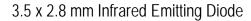


AA3528F3S





DESCRIPTION

• F3 Made with Gallium Arsenide Infrared Emitting diodes

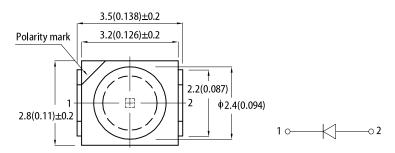
FEATURES

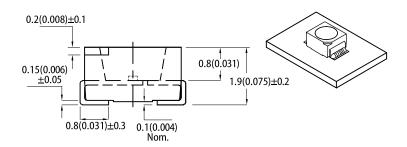
- · Mechanically and spectrally matched to the phototransistor
- Package: 2000 pcs / reel
- Moisture sensitivity level: 3
- RoHS compliant

APPLICATIONS

- Infrared Illumination for cameras
- · Machine vision systems
- Surveillance systems
- · Industrial electronics
- · IR data transmission
- · Remote control

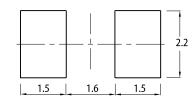
PACKAGE DIMENSIONS





RECOMMENDED SOLDERING PATTERN

(units: mm; tolerance: \pm 0.1)



- 1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
- 2. Tolerance is ±0.25(0.01") unless otherwise noted.

 3. The specifications, characteristics and technical data described in the datasheet are subject to
- change without prior notice.

 4. The device has a single mounting surface. The device must be mounted according to the specifications.

SELECTION GUIDE

Part Number	Emitting Color (Material)	Lens Type	Po (mW/sr) @ 20mA [2]		Viewing Angle [1]
r art Number			Min.	Тур.	201/2
AA3528F3S	Infrared (GaAs)	Water Clear	1.6	4	120°
			*1.2	*2.5	

Notes.

1. 61/2 is the angle from optical centerline where the luminous intensity is 1/2 of the optical peak value.

2. Radiant Intensity / luminous flux: +/-15%.

* Radiant intensity value is traceable to CIE127-2007 standards.





ELECTRICAL / OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS at T_A=25°C

Parameter	Symbol	Emitting Color	Value		Unit
Faranteter			Тур.	Max.	Unit
Wavelength at Peak Emission I _F = 20mA	λ_{peak}	Infrared	940	-	nm
Spectral Bandwidth at 50% Φ REL MAX I _F = 20mA	Δλ	Infrared	50	-	nm
Capacitance	С	Infrared	90	-	pF
Forward Voltage I _F = 20mA	V _F ^[1]	Infrared	1.2	1.6	V
Reverse Current (V _R = 5V)	I _R	Infrared	-	10	uA
Temperature Coefficient of Wavelength I_F = 20mA, -10 $^{\circ}$ C \leq T \leq 85 $^{\circ}$ C	TCA	Infrared	0.3	-	nm/°C
Temperature Coefficient of V_F I_F = 20mA, -10°C \leq T \leq 85°C	TC _V	Infrared	-1.2	-	mV/°C

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS at T_A=25°C

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Power Dissipation	P _D	90	mW
Reverse Voltage	V _R	5	V
Junction Temperature	T _j	115	°C
Operating Temperature	T _{op}	-40 to +85	°C
Storage Temperature	T _{stg}	-40 to +85	°C
DC Forward Current	I _F	50	mA
Peak Forward Current	I _{FM} ^[1]	1200	mA
Electrostatic Discharge Threshold (HBM)	-	8000	V
Thermal Resistance (Junction / Ambient)	R _{th JA} [2]	210	°C/W
Thermal Resistance (Junction / Solder point)	R _{th JS} ^[2]	90	°C/W

Notes:
1. 1/100 Duty Cycle, 10 μ s Pulse Width.
2. $R_{ih, M}$, R_{i

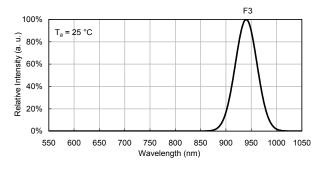


^{1.} Forward voltage: ±0.1V.
2. Wavelength value is traceable to CIE127-2007 standards.
3. Excess driving current and / or operating temperature higher than recommended conditions may result in severe light degradation or premature failure.

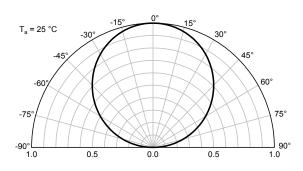


TECHNICAL DATA

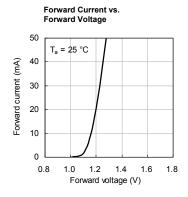
RELATIVE INTENSITY vs. WAVELENGTH

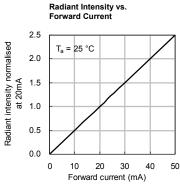


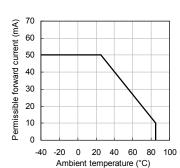
SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION



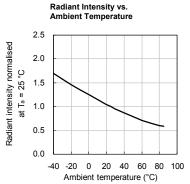
INFRARED



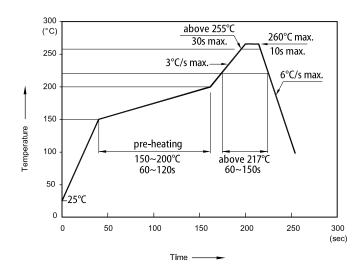




Forward Current Derating Curve



REFLOW SOLDERING PROFILE for LEAD-FREE SMD PROCESS



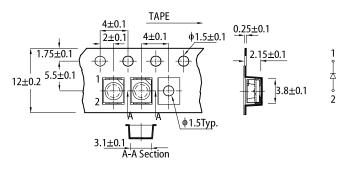
Notes.

- 1. Don't cause stress to the LEDs while it is exposed to high temperature.

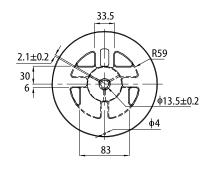
 2. The maximum number of reflow soldering passes is 2 times.

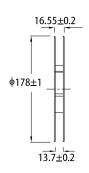
 3. Reflow soldering is recommended. Other soldering methods are not recommended as they might cause damage to the product.

TAPE SPECIFICATIONS (units: mm)



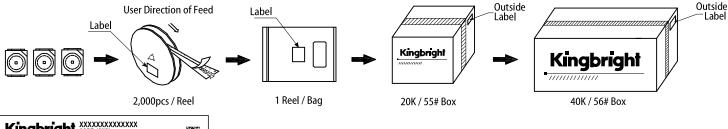
REEL DIMENSION (units: mm)







PACKING & LABEL SPECIFICATIONS





HANDLING PRECAUTIONS

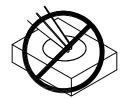
Compare to epoxy encapsulant that is hard and brittle, silicone is softer and flexible. Although its characteristic significantly reduces thermal stress, it is more susceptible to damage by external mechanical force. As a result, special handling precautions need to be observed during assembly using silicone encapsulated LED products. Failure to comply might lead to damage and premature failure of the LED.

2. Do not directly touch or handle the silicone lens

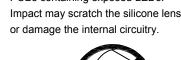
surface. It may damage the internal circuitry.

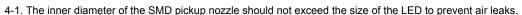
1. Handle the component along the side surfaces by using forceps or appropriate tools.

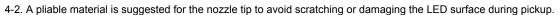




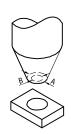
3. Do not stack together assembled PCBs containing exposed LEDs. Impact may scratch the silicone lens or damage the internal circuitry.







- 4-3. The dimensions of the component must be accurately programmed in the pick-and-place machine to insure precise pickup and avoid damage during production.
- 5. As silicone encapsulation is permeable to gases, some corrosive substances such as H₂S might corrode silver plating of lead frame. Special care should be taken if an LED with silicone encapsulation is to be used near such substances.



PRECAUTIONARY NOTES

The information included in this document reflects representative usage scenarios and is intended for technical reference only.

- The part number, type, and specifications mentioned in this document are subject to future change and improvement without notice. Before production usage customer should refer to the latest datasheet for the updated specifications.
- When using the products referenced in this document, please make sure the product is being operated within the environmental and electrical limits specified in the datasheet. If customer usage exceeds the specified limits, Kingbright will not be responsible for any subsequent issues.

 The information in this document applies to typical usage in consumer electronics applications. If customer's application has special reliability requirements or have life-threatening
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