



Rev. 1.5.1

### **GENERAL DESCRIPTION**

The XRP6657 is a high efficiency synchronous step down DC to DC converter capable of delivering up to 1.5 Amp of current and optimized for portable battery-operated applications.

Operating over an input voltage range of 2.5V to 5.5V, it provides an adjustable regulated output voltage down to 0.6V. The XRP6657 uses a constant 1.3 MHz frequency pulse width modulation (PWM) scheme allowing for compact external components, low output voltage ripple and fixed frequency noise, while Pulse Skip Mode (PSM) is used to improve light load efficiency. A low dropout mode provides 100% duty cycle operation.

The solution footprint is further reduced by a current mode internal compensation network and built-in synchronous switch removing the need for an external Schottky. Over-current and over-temperature protection insures safe operations under abnormal operating conditions.

The XRP6657 is available in a compact RoHS compliant "green"/halogen free thin 6-pin DFN package.

**TYPICAL APPLICATION DIAGRAM** 

#### APPLICATIONS

- Point of Loads
- Set-Top Boxes
- Portable Media Players
- Hard Disk Drives

#### **FEATURES**

- Guaranteed 1.5A Output Current
  - Fixed 1.3MHz Frequency PWM Operations
  - Up to 95% efficiency
  - Input Voltage: 2.5V to 5.5V
- Adjustable Output Voltage
- Internal Compensation Network
- No Schottky Diode Required
- LDO Operation: 100% Duty Cycle
- 240µA Quiescent Current (no load)
- 1µA Shutdown Current
- Soft Start Function
- Over-current/Over-temperature Protection
- "Green"/Halogen Free DFN-6 Package



Fig. 1: XRP6657 Application Diagram

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#### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these ratings or any other above those indicated in the operation sections of the specifications below is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods of time may affect reliability.

Input Voltage $V_{\rm IN}0.3V$ to $6.0V$
EN, $V_{FB}$ Voltage0.3V to $V_{IN}$
SW Voltage0.3V to (V <sub>IN</sub> +0.3V)
PMOS Switch Source Current (DC)2A
NMOS Switch Sink Current (DC)2A
Peak Switch Sink and Source Current
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec)
Storage Temp. Range $T_{\text{STG}}$ 65°C to 150°C
ESD Rating (HBM - Human Body Model) 2kV
ESD Rating (MM - Machine Model)200V

#### **OPERATING RATINGS**

Input Voltage Range VIN	2.5V to 5.5V
Ambient Temperature Range T <sub>A</sub>	40°C to 85°C
Junction Temperature Range T <sub>1</sub>	40°C to 125°C
Thermal Resistance θ <sub>JC</sub>	10°C/W
Thermal Resistance $\theta_{JA}$	55°C/W

Note 1:  $T_1$  is a function of the ambient temperature  $T_A$  and power dissipation  $P_D$  ( $T_J = T_A + P_D \times 55^{\circ}C/W$ ).

Note 2:XRP6657 has a build-in temperature protection circuitry to avoid damages from overload conditions.

### **ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS**

Specifications are for an Operating Junction Temperature of  $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$  only; limits applying over the full Operating Ambient Temperature range are denoted by a "•". Minimum and Maximum limits are guaranteed through test, design, or statistical correlation. Typical values represent the most likely parametric norm at  $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ , and are provided for reference purposes only. Unless otherwise indicated,  $V_{IN} = 5.0V$ ,  $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ .

Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units		Conditions
Feedback Current I <sub>VFB</sub>			±100	nA		
Regulated Feedback Voltage $V_{FB}$	0.588	0.600	0.612		T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	
Regulated Teedback Voltage VFB	0.585	0.600	0.615	v	•	$-40^{\circ}C \le T_{A} \le 85^{\circ}C$
Reference Voltage Line Regulation $\Delta V_{FB}{}^3$			0.4	%/V	•	V <sub>IN</sub> = 2.5V to 5.5V
Output Voltage Accuracy $\Delta V_{OUT}$ %	-2.5		2.5	%	•	
Output Over-Voltage Lockout $\Delta V_{OVL}$	20	50	80	mV		$\Delta V_{OVL} = V_{OVL} - V_{FB}$
Output Voltage Line Regulation $\Delta V_{\text{OUT}}^4$			0.4	%/V	•	$V_{IN} = 2.5V$ to $5.5V$
Peak Inductor Current $I_{PK}$		2.4		А		$V_{IN}$ =3V, $V_{FB}$ =0.5V or $V_{OUT}$ =90%, duty cycle<35%
Output Voltage Load Regulation VLOADREG		0.2		%/A		I <sub>OUT</sub> =10mA to 1.5A
Quiescent Current I <sub>Q</sub> <sup>2</sup>		240	340	μA		V <sub>FB</sub> =0.5V or V <sub>OUT</sub> =90%
Shutdown Current ISHTDWN		0.1	1	μA		$V_{EN}=0V$ , $V_{IN}=4.2V$
Oscillator Frequency fosc	1.04	1.3	1.56	MHz	٠	V <sub>FB</sub> =0.6V or V <sub>OUT</sub> =100%
Minimum Duty Cycle D <sub>MIN</sub>		20		%		
RDS(ON) of PMOS RPFET		0.18		Ω		Isw=750mA
RDS(ON) of NMOS R <sub>NFET</sub>		0.16		Ω		I <sub>sw</sub> =-750mA
SW Leakage I <sub>LSW</sub>			±1	μA		$V_{EN}$ =0V, $V_{SW}$ =0V or 5V, $V_{IN}$ =5V
Enable Threshold V <sub>EN</sub>			1.2	V	•	
Shutdown Threshold $V_{EN}$	0.4			V	•	
EN Leakage Current $I_{EN}$			±1	μA	•	

Note 1: The Switch Current Limit is related to the Duty Cycle. Please refer to figure 29 for details.

Note 2: Dynamic quiescent current is higher due to the gate charge being delivered at the switching frequency.

Note 3: Reference Voltage Line Regulations is defined as  $\Delta V_{FB} = \frac{v_{FB1}}{v_{IN2} - v_{IN1}} \times 100$ 



Note 4: Output Voltage Line Regulation is defined as  $\Delta V_{OUT} = \frac{\frac{V_{OUT1} - V_{OUT1}}{V_{OUT1}}}{\frac{V_{OUT1}}{V_{IN2} - V_{IN1}}} \times 100$ 

### **BLOCK DIAGRAM**



Fig. 2: XRP6657 Block Diagram

## **PIN ASSIGNMENT**



Fig. 3: XRP6657 Pin Assignment (Top View)



### PIN DESCRIPTION

Name	Pin Number	Description			
VFB	1	Feedback Pin. Receives the feedback voltage from an external resistive divider across the output.			
VSS_PWR	2	Power Ground Pin.			
SW	3	Switching node. Must be connected to inductor. This pin connects to the drains of the internal main and synchronous power MOSFET switches.			
VIN_PWR	4	Power Input Pin. Must be closely decoupled to ground pin with a 4.7µF or greater capacitor.			
VIN_CLN	5	Analog Input Pin. Must be closely decoupled to ground pin with a 4.7µF or greater capacitor.			
EN	6	Enable Pin. >1.2V: Enables the XRP6657 <0.4V:Disables the XRP6657 Do not leave this pin floating and enable the device once Vin is in the operating range.			
VSS_CLN	Exposed Pad	Analog Ground Pin.			

### **ORDERING INFORMATION**<sup>(1)</sup>

Part Number	Temperature Range	Package	Packing Method	Lead Free <sup>(2)</sup>	Note 1
XRP6657IHBTR-F	-40°C ≤ T <sub>J</sub> ≤ +125°C	Thin DFN-6L	Tape and Reel	Yes	Adjustable output voltage
XRP6657EVB	XRP6657 Evaluation Board				
Notoci					

Notes:

1. Refer to <u>www.maxlinear.com/XRP6657</u> for most up-to-date Ordering Information.

2. Visit <u>www.maxlinear.com</u> for additional information on Environmental Rating.



### **TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS**

All data taken at  $V_{IN}$  = 2.7V to 5.5V,  $T_J$  =  $T_A$  = 25°C, unless otherwise specified - Schematic and BOM from Application Information section of this datasheet.



Fig. 8: Reference Voltage vs Temperature



Fig. 5: Efficiency vs Output Current  $V_{\text{OUT}}{=}1.8\text{V}$ 



Fig. 7: Efficiency vs Output Current  $$V_{\text{OUT}}=1.2V$$ 



Fig. 9: Output Voltage vs Load Current



# 1.5A 1.3MHz Synchronous Step Down Converter



Fig. 10: PMOS  $R_{DS(ON)}$  vs Temperature



Fig. 11: NMOS R<sub>DS(ON)</sub> vs Temperature



Fig. 12: PMOS  $R_{DS(ON)}$  vs Supply Voltage





Fig. 13: NMOS  $R_{\text{DS(ON)}}$  vs Temperature





# 1.5A 1.3MHz Synchronous Step Down Converter







Fig. 17: Switching Frequency vs Supply Voltage



Fig. 18: Start-Up from Shutdown



Fig. 19: Start-Up from Shutdown







# THEORY OF OPERATION

The typical application circuit is shown below.



Fig. 22: Typical Application Circuit

### INDUCTOR SELECTION

Inductor ripple current and core saturation are two factors considered to select the inductor value.

Eq. 1: 
$$\Delta I_L = \frac{1}{f \times L} V_{OUT} \left( 1 - \frac{V_{OUT}}{V_{IN}} \right)$$

Equation 1 shows the inductor ripple current as a function of the frequency, inductance,  $V_{IN}$  and  $V_{OUT}$ . It is recommended to set the ripple current between 30% to 40% of the maximum load current. A low ESR inductor is preferred.

## **CIN AND COUT SELECTION**

A low ESR input capacitor can prevent large voltage transients at  $V_{IN}$ . The RMS current rating of the input capacitor is required to be larger than  $I_{RMS}$  calculated by:

Eq. 2: 
$$I_{RMS} \cong I_{OMAX} \times \frac{\sqrt{V_{OUT} \times (V_{IN} - V_{OUT})}}{V_{IN}}$$

The ESR rating of the capacitor is an important parameter to select  $C_{OUT}$ . The output ripple  $V_{OUT}$  is determined by:

Eq. 3: 
$$\Delta V_{OUT} \cong \Delta I_L \left( ESR + \frac{1}{8 \times f \times C_{OUT}} \right)$$

Higher values, lower cost ceramic capacitors are now available in smaller sizes. These capacitors have high ripple currents, high voltage ratings and low ESR that makes them ideal for switching regulator applications. As  $C_{OUT}$  does not affect the internal control loop stability, its value can be optimized to balance very low output ripple and circuit size. It is recommended to use an X5R or X7R rated capacitors which have the best temperature and voltage characteristics of all the ceramics for a given value and size.

### OUTPUT VOLTAGE

The adjustable output voltage is determined by:

Eq. 4: 
$$V_{OUT} = 0.6V \times \left(1 + \frac{R_1}{R_2}\right)$$

### SHORT CIRCUIT BEHAVIOR

The XRP6657 has an over current and over temperature protection. The over current applies cycle by cycle and limits the P-driver FET current to maintain the inductor current within safe limits. The over temperature protection circuitry turns off the driver FETs when the junction temperature is too high. Normal Operations are restored when temperature drops below the safety threshold.

In the following example, the XRP6657 is used to convert a 5V input to a 1.2V output. Shorting VOUT to ground triggers both the over current and over temperature protection circuits. The waveform is shown below.





### THERMAL CONSIDERATIONS

Although the XRP6657 has an on board over temperature circuitry, the total power dissipation it can support is based on the package thermal capabilities. The formula to ensure safe operation is given in note 1 under the operating ratings section.



To avoid exceeding the maximum junction temperature, thermal analysis is strongly suggested.

### PCB LAYOUT

The following PCB layout guidelines should be taken into account to ensure proper operation and performance of the XRP6657:

1- The GND, SW and VIN traces should be kept short, direct and wide.

2- VFB pin must be connected directly to the feedback resistors. The resistor divider network must be connected in parallel to the  $C_{OUT}$  capacitor.

3- The input capacitor  $C_{\mbox{\scriptsize IN}}$  must be kept as close as possible to the VIN pin.

4- The SW and VFB nodes should be kept as separate as possible to minimize possible effects from the high frequency and voltage swings of the SW node.

5- The ground plates of  $C_{IN}$  and  $C_{OUT}$  should be kept as close as possible.

6- Connect all analog grounds to a common node and connect the common node to the power ground via an independent path.

#### SELF ENABLE APPLICATION

A self Enable function is easily implemented through the following arrangement.



A resistor ratio  $R_3/R_4=1/1.5$  is recommended.

### **OUTPUT VOLTAGE RIPPLE IN LDO MODE**

The XRP6657 enters the LDO mode when input voltage is close to the selected output voltage. The transition from PWM mode to LDO mode is smooth. Figure 24 illustrates the amount of output voltage ripple for an output voltage of 3.3V providing 200mA.



Fig. 24: Output Voltage Ripple in LDO mode

#### **DESIGN EXAMPLE**

In a single Lithium-Ion battery powered application, the  $V_{IN}$  range is about 2.7V to 4.2V. The desired output voltage is 1.8V.

The inductor value needed can be calculated using the following equation

$$L = \frac{1}{f \times \Delta I_L} V_{OUT} \left( 1 - \frac{V_{OUT}}{V_{IN}} \right)$$

Substituting V<sub>OUT</sub>=1.8V, V<sub>IN</sub>=4.2V,  $\Delta$ I<sub>L</sub>=450mA to 600mA (30% to 40%) and f=1.3MHz gives

$$L = 1.32 \mu H \text{ to } 1.76 \mu H$$

A 1.5 $\mu$ H inductor can be chosen with this application. An inductor of greater value with less equivalent series resistance would provide better efficiency. The C<sub>IN</sub> capacitor requires an RMS current rating of at least <sub>ILOAD(MAX)</sub>/2 and low ESR. In most cases, a ceramic capacitor will satisfy this requirement. See recommended components section below



2X

\_\_\_0.10 C

2X

--**†** E2 E2/2

### PACKAGE SPECIFICATION

# THIN DFN-6L



SIDE VIEW

	COMMON						
SYMBOL	DIMEN	ISIONS MIL	LIMETER	DIMENSIONS INCH			
	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.	
А	0.70	0.75	0.80	0.028	0.030	0.031	
A3		0.203 REF			0.008 REF		
b	0.25	0.30	0.35	0.010	0.012	0.014	
D		3.00 BSC		0.118 BSC			
D2	2.20	2.30	2.35	0.087	0.091	0.093	
E		3.00 BSC			0.118 BSC		
E2	1.40	1.50	1.55	0.055	0.059	0.061	
е		0.95 BSC		0.037 BSC			
L	0.25	0.35	0.45	0.010	0.014	0.018	



### REVISION

Revision	Date	Description				
1.0.0	07/14/2009	First release of data sheet				
1.1.0	06/08/2010	Corrected Equation 2, Vout replaced by VIN				
1.2.0	02/15/2011	Corrected Output Voltage Accuracy from $\pm 3\%$ to $\pm 2.5\%$ Corrected Output Voltage Load Regulation unit from %/V to %/A				
1.3.0	03/14/2011	Added conditions to Reference Voltage Line Regulation in Electrical Characteristic Table Added Note 3 to Reference Voltage Line Regulation in Electrical Characteristic Table Added Note 4 to Output Voltage Line Regulation in Electrical Characteristic Table				
1.4.0	02/07/2012	Updated Package Dimensions Corrected Applications Schematics values				
1.5.0	1/17/2014	Removed Absolute Maximum Junction Temperature of 125°C;[ECN 1404-01]Added "Junction Temperature Range T_J40°C to 125°C" to operating ratings;In "Ordering Information" changed the temperature range to "-40°C $\leq$ T_J $\leq$ +125°C"				
1.5.1	11/01/2019	Updated to MaxLinear logo. Updated Ordering Information.				





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