OP265 (A, B), OP266 (A, B, D, W) Obsolete (OP265D, OP265W)

# **Electronics**

### Features:

- T-1 (3 mm) package style
- Choice of narrow or wide irradiance pattern
- Choice of dome or flat lens
- Mechanically and spectrally matched to other OPTEK devices
- Higher power output than GaAs at equivalent drive currents
- 890 nm diodes



### **Description:**

Each device in the **OP265** and **OP266** series is a high intensity gallium aluminum arsenide infrared emitting diode (GaAlAs) that is molded in an IR transmissive clear epoxy package with either a dome or flat lens. Devices feature narrow and wide irradiance patterns and a variety of electrical characteristics. The small T-1 package style makes these devices ideal for space -limited applications.

OP265 devices conform to the OP505 and OP535 series devices. OP266 devices conform to OP506 series devices.

Please refer to Application Bulletins 208 and 210 for additional design information and reliability (degradation) data.

# **Applications:**

- Space-limited applications
- Applications requiring coupling efficiency
- Battery-operated or voltage-limited applications

Ordering Information									
Part Number	LED Peak Wavelength	Output Power (mW/cm²) Min / Max	I <sub>F</sub> (mA) Typ / Max	Total Beam Angle	Lead Length				
OP265A	890 nm	2.70 / NA		18°	See page 2				
OP265B		1.65 / 4.70	20 / 50						
OP265D (Obsolete)		0.54 / NA							
OP265W (Obsolete)		1.00 / NA		90°					
OP266A		2.70 / NA		18°					
ОР266В		1.65 / 4.70							
OP266D		0.54 / NA							
OP266W		1.00 / NA		90°					

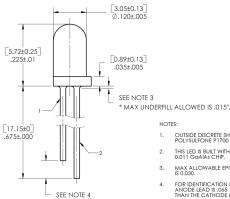


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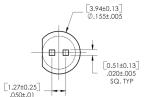


## OP265 (A, B)



[0.89±0.13] .035±.005 SEE NOTE 3

- OUTSIDE DISCRETE SHELL IS POLYSULFONE P1700 CLEAR.
- THIS LED IS BUILT WITH A 0.011 X 0.011 GaAlAs CHIP.
- MAX ALLOWABLE EPOXY MINISCUS IS 0.030.



### DISCRETE PIN-OUT

- 1 CATHODE
- 2 ANODE

Pin# 1

Cathode

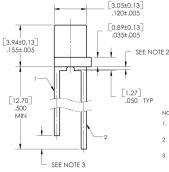
Anode

# DIMENSIONS ARE IN: **OP266 (A, B, D)** \* MAX UNDERFILL ALLOWED IS .015". \*\* ELBOW OF LEADFRAME NOT MORE THAN .005" 3.05±0.13 Ø.120±.005 [0.89±0.13] .035±.005 [5.72±0.25] SEE NOTE 3 [1.27] .050 TYP [12.70] .500 MIN OUTSIDE DISCRETE SHELL IS POLYSULFONE P1700 CLEAR THIS LED IS BUILT WITH A 0.011 X SEE NOTE 4 DISCRETE PIN-OUT

# [MILLIMETERS] INCHES

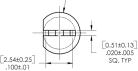
# **OP266W**

\* MAX UNDERFILL ALLOWED IS .015".
\*\* ELBOW OF LEADFRAME NOT MORE THAN .005"



- OUTSIDE DISCRETE SHELL IS POLYSULFONE P1700 CLEAR.
- MAX ALLOWABLE EPOXY MINISCUS IS 0.030.

### DISCRETE PIN-OUT [3.94±0.13] Ø.155±.005 1 CATHODE 2 ANODE



[0.51±0.13] .020±.005 SQ. TYP

1 CATHODE 2 ANODE

ND Industries' Vibra-Tite for thread-locking. Vibra-Tite evaporates fast without causing structural failure in OPTEK'S molded plastics.

# **CONTAINS POLYSULFONE**

To avoid stress cracking, we suggest using

### General Note

[2.54±0.25]

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# **Electrical Specifications**

### **Absolute Maximum Ratings** (T<sub>A</sub> = 25 °C unless otherwise noted)

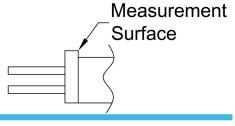
Storage and Operating Temperature Range	-40° C to +100° C
Reverse Voltage	2.0 V
Continuous Forward Current	50 mA
Peak Forward Current (1 μs pulse width, 300 pps)	3.0 A
Lead Soldering Temperature [1/16 inch (1.6 mm) from case for 5 seconds with soldering iron]	260° C
Power Dissipation	100 mW <sup>(1)</sup>

# Electrical Characteristics (T<sub>A</sub> = 25° C unless otherwise noted)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS		
Input Diode								
E <sub>e (APT)</sub>	Apertured Radiant Incidence OP265A, OP266A OP265B, OP266B OP266D	2.70 1.65 0.54	- - -	- 4.70 -	mW/cm²	I <sub>F</sub> = 20 mA <sup>(2)</sup>		
Po	Radiant Power Output OP265 (A, B), OP266 (A, B, D) OP266W	1.00	-		mW	I <sub>F</sub> = 20 mA		
$V_{F}$	Forward Voltage	-	-	1.80	V	I <sub>F</sub> = 20 mA		
I <sub>R</sub>	Reverse Current	-	-	100	μΑ	V <sub>R</sub> = 2 V		
$\lambda_{\text{P}}$	Wavelength at Peak Emission	-	890	-	nm	I <sub>F</sub> = 10 mA		
В	Spectral Bandwidth between Half Power Points	-	80	-	nm	I <sub>F</sub> = 10 mA		
$\Delta\lambda_{P}/\Delta T$	Spectral Shift with Temperature OP265 (A, B), OP266 (A, B, D) OP266W		±0.30 ±0.18	-	nm/° C	I <sub>F</sub> = Constant		
Өнр	Emission Angle at Half Power Points OP265 (A, B), OP266 (A, B, D) OP266W	-	18 90	-	Degree	I <sub>F</sub> = 20 mA		
t <sub>r</sub>	Output Rise Time	-	500	-	ns	$I_{F(PK)}$ = 100 mA, PW = 10 $\mu$ s, D.C. = 10.0 %		
t <sub>f</sub>	Output Fall Time	-	250	-	ns	$I_{F(PK)}$ = 100 mA, PW = 10 $\mu$ s, D.C. = 10.0 %		

### Notes:

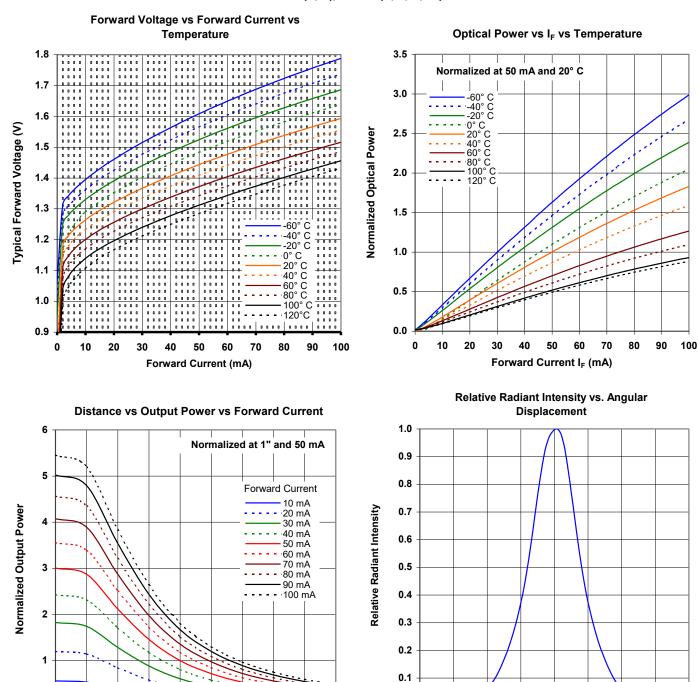
- 1. Derate linearly 1.33 mW/° C above 25° C
- 2.  $E_{E(APT)}$  is a measurement of the average apertured radiant incidence upon a sensing area 0.081" (2.06 mm) in diameter, perpendicular to and centered on the mechanical axis of the lens, and 0.590" (14.99 mm) from the measurement surface.  $E_{E(APT)}$  is not necessarily uniform within the measured areas.



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# **Performance**OP265 (A, B), OP266 (A, B, D, W)



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0.8 " 1.0 " 1.2 "

Distance (inches)

**Angular Displacement (Degrees)**