

# LOW DROP DUAL POWER OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

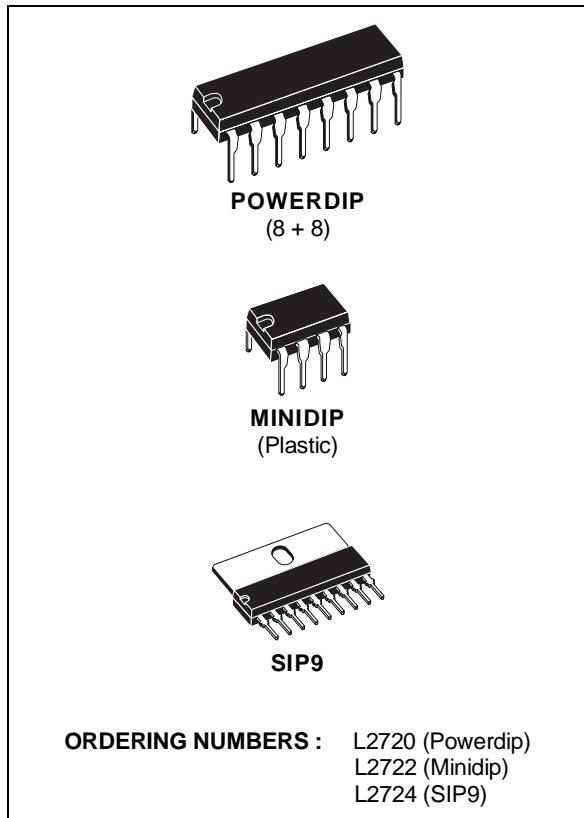
- OUTPUT CURRENT TO 1 A
  - OPERATES AT LOW VOLTAGES
  - SINGLE OR SPLIT SUPPLY
  - LARGE COMMON-MODE AND DIFFERENTIAL MODE RANGE
  - LOW INPUT OFFSET VOLTAGE
  - GROUND COMPATIBLE INPUTS
  - LOW SATURATION VOLTAGE
  - THERMAL SHUTDOWN
  - CLAMP DIODE

## **DESCRIPTION**

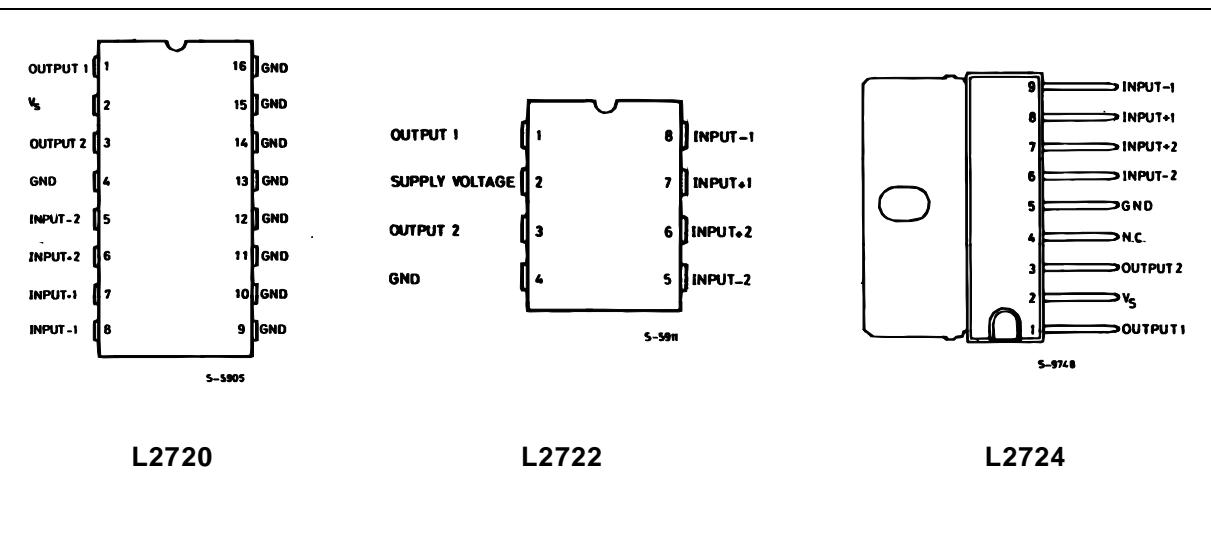
The L2720, L2722 and L2724 are monolithic integrated circuits in powerdip, minidip and SIP-9 packages, intended for use as power operational amplifiers in a wide range of applications including servo amplifiers and power supplies.

They are particularly indicated for driving, inductive loads, as motor and finds applications in compact-disc VCR automotive, etc.

The high gain and high output power capability provide superior performance whatever an operational amplifier/power booster combination is required.

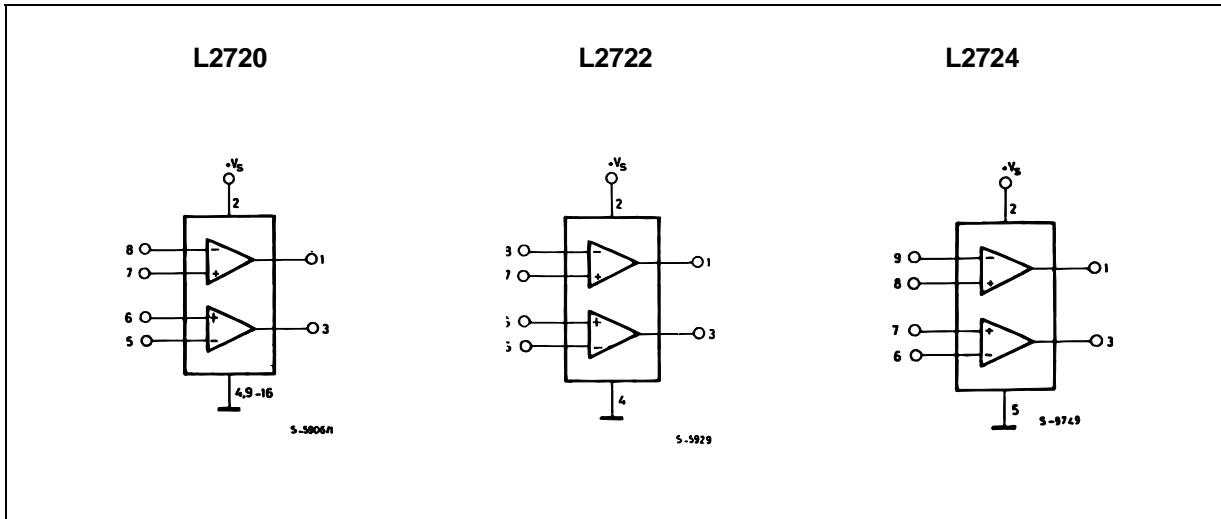


## **PIN CONNECTIONS** (top views)

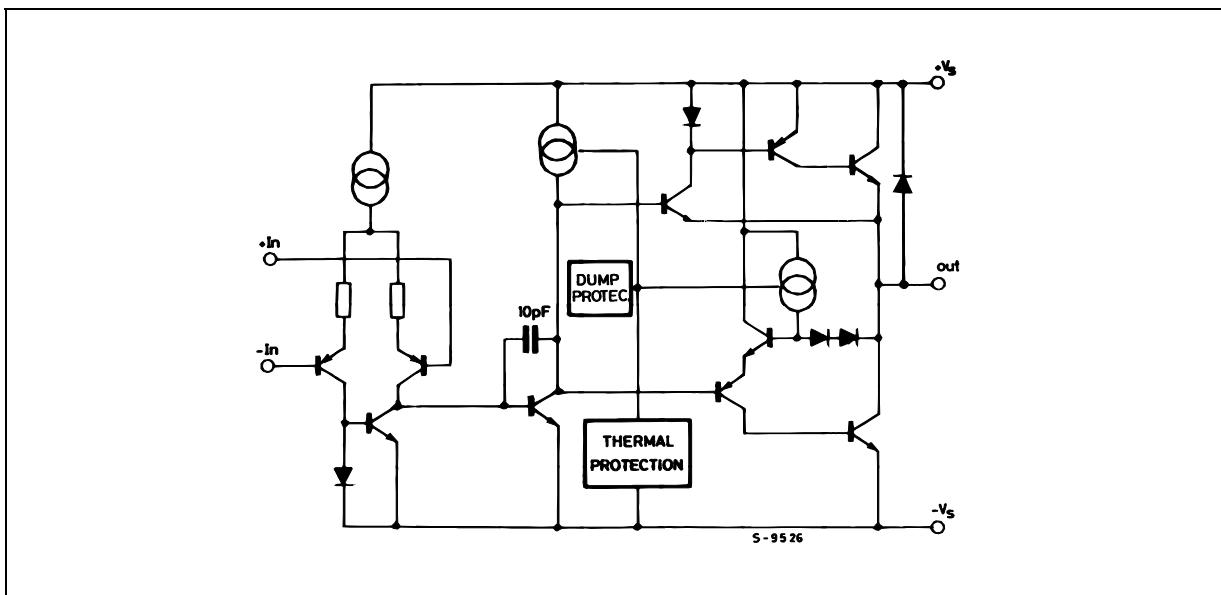


## L2720/2/4

### BLOCK DIAGRAM



### SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM (one section)



### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

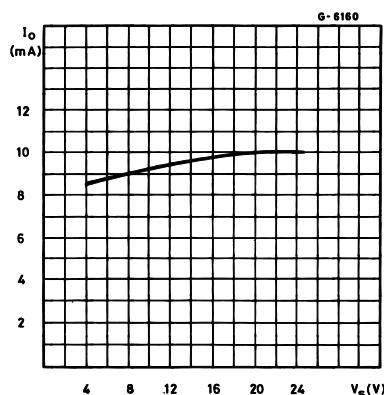
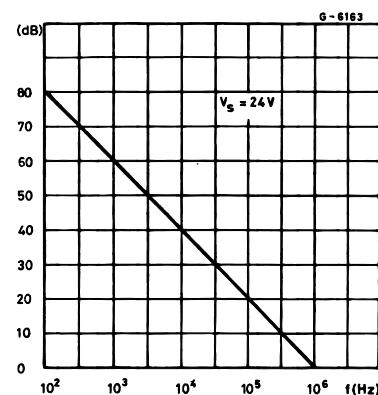
Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
$\text{V}_s$	Supply Voltage	28	V
$\text{V}_s$	Peak Supply Voltage (50ms)	50	V
$\text{V}_i$	Input Voltage	$\text{V}_s$	
$\text{V}_i$	Differential Input Voltage	$\pm \text{V}_s$	
$\text{I}_o$	DC Output Current	1	A
$\text{I}_p$	Peak Output Current (non repetitive)	1.5	A
$\text{P}_{\text{tot}}$	Power Dissipation at $\text{T}_{\text{amb}} = 80^\circ\text{C}$ (L2720), $\text{T}_{\text{amb}} = 50^\circ\text{C}$ (L2722) $\text{T}_{\text{case}} = 75^\circ\text{C}$ (L2720) $\text{T}_{\text{case}} = 50^\circ\text{C}$ (L2724)	1 5 10	W
$\text{T}_{\text{stg}}, \text{T}_j$	Storage and Junction Temperature	-40 to 150	$^\circ\text{C}$

**THERMAL DATA**

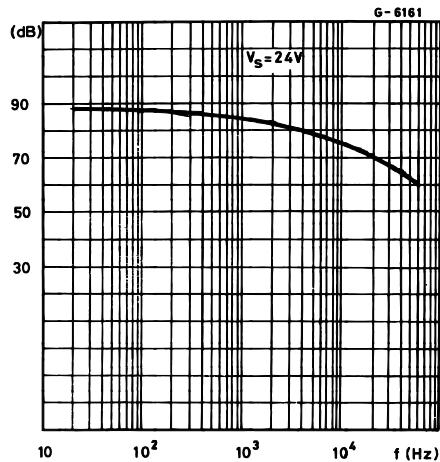
		SIP-9	Powerdip	Minidip
$R_{th\ j\text{-case}}$	Thermal Resistance Junction-case	Max.	10°C/W	15°C/W
$R_{th\ j\text{-amb}}$	Thermal Resistance Junction-ambient	Max.	70°C/W	70°C/W

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** $V_s = 24V$ ,  $T_{amb} = 25^\circ C$  unless otherwise specified

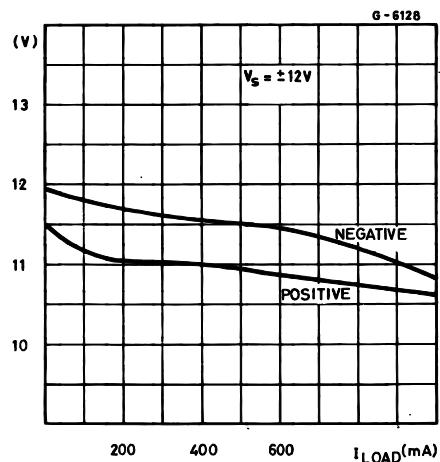
Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$V_s$	Single Supply Voltage		4		28	V
$V_s$	Split Supply Voltage		$\pm 2$		$\pm 14$	V
$I_s$	Quiescent Drain Current	$V_o = \frac{V_s}{2}$ $V_s = 24V$ $V_s = 8V$		10 9	15 15	mA
$I_b$	Input Bias Current			0.2	1	$\mu A$
$V_{os}$	Input Offset Voltage				10	mV
$I_{os}$	Input Offset Current				100	nA
SR	Slew Rate			2		$V/\mu s$
B	Gain-bandwidth Product			1.2		MHz
$R_i$	Input Resistance		500			$k\Omega$
$G_v$	O.L. Voltage Gain	$f = 100Hz$ $f = 1kHz$	70 60	80 60		dB
$e_N$	Input Noise Voltage	$B = 22Hz$ to $22kHz$		10		$\mu V$
$I_N$	Input Noise Voltage			200		pA
CMR	Common Mode Rejection	$f = 1kHz$	66	84		dB
SVR	Supply Voltage Rejection	$f = 100Hz$ $R_G = 10k\Omega$ $V_R = 0.5V$ $V_s = 24V$ $V_s = \pm 12V$ $V_s = \pm 6V$	60	70 75 80		dB
$V_{DROP(HIGH)}$		$V_s = \pm 2.5V$ to $\pm 12V$ $I_p = 100mA$ $I_p = 500mA$		0.7 1	1.5	V
$V_{DROP(LOW)}$		$V_s = \pm 2.5V$ to $\pm 12V$ $I_p = 100mA$ $I_p = 500mA$		0.3 0.5	1	V
$C_s$	Channel Separation	$f = 1KHz$ $R_L = 10\Omega$ $G_v = 30dB$ $V_s = 24V$ $V_s = 6V$		60 60		dB
$T_{sd}$	Thermal Shutdown Junction Temperature				145	$^\circ C$

**Figure 1 :** Quiescent Current vs. Supply Voltage**Figure 2 :** Open Loop Gain vs. Frequency

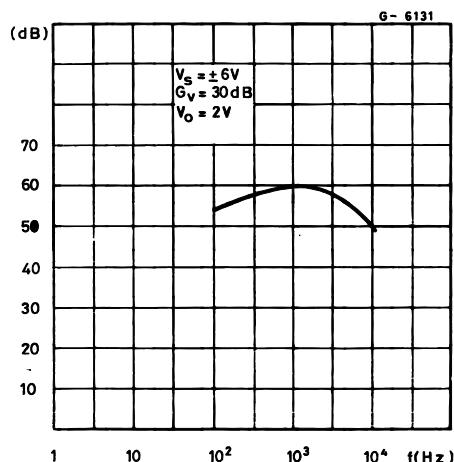
**Figure 3 :** Common Mode Rejection vs. Frequency



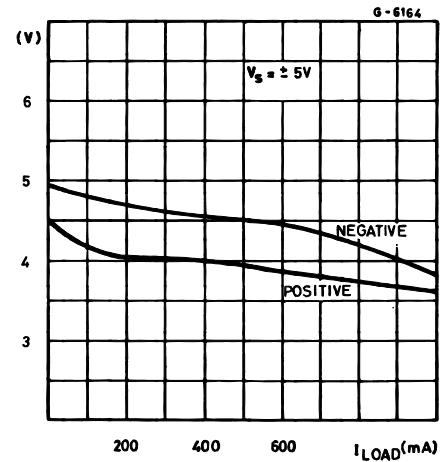
**Figure 5 :** Output Swing vs. Load Current ( $V_S = \pm 12\text{ V}$ ).



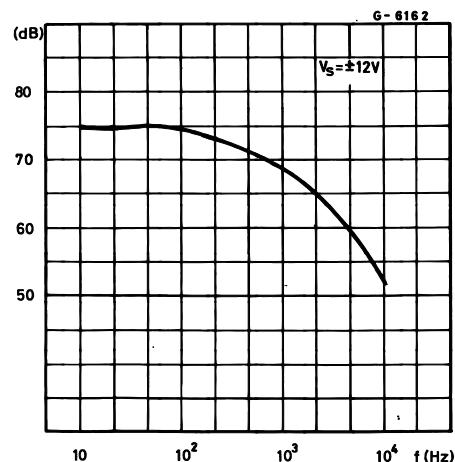
**Figure 7 :** Channel Separation vs. Frequency



**Figure 4 :** Output Swing vs. Load Current ( $V_S = \pm 5\text{ V}$ ).



**Figure 6 :** Supply Voltage rejection vs. Frequency



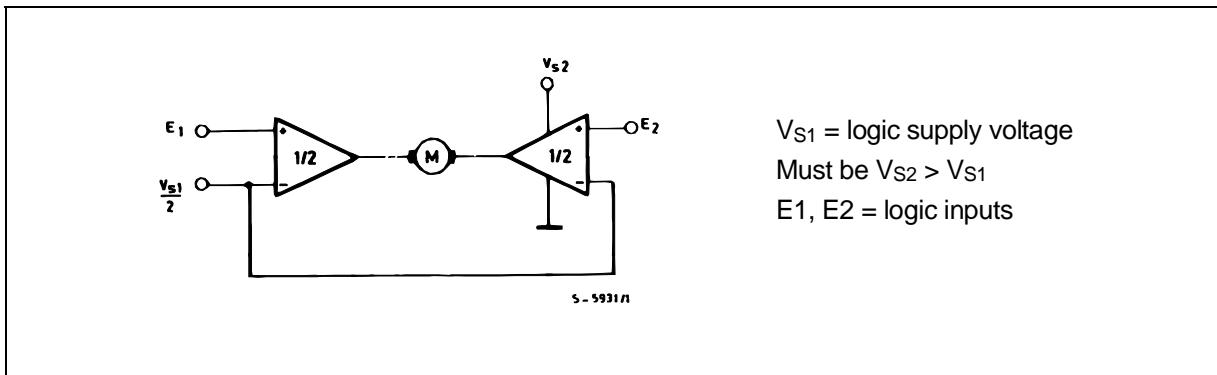
## APPLICATION SUGGESTION

In order to avoid possible instability occurring into final stage the usual suggestions for the linear power stages are useful, as for instance :

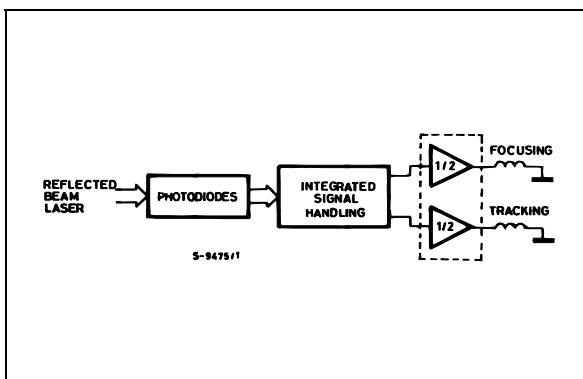
- layout accuracy ;
- A 100nF capacitor connected between supply pins and ground ;

- boucherot cell (0.1 to 0.2  $\mu$ F + 1 $\Omega$  series) between outputs and ground or across the load. With single supply operation, a resistor (1k $\Omega$ ) between the output and supply pin can be necessary for stability.

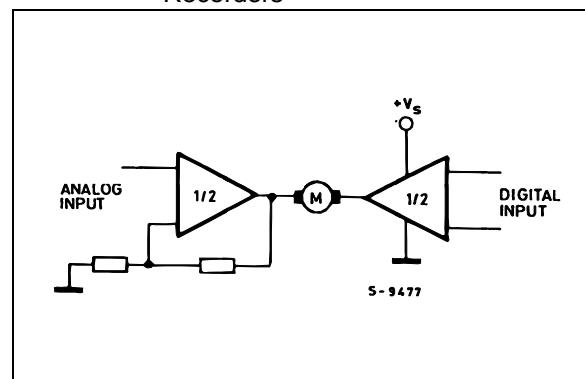
**Figure 8 :** Bidirectional DC Motor Control with  $\mu$ P Compatible Inputs



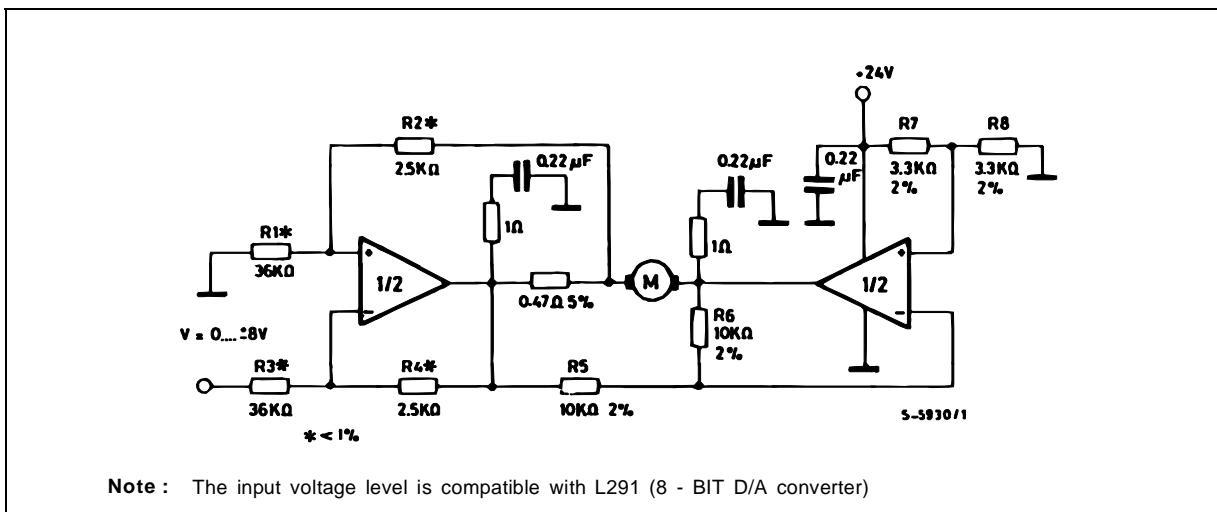
**Figure 9 :** Servocontrol for Compact-disc



**Figure 10 :** Capstan Motor Control in Video Recorders



**Figure 11 :** Motor Current Control Circuit

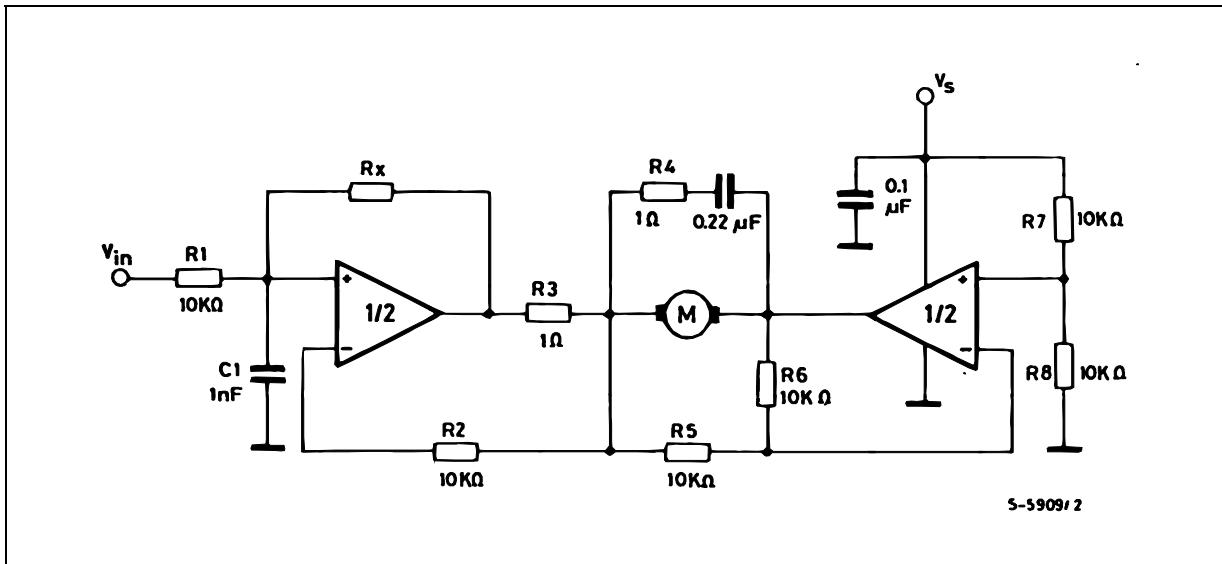


**Figure 12 :** Bidirectional Speed Control of DC Motors

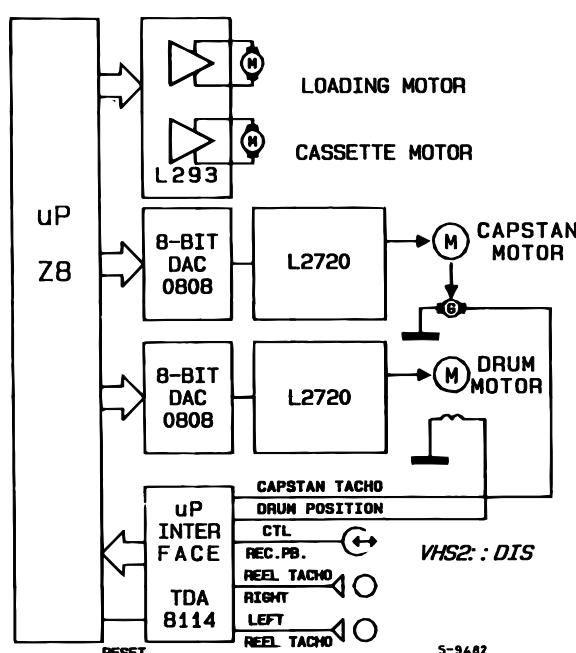
$2R3 \cdot R1$

For circuit stability ensure that  $R_x > \frac{2R3 \cdot R1}{R_M}$  where  $R_M$  = internal resistance of motor.

The voltage available at the terminals of the motor is  $V_M = 2(V_i - \frac{V_s}{2}) + |R_o| \cdot I_M$  where  $|R_o| = \frac{2R3 \cdot R1}{R_x}$   
and  $I_M$  is the motor current.

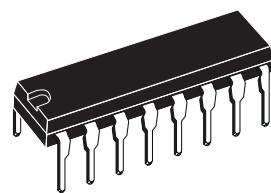


**Figure 13 :** VHS-VCR Motor Control Circuit

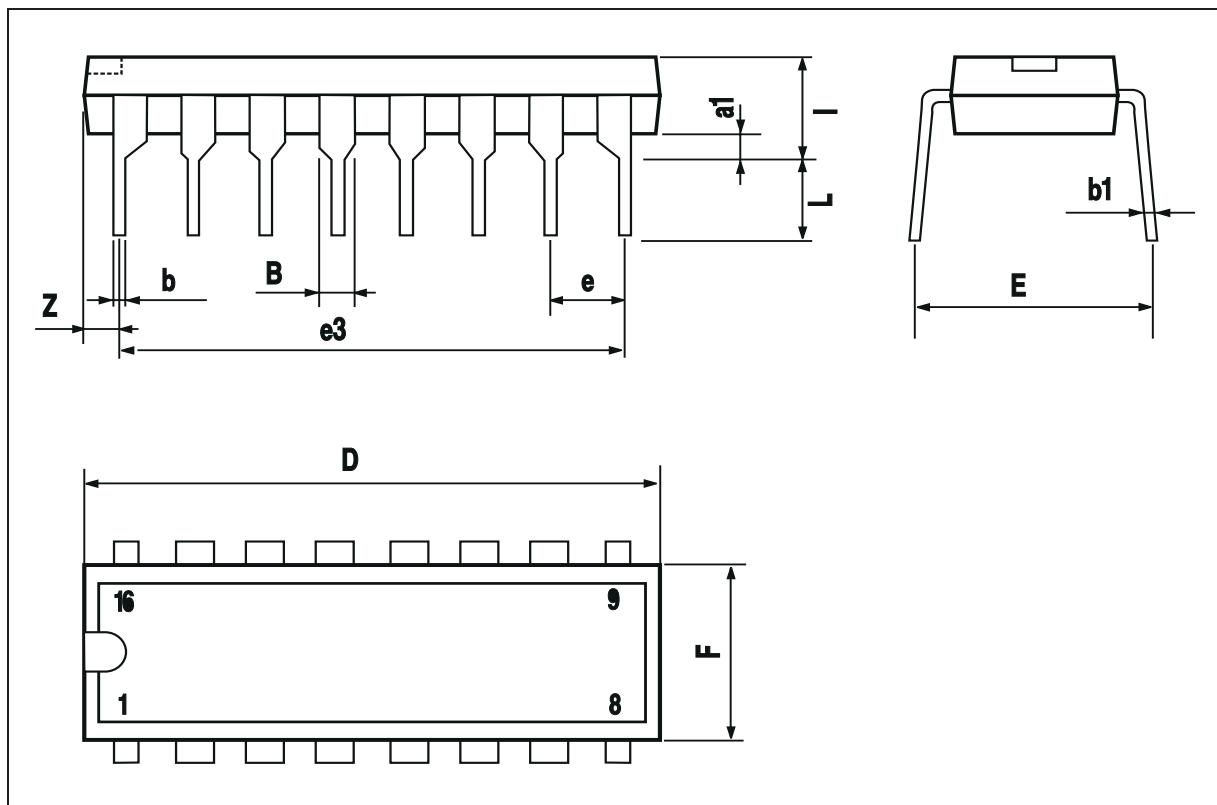


DIM.	mm			inch		
	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.
a1	0.51			0.020		
B	0.85		1.40	0.033		0.055
b		0.50			0.020	
b1	0.38		0.50	0.015		0.020
D			20.0			0.787
E		8.80			0.346	
e		2.54			0.100	
e3		17.78			0.700	
F			7.10			0.280
I			5.10			0.201
L		3.30			0.130	
Z			1.27			0.050

## OUTLINE AND MECHANICAL DATA

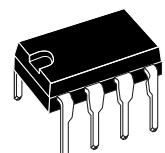


**Powerdip 16**

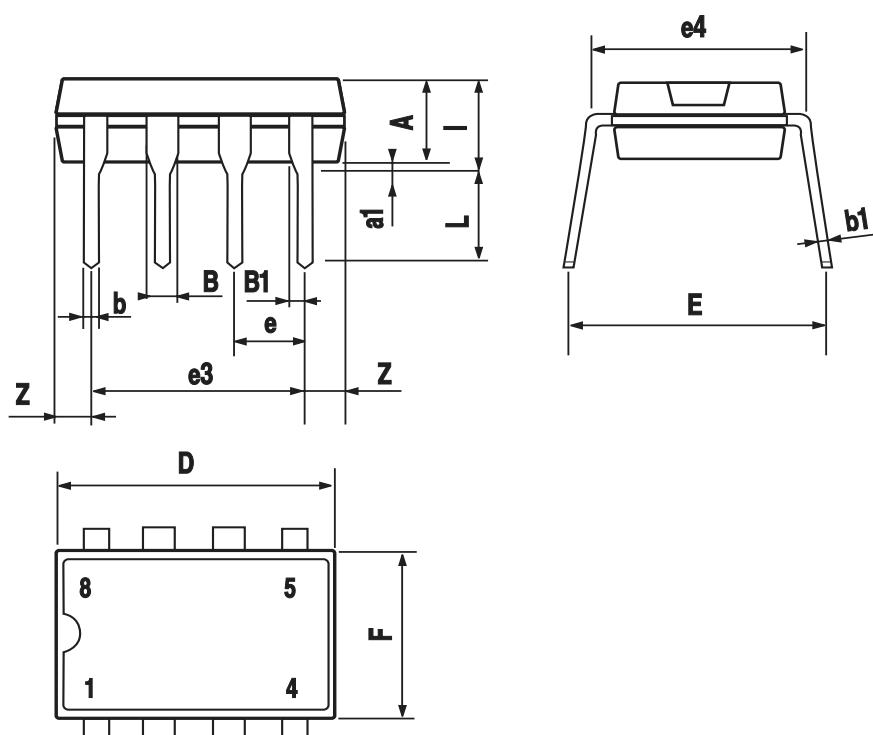


DIM.	mm			inch		
	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.
A		3.32			0.131	
a1	0.51			0.020		
B	1.15		1.65	0.045		0.065
b	0.356		0.55	0.014		0.022
b1	0.204		0.304	0.008		0.012
D			10.92			0.430
E	7.95		9.75	0.313		0.384
e		2.54			0.100	
e3		7.62			0.300	
e4		7.62			0.300	
F			6.6			0.260
I			5.08			0.200
L	3.18		3.81	0.125		0.150
Z			1.52			0.060

## OUTLINE AND MECHANICAL DATA

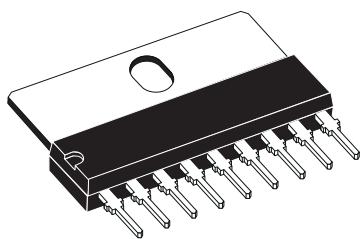


Minidip

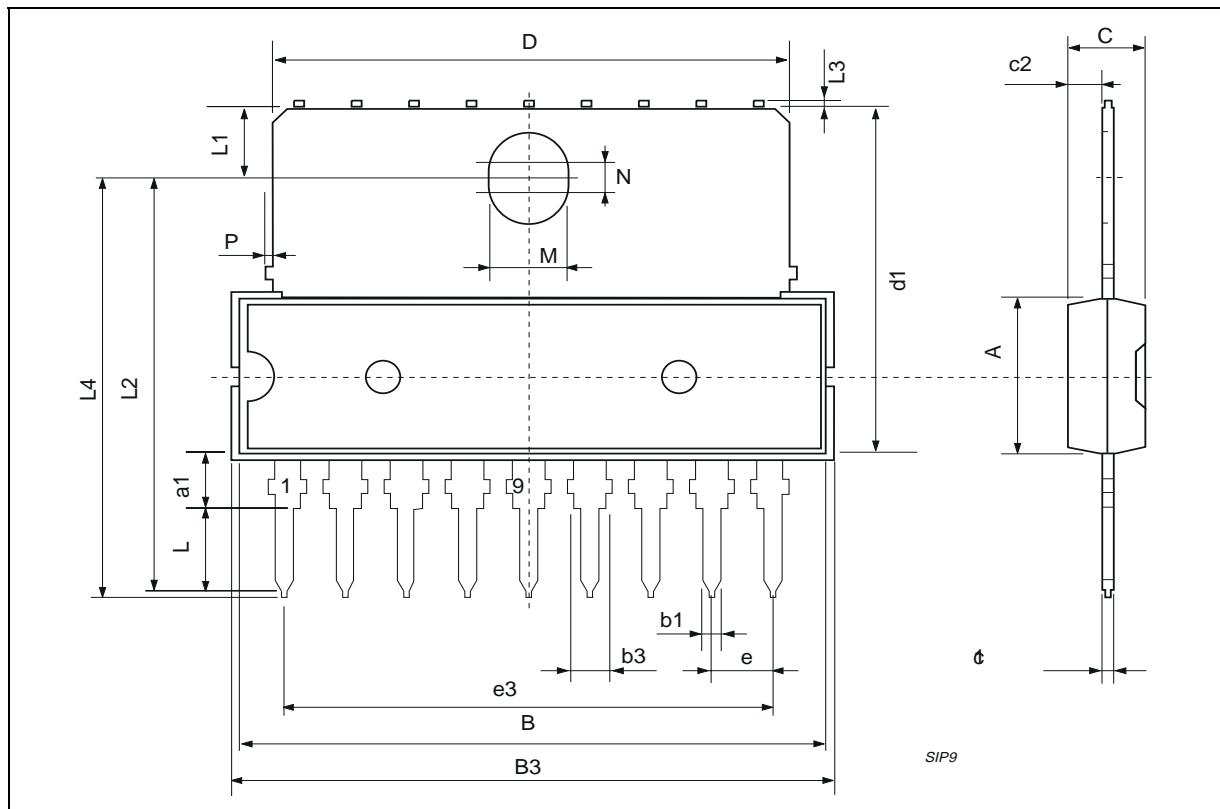


DIM.	mm			inch		
	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.
A			7.1			0.280
a1	2.7		3	0.106		0.118
B			23			0.90
B3			24.8			0.976
b1		0.5			0.020	
b3	0.85		1.6	0.033		0.063
C		3.3			0.130	
c1		0.43			0.017	
c2		1.32			0.052	
D		21.2			0.835	
d1		14.5			0.571	
e		2.54			0.100	
e3		20.32			0.800	
L	3.1			0.122		
L1		3			0.118	
L2		17.6			0.693	
L3			0.25			0.010
L4	17.4		17.85	0.685		0.702
M		3.2			0.126	
N		1			0.039	
P			0.15			0.006

## OUTLINE AND MECHANICAL DATA



SIP9



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