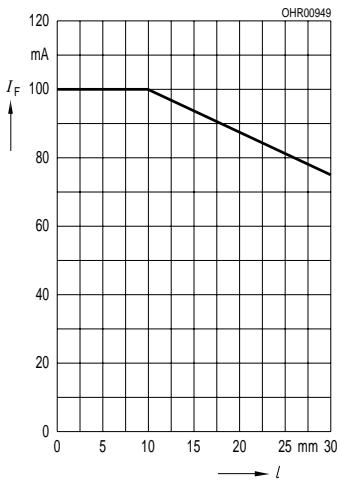
Max. Permissible Forward Current
 $I_F = f(T_A)$



Permissible Pulse Handling Capability $I_F = f(\tau)$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, duty cycle $D = \text{parameter}$

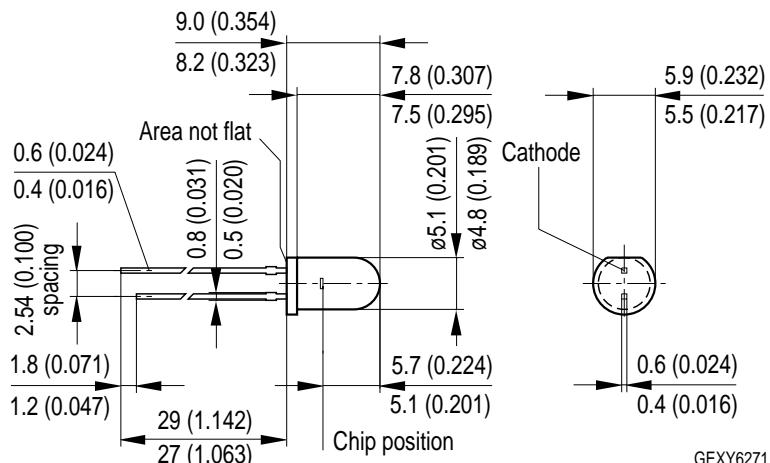


Forward Current vs. Lead Length between the Package Bottom and the PC-Board $I_F = f(l)$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

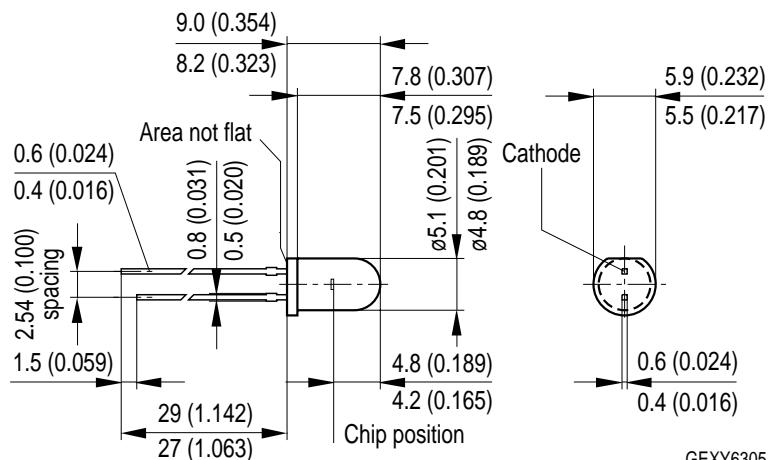


**Maßzeichnung
Package Outlines**

SFH 484



SFH 485



Maße werden wie folgt angegeben: mm (inch) / Dimensions are specified as follows: mm (inch).

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Terms of delivery and rights to change design reserved. Due to technical requirements components may contain dangerous substances. For information on the types in question please contact our Sales Organization.

Packing

Please use the recycling operators known to you. We can also help you – get in touch with your nearest sales office. By agreement we will take packing material back, if it is sorted. You must bear the costs of transport. For packing material that is returned to us unsorted or which we are not obliged to accept, we shall have to invoice you for any costs incurred.

Components used in life-support devices or systems must be expressly authorized for such purpose! Critical components¹ may only be used in life-support devices or systems² with the express written approval of OSRAM OS.

¹ A critical component is a component used in a life-support device or system whose failure can reasonably be expected to cause the failure of that life-support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness of that device or system.

² Life support devices or systems are intended (a) to be implanted in the human body, or (b) to support and/or maintain and sustain human life. If they fail, it is reasonable to assume that the health of the user may be endangered.