ETR33003-008c

### 85mΩ High Function Power Switch

### ■GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The XC8107 series is a P-channel MOSFET power switch IC with a low ON resistance. A current limit, reverse current prevention (prevents reverse current from  $V_{OUT}$  to  $V_{IN}$ ), soft start, thermal shutdown, and an under voltage lockout (UVLO) are incorporated as protective functions. A flag function monitors the power switch status.

The flag output has N-channel open drain configuration, and it outputs Low level signal when over-current or overheating is detected, or when the reverse current prevention is operated. The voltage level which is fed to CE pin determines the status of XC8107. The logic level of CE pin is selectable between either one of active high or active low.

APPLICATIONS Set Top Boxes Digital TVs PCs	■ FEATURES Input Voltage Maximum Output Current ON Resistance	: 2.5V ~ 5.5V : 2A : 85mΩ@V <sub>IN</sub> =5.0V (TYP.) *USP-6C 100mΩ@V <sub>IN</sub> =5.0V (TYP.)*SOT-25 (XC8107A,B) 95mΩ@V <sub>IN</sub> =5.0V (TYP.) *SOT-25 (XC8107X,Y)
USB Ports/USB Hubs	Supply Current	: 40 µA@ VIN=5.0V
DHDMI	Stand-by Current	: 0.1 µA (MAX.)
	Flag Delay Time	: 7.5ms (TYP.) * At over-current detection : 4ms (TYP.) * At reverse voltage detection
	Protection Circuit	: Reverse Current Prevention Thermal Shutdown Under Voltage Lockout(UVLO) Soft-start
	Functions	: Flag Output CE Pin Input Logic Selectable
	Current Limit Response Time	: 2 µs(TYP.) *Reference value
	Operating Ambient Temperature	: -40°C ∼ 105°C
	Packages	: USP-6C SOT-25 (Au wire or Cu wire)
	Environmentally Friendly	: EU RoHS Compliant, Pb Free

■ TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT

### ■ TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS



#### XC8107xCxxxR



## BLOCK DIAGRAM



 $^{\ast}$  Diodes inside the circuit are an ESD protection diode and a parasitic diode.

### ■ PRODUCT CLASSIFICATION

#### Ordering Information

XC8107123456-7

DESIGNATOR	ITEM	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
(1)		А	
U	CE Logic	В	Refer to Selection Guide
2		С	Relef to Selection Guide
2	Protection Circuits Type	D	
		05	0.5A
	Maximum Output Current	10	1.0A
34		15	1.5A
		20	2.0A
<u>(5)6–7</u> (*1)	Packages	ER-G	USP-6C (3,000pcs/Reel)

 $\ensuremath{^{(\mbox{``1})}}$  The "-G" suffix denotes Halogen and Antimony free as well as being fully EU RoHS compliant.

#### XC8107123456-7

DESIGNATOR	ITEM	SYM	BOL	DESCRIPTION
DESIGNATOR		Au wire	Cu wire	DESCRIPTION
1	CELogio	А	Х	
U	CE Logic	В	Y	Refer to Selection Guide
2	Drotaction Circuita Tuna	С		
2	Protection Circuits Type	D		
		0	5	0.5A
	Maximum Output	1	0	1.0A
34	Current	1	5	1.5A
		20		2.0A
56-7 (*1)	Packages	MF	R-G	SOT-25 (3,000pcs/Reel)

(\*1) The "-G" suffix denotes Halogen and Antimony free as well as being fully EU RoHS compliant.

#### Selection Guide

FUNCTION		ТҮРЕ				
FUNCTION	AC, XC	AD, XD	BC, YC	BD, YD		
CE LOGIC SELECTABLE	Active	e High	Active	e Low		
SOFT-START	Ye	es	Ye	es		
UVLO	Ye	es	Ye	es		
REVERSE CURRENT PREVENTION	Ye	es	Yes			
THERMAL SHUT DOWN	Ye	es	Yes			
CURRENT LIMIT ADJUSTABLE	Ye	es	Yes			
CURRENT LIMITER / REVERSE CURRENT PREVENTION (Automatic Recovery)	Yes -		IT PREVENTION Yes -		Yes	-
CURRENT LIMITER / REVERSE CURRENT PREVENTION (Latch Protection)	- Yes		- Yes		-	Yes

### ■ PIN CONFIGURATION



\* The dissipation pad for the USP-6C packages should be solder-plated for mounting strength and heat dissipation. Please refer to the reference mount pattern and metal masking. The dissipation pad should be connected to the V<sub>SS</sub> (No. 5) pin.

### ■ PIN ASSIGNMENT

PIN N	IAME	PIN NAME	FUNCTIONS
USP-6C	SOT-25		FUNCTIONS
1	1	Vout	Output
2	-	NC	No connection
3	3	FLG	Fault Report
4	4	CE	ON/OFF Control
5	2	Vss	Ground
6	5	VIN	Power Input

### **FUNCTION**

PIN NAME	TYPE	Signal	STATUS
		Н	Active
	Α, Χ	L	Stand-by
05		OPEN	Undefined State <sup>(*1)</sup>
CE		Н	Stand-by
	В, Ү	L	Active
		OPEN	Undefined State <sup>(*1)</sup>

\* Avoid leaving the CE pin open; set to any fixed voltage.

# ■ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

PARAME	PARAMETER		RATINGS	UNITS	
Input Voltage		VIN	-0.3 ~ 6.0	V	
Output Vo	Itage	Vout	-0.3 ~ 6.0	V	
CE Input V	oltage	V <sub>CE</sub>	-0.3 ~ 6.0	V	
FLG Pin Ve	oltage	V <sub>FLG</sub>	-0.3 ~ 6.0	V	
FLG Pin C	urrent	I <sub>FLG</sub>	15	mA	
			120		
	USP-6C		1000 (40mm x 40mm Standard board) <sup>(*1)</sup>		
Power Dissipation		Dil	- Pd	1250 (JESD51-7 board) <sup>(*1)</sup>	mW
(Ta=25°C)	SOT-25	Fu	250	IIIVV	
			600 (40mm x 40mm Standard board) <sup>(*1)</sup>		
			760 (JESD51-7 board) <sup>(*1)</sup>		
Operating Ambient	Temperature	Topr	-40 ~ 105	°C	
Storage Tem	perature	Tstg	-55 ~ 125	°C	

 $^{\ast}$  All voltages are described based on the V\_{ss.

Please refer to PACKAGING INFORMATION for the mounting condition.

### ■ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Ta=25°C

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDI	TIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	CIRCUIT	
Input Voltage	VIN	-		2.5	-	5.5	V	1	
·			V <sub>IN</sub> =3.3V <sup>(*1)</sup>	-	100	110	mΩ		
		USP-6C	V <sub>IN</sub> =5.0V <sup>(*1)</sup>	-	85	104	mΩ		
On Desistance		SOT-25	V <sub>IN</sub> =3.3V <sup>(*1)</sup>	-	115	135	mΩ		
On Resistance	On Resistance R <sub>ON</sub>	(XC8107A,B)	V <sub>IN</sub> =5.0V <sup>(*1)</sup>	-	100	120	mΩ	1	
		SOT-25	V <sub>IN</sub> =3.3V <sup>(*1)</sup>		110	130	mΩ		
		(XC8107X,Y)	V <sub>IN</sub> =5.0V <sup>(*1)</sup>		95	115	mΩ		
Supply Current	lss	VOUT=OPEN		-	40	75	μA	2	
		VIN=5.5V, VOUT=0	OPEN						
Stand-by Current	ISTBY	V <sub>CE</sub> =V <sub>SS</sub> (XC810	7A,X)	-	0.01	1.0	μA	2	
·		V <sub>CE</sub> =V <sub>IN</sub> (XC810	7B,Y)						
		V <sub>IN</sub> =5.5V, V <sub>OUT</sub> =0							
Switch Leakage Current	ILEAK	V <sub>CE</sub> =V <sub>SS</sub> (XC810	7A,X)	-	0.01	1.0	μA	2	
·		V <sub>CE</sub> =V <sub>IN</sub> (XC810)	7B,Y)						
		V <sub>OUT</sub> =V <sub>IN</sub> -0.3V,		0.04					
		XC8107xx05 ser	ies	0.81	0.90	0.99	A		
		V <sub>OUT</sub> =V <sub>IN</sub> -0.3V,							
• · · · · ·	_	XC8107xx10 ser	ies	1.26	1.40	1.54	A		
Current Limit	Current Limit ILIMT	V <sub>OUT</sub> =V <sub>IN</sub> -0.3V,						1	
		XC8107xx15 ser	ies	1.71	1.90	2.09	A		
		XC8107xx20 series		2.16	2.40	2.64	A		
		Vout=0V,			a /=				
		XC8107xx05 ser	ies	-	0.45	-	A		
		Vout=0V,			0.70				
		XC8107xx10 series		-	0.70	-	A		
Short-Circuit Current	ISHORT	Vout=0V,	V <sub>OUT</sub> =0V,		0.05			1	
		XC8107xx15 series		-	0.95	-	A		
		Vout=0V,			4.00				
		XC8107xx20 ser	ies	-	1.20	-	A		
		VIN=5.0V, VOUT: 0	OPEN→0V						
Current Limit Circuit		Measure from Vo	оuт <b>=0V</b>		2.0				
Response Time (*2)	tclr	to when current falls below		-	2.0	-	μs	1	
		a certain ILIM valu	le						
CE "H" Level Voltage	VCEH	V <sub>IN</sub> =5.5V, XC810	)7A,X series	1.5	-	5.5	v	1	
CE IT Level vollage	VCEH	V <sub>IN</sub> =5.5V, XC810	V <sub>IN</sub> =5.5V, XC8107B,Y series		-	0.8	v	U	
		V <sub>IN</sub> =5.5V, XC8107A,X series		Vss	-	0.8	v	1	
CE "L" Level Voltage	VCEL	V <sub>IN</sub> =5.5V, XC8107B,Y series		1.5	-	5.5	v	U	
CE "H" Level Current	Ісен	V <sub>IN</sub> =5.5V, V <sub>CE</sub> =5.5V		-0.1	-	0.1	μA	1	
CE "L" Level Current	ICEL	V <sub>IN</sub> =5.5V, V <sub>CE</sub> =0V		-0.1	-	0.1	μA	1	
UVLO Detected Voltage	VUVLOD	V <sub>IN</sub> : 2.2V→1.7V		1.8	1.9	2.0	V	1	
UVLO Released Voltage	VUVLOR	V <sub>IN</sub> : 1.7V→2.2V		1.9	2.0	2.1	V	1	
UVLO Hysteresis	VUHYS	-		-	0.1	-	V	1	

NOTE:

Unless otherwise stated, V\_{IN}=5.0V, I\_{OUT}=1mA, V\_{CE}=V\_{IN} (XC8107A, X) or V\_{CE}=V\_{SS} (XC8107B, Y)

 $^{(^{*}1)}I_{OUT}=0.25A (XC8107xx05), I_{OUT}=0.5A (XC8107xx10), I_{OUT}=0.75A (XC8107xx15), I_{OUT}=1.0A (XC8107xx20)$ 

 $\ensuremath{^{(^{\circ}2)}}$  Design reference value. This parameter is provided only for reference.

# ■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

								Ta=25°C
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDIT	IONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	CIRCUIT
turn-on time	t <sub>on</sub>	$R_{LOAD}$ =10 $\Omega$ , $V_{CE}$ =0	$R_{LOAD}$ =10 $\Omega$ , $V_{CE}$ =0 $V$ $\rightarrow$ 2.2 $V$		0.60	1.00	ms	1
turn-off time	t <sub>OFF</sub>	$R_{LOAD}$ =10 $\Omega$ , $V_{CE}$ =2	2.2V→0V	-	0.08	0.13	ms	1
FLG output FET On-resistance	$R_{FLG}$	I <sub>FLG</sub> =10mA, V <sub>OUT</sub> =	5.5V	-	15	20	Ω	3
FLG output FET Leakage Current	I <sub>FOFF</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> =5.5V, V <sub>FLG</sub> =5.5	V, V <sub>OUT</sub> =OPEN	-	0.01	0.1	μA	3
	t <sub>FD1</sub>	over-current condi	tion	6.5	7.5	8.5	ms	1
FLG delay time	t <sub>FD2</sub>	reverse-voltage condition		2.7	4.0	4.7	ms	1
Reverse Current	I <sub>REV</sub>	N=0V, V <sub>OUT</sub> =5.5V V <sub>CE</sub> =5.0V (XC8107A,X) V <sub>CE</sub> =V <sub>SS</sub> (XC8107B,Y)		-	0.1	1.0	μA	1
			USP-6C	-	140	-		
Reverse Current Prevention	V <sub>REV_D</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> : 5.0V→4.7V V <sub>OUT</sub> =5.0V	SOT-25 (XC8107A,B)	-	170	-	mV	1
Detect Voltage			SOT-25 (XC8107X,Y)	-	160	-		
Thermal Shutdown Detect Temperature	T <sub>TSD</sub>	Junction Temperature		-	150	-	°C	1
Thermal Shutdown Release Temperature	T <sub>TSR</sub>	Junction Temperature		-	130	-	°C	1
Thermal Shutdown Hysteresis Width	T <sub>HYS</sub>	Junction Tempera	ture	-	20	-	°C	1

#### NOTE:

Unless otherwise stated, V\_{IN}=5.0V, I\_{OUT}=1mA, V\_{CE}=V\_{IN} (XC8107A, X) or V\_{CE}=V\_{SS} (XC8107B, Y)

## TIMING CHART

#### •turn-on time, turn-off time



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## ■TEST CIRCUITS

#### C<sub>IN</sub>=1.0 µF, C<sub>L</sub>=1.0 µF

1) CIRCUIT



#### 2) CIRCUIT2



#### 3) CIRCUIT(3)



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### ■ OPERATIONAL EXPLANATION

The XC8107 series is a P-channel MOSFET power switch IC.

The XC8107 series consists of a CE circuit, UVLO circuit, thermal shutdown circuit, current limiter circuit, reverse current prevention circuit, control block and others. The gate voltage of the power switch transistor is controlled with control block. The current limiter circuit and reverse current prevention circuit will operate based on the output voltage and output current.



#### <CE Pin>

The voltage level which is fed to CE pin controls the status of this IC. If either "H" level or "L" level which is defined as the electrical specification is fed to CE pin, then XC8107 can operate in standard manner. However, if the middle voltage which is neither "H" level nor "L" level is fed to CE pin, the consumption current will increase due to the shoot-through current at internal circuits. Also if CE pin is open, the status of XC8107 cannot be fixed and the behavior will be unstable.

#### <Thermal Shutdown>

For protection against heat damage of the ICs, thermal shutdown function is built in. When the internal junction temperature reaches the temperature limit, the thermal shutdown circuit operates and the power switch transistor will turn OFF. The IC resumes its operation when the thermal shutdown function is released and the IC's operation is automatically restored because the junction temperature drops to the level of the thermal shutdown release temperature. When the thermal shutdown circuit detects higher junction temperature than the detect temperature, the voltage level of FLG pin is low level. When the thermal shutdown circuit detects lower junction temperature than the release temperature, the thermal shutdown function is released and the voltage level of FLG pin is high level.

#### <Under Voltage Lockout (UVLO) >

When the  $V_{IN}$  pin voltage goes down to lower voltage than UVLO detected voltage, the power switch transistor turns OFF by UVLO function in order to prevent false output caused by unstable operation of the internal circuitry. When the  $V_{IN}$  pin voltage goes up to higher voltage than UVLO released voltage, the UVLO function is released and the power switch transistor can turn ON.

#### <Soft-start Function>

The soft-start circuit can reduce the in-rush current charged on the output capacitor when IC starts up. Additionally, due to the reduction of the in-rush current, the circuit can reduce the fluctuation of the input voltage as well. The soft-start time is optimized internally and defined as turn-on time. (TYP: 0.6ms)

## ■ OPERATIONAL EXPLANATION (Continued)

#### <Current limiter, short-circuit protection>

When the output current reaches the current limit value, the current limit function is activated.

When the current limiting function operates, the constant current limiting circuit operates to reduce the output voltage while maintaining the output current.

The short-circuit protection function operates when the output voltage drops below 0.7V (TYP.).

The behavior after the current limit or short circuit protection function is activated differs depending on the product type. The operation of each type is as follows.

#### Automatic Recovery type: C type

After 7.5ms (TYP.) has passed since the current limiting function was activated, the FLG pin changes to Low level output. After the short-circuit protection function operates, the output current is reduced to the short-circuit current.

If the overcurrent state continues, this state is maintained.

When the overcurrent state is resolved and the state below the maximum output current continues for 7.5ms (TYP.), the FLG pin returns to High level output.

#### Latch off type: D type

After 7.5ms (TYP.) elapses when the current limiting function is activated, the FLG pin changes to Low level output and the switch transistor turns off. The off state is maintained regardless of whether the overcurrent state is resolved.

Latch operation is released by turning off the IC with the CE pin signal and then restarting, or by lowering the input voltage below the UVLO detected voltage once and after that raising it higher than UVLO released voltage.

#### <Reverse current prevention>

An internal circuit is built in that prevents reverse current from the  $V_{OUT}$  pin to the  $V_{IN}$  pin.

When the difference between input voltage and  $V_{OUT}$  pin voltage is higher than the detect voltage set internally, the reverse current prevention circuit activates, and the power switch transistor turns off, then the reverse current from the  $V_{OUT}$  pin to the  $V_{IN}$  pin is reduced to 0.1  $\mu$ A (TYP.).

If the reverse-voltage state lasts for 4ms (TYP.), the FLG pin changes to Low level output.

The behavior after the reverse current prevention function is activated differs depending on the product type. The operation of each type is as follows.

#### Automatic Recovery type: C type

On the auto recovery type, when the output voltage drops below the input voltage, the reverse current prevention circuit stops immediately, and the power switch transistor turns on again. If the output voltage remains lower than the input voltage for 4ms (TYP.), the FLG pin returns to High level output.

#### Latch off type: D type

On the latch off type, the power switch transistor remains in the off state even if the reverse voltage state is released. Latch operation is released by turning off the IC with the CE pin signal and then restarting, or by lowering the input voltage below the UVLO detected voltage once and after that raising it higher than UVLO released voltage.

# OPERATIONAL EXPLANATION (Continued)

<Flag function>

The flag circuit is built in which monitors the state of the power switch.

The FLG pin outputs Low level when the reverse current prevention function is operating. A resistance of  $10k\Omega$  to  $100k\Omega$  is recommended for the FLG pin pull-up resistance.

The pull-up voltage should be 5.5V or less.

#### Automatic Recovery type: C type

CONDITION	FLG pin Low level output Condition	FLG pin High level output Condition		
Current limiter	7.5ms(TYP.) after maintaining over-current	7.5ms(TYP.) after over-current release		
Short Protection	detection state	7.5ms(TTF.) alter over-current release		
Reverse current prevention	4.0ms(TYP.) after maintaining reverse voltage detection state	4.0ms(TYP.) after reverse voltage release		
Thermal shutdown	Same time as overheat state is detected	Same time as overheat state is released		
UVLO	- Always High level output			
Stand-by				

#### Latch off type: D type

CONDITION	FLG pin Low level output Condition	FLG pin High level output Condition			
Current limiter	7.5ms(TYP.) after maintaining over-current	When latch operation is released			
Short Protection	release state	When laten operation is released			
Reverse current prevention	4.0ms(TYP.) after maintaining reverse voltage release state	When latch operation is released			
Thermal shutdown	Same time as overheat state is detected	Same time as overheat state is released			
UVLO	Alwaya High layal autaut				
Stand-by	Always High level output				

### ■NOTES ON USE

- 1. For the phenomenon of temporal and transitional voltage decrease or voltage increase, the IC may be damaged or deteriorated if IC is used beyond the absolute MAX. specifications.
- 2. Where wiring impedance is high, operations may become unstable due to noise depending on output current. Please keep the resistance low between  $V_{IN}$  and  $V_{SS}$  wiring in particular.
- 3. Please place the input capacitor (C<sub>IN</sub>) and the output capacitor (C<sub>L</sub>) as close to the IC as possible. For the input or output capacitor, a capacitance of  $1.0 \,\mu$ F or higher is recommended.

4. The IC can be broken if the  $V_{OUT}$  pin voltage suddenly undershoots to a negative voltage due to an output short circuit between the  $V_{OUT}$  pin and GND, or if the VIN pin voltage overshoots after the current limiting operation and exceeds the rated voltage.

We recommend the following counter measures so that the rated voltage is not exceeded.

- (a) To suppress the amount of the undershoot by increasing the output capacitance and slowing down the rate of decreasing V<sub>OUT</sub> at the time of short circuit.
- (b) To add a SBD between VOUT pin and GND to suppress the undershoot of VOUT pin voltage.
- (c) To increase the input capacitor to suppress the overshoot of the VIN pin voltage after the current limiter is activated.



Recommended countermeasure circuit diagram

- 5. It is recommended to use the output current at 80% or less of the current limit set value (ILIMIT).
- 6. Torex places an importance on improving our products and its reliability. However, by any possibility, we would request user fail-safe design and post-aging treatment on system or equipment.

### ■TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

(1) UVLO threshold Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature



#### (2) Stand-by Current vs. Input Voltage



(3) Stand-by Current vs. Ambient Temperature



### ■TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

(4) Supply Current vs. Input Voltage(sweep up)

(5) Supply Current vs. Ambient Temperature





(6) CE threshold Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature



## ■TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

(7) On Resistance vs. Input Voltage (USP-6C)



#### (8) On Resistance

vs. Ambient Temperature (USP-6C)

#### XC8107xxxxER



(9) On Resistance vs. Input Voltage (SOT-25:XC8107A,B)

#### (10) On Resistance

vs. Ambient Temperature (SOT-25:XC8107A,B)



XC8107xxxxMR



(11) On Resistance vs. Input Voltage (SOT-25:XC8107X,Y)



XC8107xxxxMR

(12) On Resistance

vs. Ambient Temperature (SOT-25:XC8107X,Y)

#### XC8107xxxxMR



### TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

(13) turn-on time vs. Input Voltage

(14) turn-on time vs. Ambient Temperature





#### (15) turn-off time vs. Input Voltage

(16) turn-off time vs. Ambient Temperature





#### (17) FLG delay time over-current

vs. Ambient Temperature



# (18) FLG delay time reverse-voltage vs. Ambient Temperature



# ■TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

(19) Output Voltage vs. Output Current





(20) turn-on Delay vs. Rise Time (CL=1.0µF)



(21) turn-off Delay vs. Fall Time (CL=1.0µF)



(22) turn-on Delay vs. Rise Time (CL=120µF)



(23) turn-off Delay vs. Fall Time (CL=120µF)



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# ■TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

(24) Short Circuit Current, Device Enabled Into Short



(25) UVLO Transient Response (CL=1.0µF)



(26) UVLO Transient Response (CL=120µF)



3.5

3.0

2.5

2.0

1.5

1.0

0.5

0.0

-0.5



Input Voltage

Supply Current

Time [500µs/div]

8.0

6.0

4.0

2.0

0.0

Voltage : [V]

V<sub>№</sub>=5.0V→0V. tf=3ms. Ta=25°C

 $R_L=5\Omega$ ,  $C_{IN}=C_L=1.0\mu F(ceramic)$ 

Output Voltage

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### ■TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

(27) Reverse Voltage Detected Voltage (CL=1.0 $\mu$ F)

(28) Reverse Voltage Released Voltage (CL=1.0µF)



(29) Reverse Voltage Detected Voltage (CL=120µF)



Time [500µs/div]

(30) Reverse Voltage Released Voltage (CL=120µF)



# ■TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

(31) CE Transient Response



(32) Current Limit adapted time



## ■ PACKAGING INFORMATION

For the latest package information go to, www.torexsemi.com/technical-support/packages

PACKAGE	OUTLINE / LAND PATTERN	THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS
SOT-25	SOT-25 PKG	SOT-25 Power Dissipation
USP-6C	USP-6C PKG	USP-6C Power Dissipation

### ■MARKING RULE

# •SOT-25(Au Wire) / USP-6C(Au Wire) / SOT-25(Cu Wire)

SOT-25



USP-6C

1 <b>\</b>	<b></b>		 6 5
3'	0	Θ	 4

	selles
MARK	PRODUCT SERIES
Z	XC8107*****-G

2 represents product type

MARK	Wire Type	CE LOGIC	Protection Circuits	PRODUCT SERIES		
1	- Au	Active High	Auto-recovery	XC8107AC****-G		
2			Latch-off	XC8107AD****-G		
3		Active Low	Auto-recovery	XC8107BC****-G		
4			Latch-off	XC8107BD****-G		
R	Cu	Active High	Auto-recovery	XC8107XC****-G		
Т			Latch-off	XC8107XD****-G		
S		Active Low	Auto-recovery	XC8107YC****-G		
U			Latch-off	XC8107YD****G		

③ represents maximum output current

MARK	CURRENT	PRODUCT SERIES
1	0.5	XC8107**05**-G
2	1.0	XC8107**10**-G
3	1.5	XC8107**15**-G
4	2.0	XC8107**20**-G

(4)(5) represents production lot number

01~09, 0A~0Z, 11~9Z, A1~A9, AA~AZ, B1~ZZ in order.

(G, I, J, O, Q, W excluded)

\* No character inversion used.

- 1. The product and product specifications contained herein are subject to change without notice to improve performance characteristics. Consult us, or our representatives before use, to confirm that the information in this datasheet is up to date.
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- 4. The product is neither intended nor warranted for use in equipment of systems which require extremely high levels of quality and/or reliability and/or a malfunction or failure which may cause loss of human life, bodily injury, serious property damage including but not limited to devices or equipment used in 1) nuclear facilities, 2) aerospace industry, 3) medical facilities, 4) automobile industry and other transportation industry and 5) safety devices and safety equipment to control combustions and explosions. Do not use the product for the above use unless agreed by us in writing in advance.
- 5. Although we make continuous efforts to improve the quality and reliability of our products; nevertheless Semiconductors are likely to fail with a certain probability. So in order to prevent personal injury and/or property damage resulting from such failure, customers are required to incorporate adequate safety measures in their designs, such as system fail safes, redundancy and fire prevention features.
- 6. Our products are not designed to be Radiation-resistant.
- 7. Please use the product listed in this datasheet within the specified ranges.
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