## Alternator Voltage Regulator Darlington Driver

The CS3341/3351/387 integral alternator regulator integrated circuit provides the voltage regulation for automotive, 3–phase alternators.

It drives an external power Darlington for control of the alternator field current. In the event of a charge fault, a lamp output pin is provided to drive an external darlington transistor capable of switching on a fault indicator lamp. An overvoltage or no STATOR signal condition activates the lamp output.

The CS3341 and CS3351 are available in SOIC–14 packages. The CS387 is available as a Flip Chip.

For FET driver applications use the CS3361. Use of the CS3341, CS3351 or CS387 with external FETs may result in oscillations.

#### Features

- Drives NPN Darlington
- Short Circuit Protection
- 80 V Load Dump
- Temperature Compensated Regulation Voltage
- Shorted Field Protection Duty Cycle, Self Clearing
- Pb–Free Packages are Available\*

#### MAXIMUM RATINGS

Rating	Value	Unit
Storage Temperature Range, T <sub>S</sub>	-55 to +165	°C
Junction Temperature Range	-40 to 150	°C
Continuous Supply	27	V
I <sub>CC</sub> Load Dump	400	mA
Lead Temperature Soldering: Reflow: (SMD styles only) (Note 1)	230 peak	°C

Maximum ratings are those values beyond which device damage can occur. Maximum ratings applied to the device are individual stress limit values (not normal operating conditions) and are not valid simultaneously. If these limits are exceeded, device functional operation is not implied, damage may occur and reliability may be affected.

1. 60 second maximum above 183°C.



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		MARKING DIAGRAM	
14 1 1	SOIC-14 D SUFFIX CASE 751A	14 <b>H H H H H H H</b> CS33x1G <u>o</u> AWLYWW 1 H H H H H H H	

= Specific Device Code
4 or 5
<ul> <li>Assembly Location</li> </ul>
= Wafer Lot
= Year
= Work Week
= Pb-Free Package

#### **PIN CONNECTIONS**



#### Flip Chip, Bump Side Up



\*For additional information on our Pb–Free strategy and soldering details, please download the ON Semiconductor Soldering and Mounting Techniques Reference Manual, SOLDERRM/D.

#### **ORDERING INFORMATION**

See detailed ordering and shipping information in the package dimensions section on page 4 of this data sheet.



Figure 1. Block Diagram

#### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** ( $-40^{\circ}C < T_A < 125^{\circ}C, -40^{\circ}C < T_J < 150^{\circ}C, 9.0 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{CC} \le 17 \text{ V};$ unless otherwise specified.) Characteristic **Test Conditions** Unit Min Тур Max Supply Supply Current Enabled 12 25 mΑ \_ \_ Supply Current Disabled \_ \_ 50 μΑ \_ **Driver Stage Output High Current** $V_{DD} = 1.2 V$ -10 -6.0 -4.0 mΑ V **Output Low Voltage** $I_{OL} = 25 \ \mu A$ \_ \_ 0.35 Minimum ON Time 200 \_ \_ \_ μS Minimum Duty Cycle 6.0 10 % \_ \_ Short Circuit Duty Cycle 1.0 5.0 % \_ \_ Field Switch Turn On **Rise Time** 30 90 \_ \_ μS Field Switch Turn On Fall Time 30 90 \_ \_ μs Stator Input High Voltage 10 V \_ \_ Input Low Voltage 6.0 V \_ \_ \_ Stator Time Out High to Low 100 600 6.0 ms Stator Power–Up Input High CS3351 only 10 V \_ \_ Stator Power–Up Input Low CS3351 only 6.0 V \_ \_ Lamp **Output High Current** V<sub>LAMP</sub> @ 3.0 V \_ \_ 50 μΑ I<sub>LAMP</sub> @ 30 mA **Output Low Voltage** V \_ \_ 0.35 Ignition Input High Voltage $I_{CC} > 1.0 \text{ mA}$ 1.8 V \_ \_ Input Low Voltage 0.5 V $I_{CC} < 100 \ \mu A$ \_ \_ Oscillator **Oscillator Frequency** 325 $C_{OSC} = 0.22 \ \mu F$ 65 Hz \_ **Rise Time/Fall Time** $C_{OSC} = 0.22 \ \mu F$ 17 \_ \_ \_ Oscillator High Threshold V $C_{OSC} = 0.22 \ \mu F$ 6.0 \_ \_ **Battery Sense** Input Current \_ -10 \_ +10 μΑ **Regulation Voltage** @25°C, R<sub>1</sub> = 100 kΩ, R<sub>2</sub> = 50 kΩ 13.5 16 V \_ **Proportional Control** 0.050 0.400 V \_

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VHigh Voltage @ LampOn

VRegulation @ 50%Duty Cycle

1.083

0.020

\_

\_

1.190

0.600

\_

V

High Voltage Threshold Ratio

High Voltage Hysteresis

#### PACKAGE PIN DESCRIPTION

PACKAGE PIN #				
SOIC-14	Flip Chip	PIN SYMBOL	FUNCTION	
1	1	Driver	Output driver for external power switch–Darlington	
2	2	GND	Ground	
3, 6, 7, 9, 13	3	NC	No Connection	
4	4	OSC	Timing capacitor for oscillator	
5	5	Lamp	Base driver for lamp driver indicates no stator signal or overvoltage condition	
8	6	IGN	Switched ignition powerup	
10	7	Stator	Stator signal input for stator timer (CS3351 also powerup)	
11	8	Sense	Battery sense voltage regulator comparator input and protection	
12	9	V <sub>CC</sub>	Supply for IC	
14	10	SC	Short circuit sensing	

#### **ORDERING INFORMATION**

Device	Package	Shipping <sup>†</sup>
CS3341YD14	SOIC-14	55 Units/Rail
CS3341YD14G	SOIC-14 (Pb-Free)	55 Units/Rail
CS3341YDR14	SOIC-14	2500 Tape & Reel
CS3341YDR14G	SOIC-14 (Pb-Free)	2500 Tape & Reel
CS3351YD14	SOIC-14	55 Units/Rail
CS3351YD14G	SOIC-14 (Pb-Free)	55 Units/Rail
CS3351YDR14	SOIC-14	2500 Tape & Reel
CS3351YDR14G	SOIC-14 (Pb-Free)	2500 Tape & Reel
CS387H	Flip Chip	Contact Sales

†For information on tape and reel specifications, including part orientation and tape sizes, please refer to our Tape and Reel Packaging Specifications Brochure, BRD8011/D.



#### **APPLICATIONS INFORMATION**

The CS3341 and CS3351 IC's are designed for use in an alternator charging system. The circuit is also available in flip–chip form as the CS387.

In a standard alternator design (Figure 3), the rotor carries the field winding. An alternator rotor usually has several N and S poles. The magnetic field for the rotor is produced by forcing current through a field or rotor winding. The Stator windings are formed into a number of coils spaced around a cylindrical core. The number of coils equals the number of pairs of N and S poles on the rotor. The alternating current in the Stator windings is rectified by the diodes and applied to the regulator. By controlling the amount of field current, the magnetic field strength is controlled and hence the output voltage of the alternator.

Referring to Figure 7, a typical application diagram, the oscillator frequency is set by an external capacitor connected between OSC and ground. The sawtooth waveform ramps between 1.0 V and 3.0 V and provides the timing for the system. For the circuit shown the oscillator frequency is approximately 140 Hz. The alternator voltage is sensed at Terminal A via the resistor divider network R1/R2 on the Sense pin of the IC. The voltage at the sense pin determines the duty cycle for the regulator. The voltage on the sense pin causes a long duty cycle that increases the Field current. A high voltage results in a short duty cycle.

The ignition Terminal (I) switches power to the IC through the  $V_{CC}$  pin. In the CS3351 the Stator pin senses the voltage from the stator. This will keep the device powered while the voltage is high, and it also senses a stopped engine condition and drives the Lamp pin high after the stator

timeout expires. The Lamp pin also goes high when an overvoltage condition is detected on the sense pin. This causes the darlington lamp drive transistor to switch on and pull current through the lamp. If the system voltage continues to increase, the field and lamp output turn off as in an overvoltage or load dump condition.

The SC or Short Circuit pin monitors the field voltage. If the drive output and the SC voltage are simultaneously high for a predetermined period, a short circuit condition is assumed and the output is disabled. The regulator is forced to a minimum short circuit duty cycle.



Figure 3. IAR System Block Diagram

#### **REGULATION WAVEFORMS**

The CS3341/3351/387 utilizes proportion control to maintain regulation. Waveforms depicting operation are shown in Figures 4, 5 and 6, where  $V_{BAT/N}$  is the divided down voltage present on the Sense pin using R1 and R2 (Figure 7). A sawtooth waveform is generated internally. The amplitude of this waveform is listed in the electric parameter section as proportion control. The oscillator voltage is summed with  $V_{BAT/N}$ , and compared with the internal voltage regulator ( $V_{REG}$ ) in the regulation

comparator which controls the field through the output "Device Driver."

Figure 4 shows typical steady-state operation. A 50% duty cycle is maintained.

Figure 5 shows the effect of a drop in voltage on ( $V_{BAT/N}$  +  $V_{OSC}$ ). Notice the duty cycle increase to the field drive.

Figure 6 shows the effect of an increase in voltage (above the regulation voltage) on ( $V_{BAT/N} + V_{OSC}$ ). Notice the decrease in field drive.



Figure 7. Typical Application Dlagram



Figure 8. Flip Chip Dimensions and Solder Bump Locations, Bump Side Up

# DUSEM

0.068

0.019

0.344

0.244



DIMENSIONS: MILLIMETERS

\*For additional information on our Pb-Free strategy and soldering details, please download the ON Semiconductor Soldering and Mounting Techniques Reference Manual, SOLDERRM/D.

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#### SOIC-14 CASE 751A-03 ISSUE L

#### DATE 03 FEB 2016

STYLE 1: PIN 1. COMMON CATHODE 2. ANODE/CATHODE 3. ANODE/CATHODE 4. NO CONNECTION 5. ANODE/CATHODE 6. NO CONNECTION 7. ANODE/CATHODE 8. ANODE/CATHODE 9. ANODE/CATHODE 10. NO CONNECTION 11. ANODE/CATHODE 12. ANODE/CATHODE 13. NO CONNECTION 14. COMMON ANODE	STYLE 2: CANCELLED	STYLE 3: PIN 1. NO CONNECTION 2. ANODE 3. ANODE 4. NO CONNECTION 5. ANODE 6. NO CONNECTION 7. ANODE 8. ANODE 9. ANODE 10. NO CONNECTION 11. ANODE 12. ANODE 13. NO CONNECTION 14. COMMON CATHODE	STYLE 4: PIN 1. NO CONNECTION 2. CATHODE 3. CATHODE 4. NO CONNECTION 5. CATHODE 6. NO CONNECTION 7. CATHODE 9. CATHODE 10. NO CONNECTION 11. CATHODE 12. CATHODE 13. NO CONNECTION 14. COMMON ANODE
STYLE 5: PIN 1. COMMON CATHODE 2. ANODE/CATHODE 3. ANODE/CATHODE 4. ANODE/CATHODE 5. ANODE/CATHODE 6. NO CONNECTION 7. COMMON ANODE 8. COMMON CATHODE 9. ANODE/CATHODE 10. ANODE/CATHODE 11. ANODE/CATHODE 12. ANODE/CATHODE 13. NO CONNECTION 14. COMMON ANODE	STYLE 6: PIN 1. CATHODE 2. CATHODE 3. CATHODE 4. CATHODE 5. CATHODE 6. CATHODE 7. CATHODE 8. ANODE 9. ANODE 10. ANODE 11. ANODE 12. ANODE 13. ANODE 14. ANODE	STYLE 7: PIN 1. ANODE/CATHODE 2. COMMON ANODE 3. COMMON CATHODE 4. ANODE/CATHODE 5. ANODE/CATHODE 7. ANODE/CATHODE 8. ANODE/CATHODE 10. ANODE/CATHODE 11. COMMON CATHODE 12. COMMON ANODE 13. ANODE/CATHODE 14. ANODE/CATHODE	STYLE 8: PIN 1. COMMON CATHODE 2. ANODE/CATHODE 3. ANODE/CATHODE 4. NO CONNECTION 5. ANODE/CATHODE 6. ANODE/CATHODE 7. COMMON ANODE 8. COMMON ANODE 9. ANODE/CATHODE 10. ANODE/CATHODE 11. NO CONNECTION 12. ANODE/CATHODE 13. ANODE/CATHODE 14. COMMON CATHODE

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