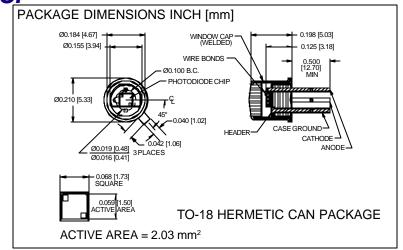
PHOTONIC Silicon Photodiode, Blue Enhanced Photoconductive Isolated Type PDB-C103-I DETECTORS INC.





FEATURES

- High speed
- Low capacitance
- Blue enhanced
- Low dark current

DESCRIPTION

The PDB-C103-I is a silicon, PIN planar diffused, blue enhanced photodiode. Ideal for high speed photoconductive applications. Packaged in a hermetic TO-18 metal can with a flat window and isolated ground lead.

APPLICATIONS

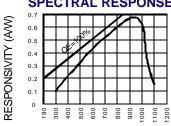
- Instrumentation
- Character recognition
- Laser detection
- Fiber optic

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATING (TA=25°C unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	MIN	MAX	UNITS	
Reverse Voltage		100	V	
T _{STG} Storage Temperature		+150	°C	
Operating Temperature Range	-40	+125	°C	
Soldering Temperature*		+240	°C	
Light Current		0.5	mA	
	Reverse Voltage Storage Temperature Operating Temperature Range Soldering Temperature*	Reverse Voltage Storage Temperature -55 Operating Temperature Range -40 Soldering Temperature*	Reverse Voltage 100 Storage Temperature -55 +150 Operating Temperature Range -40 +125 Soldering Temperature* +240	

^{*1/16} inch from case for 3 secs max

SPECTRAL RESPONSE



WAVELENGTH (nm)

ELECTRO-OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS (TA=25°C unless otherwise noted)

				,		
SYMBOL	CHARACTERISTIC	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
I _{sc}	Short Circuit Current	H = 100 fc, 2850 K	20	25		mΑ
I _D	Dark Current	$H = 0, V_R = 10 V$		65	250	pА
R _{SH}	Shunt Resistance	$H = 0, V_{R} = 10 \text{ mV}$.50	2		GΩ
TC R _{SH}	RSH Temp. Coefficient	$H = 0, V_R = 10 \text{ mV}$		-8		%/°C
C	Junction Capacitance	$H = 0, V_R = 10 V^{**}$		7		pF
λrange	Spectral Application Range	Spot Scan	350		1100	nm
λр	Spectral Response - Peak	Spot Scan		950		nm
V _{BR}	Breakdown Voltage	I = 10 m A	100	125		V
N EP	Noise Equivalent Power	V _R = 10 V @ Peak		1.0x10 ⁻¹⁴		W/ √ Hz
tr	Response Time	RL = 1 KΩ V _p = 50 V		5		nS

Information in this technical data sheet is believed to be correct and reliable. However, no responsibility is assumed for possible inaccuracies or omission. Specifications are subject to change without notice. ** f = 1 MHz