Asahi**KASEI** 

**ASAHI KASEI EMD** 

# AK4399

High Performance 123dB Premium 32-Bit DAC

# GENERAL DESCRIPTION

AK4399 is a 32-bit DAC, which corresponds to DVD-Audio systems. An internal circuit includes newly developed 32bit Digital Filter for better sound quality achieving low distortion characteristics and wide dynamic range. The AK4399 has full differential SCF outputs, removing the need for AC coupling capacitors and increasing performance for systems with excessive clock jitter. The AK4399 accepts 192kHz PCM data and 1-bit DSD data, ideal for a wide range of applications including DVD-Audio and SACD.

#### FEATURES

- 128x Over sampling
- Sampling Rate: 30kHz ~ 216kHz
- 32Bit 8x Digital Filter (Short delay option GD=7/fs) - Ripple: ±0.005dB, Attenuation: 100dB
- High Tolerance to Clock Jitter
- Low Distortion Differential Output
- DSD data input
- Digital De-emphasis for 32, 44.1, 48kHz sampling
- Soft Mute
- Digital Attenuator (255 levels and 0.5dB step)
- Mono Mode
- External Digital Filter Mode
- THD+N: -105dB
- DR, S/N: 123dB
- I/F Format: 24/32bit MSB justified, 16/20/24/32bit LSB justified, I<sup>2</sup>S, DSD
- Master Clock:
  - 30kHz ~ 32kHz: 1152fs 30kHz ~ 54kHz: 512fs or 768fs 30kHz ~ 108kHz: 256fs or 384fs
  - 108kHz ~ 216kHz: 128fs or 192fs
- Power Supply: 4.75 ~ 5.25V
- Digital Input Level: TTL
- Package: 44pin LQFP





## Block Diagram



Block Diagram

# Ordering Guide

| AK4399EQ | $-10 \sim +70^{\circ}C$  | 44pin LQFP (0.8mm pitch) |
|----------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| AKD4399  | Evaluation Board for AK4 | 399                      |

# Pin Layout



#### **PIN/FUNCTION**

| No. | Pin Name  | I/O | Function  |                          |  |  |  |
|-----|---|-----|---|--------------------------|--|--|--|
| 1   | DVDD  | -   | Digital Power Supply Pin, 4.75 ~ 5.25V  |                          |  |  |  |
| 2   | PDN   | I   | Power-Down Mode Pin<br>When at "I" the AK4200 is in power down mode and is held in reset  |                          |  |  |  |
| 2   | 2 PDN I When at "L", the AK4399 is in power-down mode and is held in re<br>The AK4399 should always be reset upon power-up. |     |   |                          |  |  |  |
|     | BICK  | Ι   | Audio Serial Data Clock Pin in PCM Mode   |                          |  |  |  |
| 3   | DCLK  | Ι   | DSD Clock Pin in DSD Mode   |                          |  |  |  |
| 4   | SDATA   | Ι   | Audio Serial Data Input Pin in PCM Mode   |                          |  |  |  |
| 4   | DSDL  | Ι   | DSD Lch Data Input Pin in DSD Mode  |                          |  |  |  |
|     | LRCK  | Ι   | L/R Clock Pin in PCM Mode   |                          |  |  |  |
| 5   | DSDR  | Ι   | DSD Rch Data Input Pin in DSD Mode  |                          |  |  |  |
|     | WCK   | Ι   | Word Clock input pin  |                          |  |  |  |
| 6   | SMUTE   | Ι   | Soft Mute Pin in Parallel Control Mode<br>When this pin is changed to "H", soft mute cycle is initiated.<br>When returning "L", the output mute releases. |                          |  |  |  |
|     | CSN   | I   | Chip Select Pin in Serial Control Mode  |                          |  |  |  |
| 7   | TST1  | Ι   | Test Pin in Parallel Control Mode   | (Internal pull-down pin) |  |  |  |
| 7   | CAD0  | Ι   | Chip Address 0 Pin in Serial Control Mode   | (Internal pull-down pin) |  |  |  |
| 8   | DEM0  | Ι   | De-emphasis Enable 0 Pin in Parallel Control Mod  | de                       |  |  |  |
| 0   | CCLK  | Ι   | Control Data Clock Pin in Serial Control Mode   |                          |  |  |  |
| 9   | DEM1  | Ι   | De-emphasis Enable 1 Pin in Parallel Control Mod  | de                       |  |  |  |
| 9   | CDTI  | Ι   | Control Data Input Pin in Serial Control Mode   |                          |  |  |  |
| 10  | DIF0  | Ι   | Digital Input Format 0 Pin in PCM Mode  |                          |  |  |  |
| 10  | CAD1  | Ι   | Chip Address 1 Pin in Serial Control Mode   |                          |  |  |  |
| 11  | DIF1  | Ι   | Digital Input Format 1 Pin in PCM Mode  |                          |  |  |  |
| 11  | DZFL  | 0   | Lch Zero Input Detect Pin in Serial Control Mode  |                          |  |  |  |
| 12  | DIF2  | Ι   | Digital Input Format 2 Pin in PCM Mode  |                          |  |  |  |
| 13  | NC  | -   | No internal bonding.<br>Connect to GND.   |                          |  |  |  |

Note: All input pins except internal pull-up/down pins must not be left floating.

| 14 | PSN    | Ι | Parallel or Serial Select Pin<br>"L": Serial Control Mode, "H": Paral   | (Internal pull-up pin)<br>lel Control Mode |
|----|--------|---|---|--|
| 15 | TST2   | Ι | Test pin in Parallel Control Mode.<br>Connect to GND.                   |  |
|    | DZFR   | 0 | Rch Zero Input Detect Pin in Serial Con                                 | trol Mode                                  |
| 16 | BCK    | Ι | Audio Serial Data Clock Pin   | (Internal pull-down pin)                   |
| 17 | NC     | - | No internal bonding.<br>Connect to GND.                                 |  |
| 18 | DINR   | Ι | Rch Audio Serial Data Input Pin   | (Internal pull-down pin)                   |
| 19 | DINL   | Ι | Lch Audio Serial Data Input Pin   | (Internal pull-down pin)                   |
| 20 | NC     | - | No internal bonding.<br>Connect to GND.                                 |  |
| 21 | VCMR   | - | Right channel Common Voltage Pin,<br>Normally connected to VSS with a 1 | l0uF electrolytic cap.                     |
| 22 | AOUTRP | 0 | Rch Positive Analog Output Pin  |  |
| 23 | AOUTRN | 0 | Rch Negative Analog Output Pin  |  |
| 24 | VSS1   | - | Ground Pin  |  |
| 25 | VDDR   | - | Rch Analog Power Supply Pin, 4.75 ~ 5                                   | 5.25V                                      |
| 26 | VREFHR | Ι | Rch High Level Voltage Reference Inpu                                   |  |
| 27 | VREFLR | Ι | Rch Low Level Voltage Reference Inpu                                    | t Pin                                      |
| 28 | NC     | - | No internal bonding.<br>Connect to GND.                                 |  |
| 29 | VREFLL | Ι | Lch Low Level Voltage Reference Inpu                                    | t Pin                                      |
| 30 | VREFHL | Ι | Lch High Level Voltage Reference Inpu                                   |  |
| 31 | VDDL   | - | Lch Analog Power Supply Pin, 4.75 ~ 5                                   |  |
| 32 | VSS2   | - | Ground Pin  |  |
| 33 | AOUTLN | 0 | Lch Negative Analog Output Pin  |  |
| 34 | AOUTLP | 0 | Lch Positive Analog Output Pin  |  |
| 25 |        |   | Left channel Common Voltage Pin,  |  |
| 35 | VCML   | - | Normally connected to VSS with a 1                                      | OuF electrolytic cap.                      |
| 36 | NC     |   | No internal bonding.  |  |
| 50 |        | _ | Connect to GND.   |  |
| 37 | NC     | - | No internal bonding.  |  |
|    |        |   | Connect to GND.   |  |
| 38 | NC     | - | No internal bonding.<br>Connect to GND.                                 |  |
|    |        |   | No internal bonding.  |  |
| 39 | NC     | - | Connect to GND.   |  |
| 40 | VSS3   | - | Ground Pin  |  |
| 41 | AVDD   | - | Analog Power Supply Pin, 4.75 ~ 5.25V                                   | 7  |
| 42 | MCLK   | Ι | Master Clock Input Pin  |  |
| 43 | VSS4   | - | Ground Pin  |  |
|    |        |   | No internal bonding.  |  |
| 44 | NC     | - | Connect to GND.   |  |

Note: All input pins except internal pull-up/down pins must not be left floating.

# Handling of Unused Pin

The unused I/O pins should be processed appropriately as below.

(1) Parallel Mode (PCM Mode only)

| Classification | Pin Name       | Setting                             |  |
|----------------|----------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| Analog         | AOUTLP, AOUTLN | These pins must be open.            |  |
| Analog         | AOUTRP, AOUTRN | These pins must be open.            |  |
|                | SMUTE          | This pin must be connected to VSS4. |  |
| Digital        | TST1           | This pin must be open.              |  |
|                | TST2           | This pin must be connected to VSS4. |  |

#### (2) Serial Mode

#### 1. PCM Mode

| Classification | Pin Name       | Setting                               |  |
|----------------|----------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| Analog         | AOUTLP, AOUTLN | These pins must be open.              |  |
|                | AOUTRP, AOUTRN | These pins must be open.              |  |
| Digital        | DIF2           | These pins must be connected to VSS4. |  |
| Digital        | DZFL, DZFR     | These pins must be open.              |  |

#### 2. DSD Mode

| Classification | Pin Name       | Setting                  |  |
|----------------|----------------|--------------------------|--|
|                | AOUTLP, AOUTLN | These pins must be open. |  |
| Analog         | AOUTRP, AOUTRN | These pins must be open. |  |
|                | DZFL, DZFR     | These pins must be open. |  |

|                                     | ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS |        |      |          |       |  |  |  |  |  |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------|------|----------|-------|--|--|--|--|--|
| (VSS1-4 =0V; Note 1)                |                          |        |      |          |       |  |  |  |  |  |
| Parameter                           |                          | Symbol | min  | max      | Units |  |  |  |  |  |
| Power Supplies:                     | Analog                   | AVDD   | -0.3 | 6.0      | V     |  |  |  |  |  |
|                                     | Analog                   | VDDL/R | -0.3 | 6.0      | V     |  |  |  |  |  |
|                                     | Digital                  | DVDD   | -0.3 | 6.0      | V     |  |  |  |  |  |
| Input Current, Any                  | Pin Except Supplies      | IIN    | -    | ±10      | mA    |  |  |  |  |  |
| Digital Input Volta                 | ige                      | VIND   | -0.3 | DVDD+0.3 | V     |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ambient Temperature (Power applied) |                          | Та     | -10  | 70       | °C    |  |  |  |  |  |
| Storage Temperatu                   | ıre                      | Tstg   | -65  | 150      | °C    |  |  |  |  |  |

Note 1. All voltages with respect to ground.

Note 2. VSS1-4 must be connected to the same analog ground plane.

WARNING: Operation at or beyond these limits may result in permanent damage to the device. Normal operation is not guaranteed at these extremes.

|                            | RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS |                        |          |     |      |       |  |  |  |  |
|----------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------|----------|-----|------|-------|--|--|--|--|
| (VSS1-4 =0V; Note 1)       |                                  |                        |          |     |      |       |  |  |  |  |
| Parameter                  |                                  | Symbol                 | min      | typ | max  | Units |  |  |  |  |
| Power Supplies<br>(Note 3) | Analog                           | AVDD                   | 4.75     | 5.0 | 5.25 | V     |  |  |  |  |
|                            | Analog                           | VDDL/R                 | 4.75     | 5.0 | 5.25 | V     |  |  |  |  |
|                            | Digital                          | DVDD                   | 4.75     | 5.0 | 5.25 | V     |  |  |  |  |
| Voltage                    | "H" voltage reference            | VREFHL/R               | AVDD-0.5 | -   | AVDD | V     |  |  |  |  |
| Reference                  | "L" voltage reference            | VREFLL/R               | VSS      | -   | -    | V     |  |  |  |  |
| (Note 4)                   | VREFH - VREFL                    | $\Delta \mathbf{VREF}$ | 3.0      | -   | AVDD | V     |  |  |  |  |

Note 1. All voltages with respect to ground.

Note 3. The power up sequence between AVDD, VDDL/R and DVDD is not critical. Note 4. The analog output voltage scales with the voltage of (VREFH – VREFL).

AOUT (typ.@0dB) = (AOUT+) - (AOUT-) =  $\pm 2.8$ Vpp × (VREFHL/R - VREFLL/R)/5.

\* AKEMD assumes no responsibility for the usage beyond the conditions in this data sheet.

#### ANALOG CHARACTERISTICS

(Ta=25°C; AVDD=VDDL/R=DVDD=5.0V; VSS1-4 =0V; VREFHL/R=AVDD, VREFLL/R= VSS; Input data = 24bit;  $R_L \ge 1k\Omega$ ; BICK=64fs; Signal Frequency = 1kHz; Sampling Frequency = 44.1kHz; Measurement bandwidth = 20Hz ~ 20kHz; External Circuit: Figure 20; unless otherwise specified.)

| Parameter                    | min                | typ       | max   | Units |       |        |
|------------------------------|--------------------|-----------|-------|-------|-------|--------|
| Resolution                   | -                  | -         | 24    | Bits  |       |        |
| Dynamic Characteristics      | (Note 5)           |           |       |       |       |        |
| THD+N                        | fs=44.1kHz         | 0dBFS     | -     | -105  | 98    | dB     |
|                              | BW=20kHz           | -60dBFS   | -     | -60   | -     | dB     |
|                              | fs=96kHz           | 0dBFS     | -     | 102   | -     | dB     |
|                              | BW=40kHz           | -60dBFS   | -     | -57   | -     | dB     |
|                              | fs=192kHz          | 0dBFS     |       | 102   | -     | dB     |
|                              | BW=40kHz           | -60dBFS   |       | -57   | -     | dB     |
|                              | BW=80kHz           | -60dBFS   |       | -54   | -     | dB     |
| Dynamic Range (-60dBFS w     | vith A-weighted)   | (Note 6)  | 117   | 123   |       | dB     |
| S/N (A-weighted)             |                    | (Note 7)  | 117   | 123   |       | dB     |
| Interchannel Isolation (1kHz | )                  |           | 110   | 120   |       | dB     |
| DC Accuracy                  |                    |           |       |       |       |        |
| Interchannel Gain Mismatch   |                    |           | -     | 0.15  | 0.3   | dB     |
| Gain Drift                   |                    | (Note 8)  | -     | 20    | -     | ppm/°C |
| Output Voltage               |                    | (Note 9)  | ±2.65 | ±2.8  | ±2.95 | Vpp    |
| Load Capacitance             |                    |           | -     | -     | 25    | pF     |
| Load Resistance              |                    | (Note 10) | 1     | -     | -     | kΩ     |
| Power Supplies               |                    |           |       | •     |       |        |
| Power Supply Current         |                    |           |       |       |       |        |
|                              | on (PDN pin = "H"  | ')        |       |       |       |        |
| AVDD -                       | -                  | 60        | 90    | mA    |       |        |
| DVDD (                       | -                  | 43        | -     | mA    |       |        |
| DVDD (                       | DVDD (fs = 192kHz) |           |       |       | 70    | mA     |
| Power down (PI               | DN pin = "L")      | (Note 11) |       |       |       |        |
| AVDD+                        | VDDL/R+DVDD        |           | -     | 10    | 100   | μA     |

Note 5. Measured by Audio Precision, System Two. Averaging mode. Refer to the evaluation board manual.

Note 6. Figure 20 External LPF Circuit Example 2. 101dB for 16-bit data and 118dB for 20-bit data.

Note 7. Figure 20 External LPF Circuit Example 2. S/N does not depend on input data size. Note 8. The voltage on (VREFH – VREFL) is held +5V externally.

- Note 9. Full-scale voltage(0dB). Output voltage scales with the voltage of (VREFHL/R VREFLL/R). AOUT (typ.@0dB) = (AOUT+) - (AOUT-) =  $\pm 2.8$ Vpp × (VREFHL/R - VREFLL/R)/5.
- Note 10. Regarding Load Resistance, AC load is 1kΩ (min) with a DC cut capacitor (Figure 20). DC load is 1.5k ohm (min) without a DC cut capacitor (Figure 19). The load resistance value is with respect to ground. Analog characteristics are sensitive to capacitive load that is connected to the output pin. Therefore the capacitive load must be minimized.
- Note 11. In the power down mode. The P/S pin = DVDD, and all other digital input pins including clock pins (MCLK, BICK and LRCK) are held VSS4.



| SHARP ROLL-OFF FILTER CHARACTERISTICS (fs = 44.1kHz) |             |               |             |              |                |             |            |  |
|--|-------------|---------------|-------------|--------------|----------------|-------------|------------|--|
| (Ta=25°C; AVD)                                       | D=VDDL/R=4. | 75 ~ 5.25V, I | DVDD=4.75 ~ | 5.25V; Norma | al Speed Mode; | DEM=OFF; SI | 0 bit="0") |  |
| Parameter  |             |               | Symbol      | min          | typ            | max         | Units      |  |
| <b>Digital Filter</b>                                |             |               |             |              |                |             |            |  |
| Passband   | (Note 12)   | ±0.01dB       | PB          | 0            |                | 20.0        | kHz        |  |
|  |             | -6.0dB        |             | -            | 22.05          | -           | kHz        |  |
| Stopband   |             | (Note 12)     | SB          | 24.1         |                |             | kHz        |  |
| Passband Ripple                                      |             |               | PR          |              |                | ±0.005      | dB         |  |
| Stopband Attenua                                     | tion        |               | SA          | 100          |                |             | dB         |  |
| Group Delay  |             | (Note 13)     | GD          | -            | 36             | -           | 1/fs       |  |
| Digital Filter + S                                   | CF          |               |             |              |                |             |            |  |
| Frequency Response: 0 ~ 20.0kHz                      |             |               |             | -            | ±0.2           | -           | dB         |  |

| SHARP ROLL-OFF FILTER CHARACTERISTICS (fs = 96kHz) |              |               |             |               |               |             |            |  |
|--|--------------|---------------|-------------|---------------|---------------|-------------|------------|--|
| (Ta=25°C; AVI                                      | DD=VDDL/R=4. | 75 ~ 5.25V, I | OVDD=4.75 ~ | 5.25V; Double | e Speed Mode; | DEM=OFF; SD | ) bit="0") |  |
| Parameter  |              |               | Symbol      | min           | typ           | max         | Units      |  |
| Digital Filter                                     |              |               |             |               |               |             |            |  |
| Passband   | (Note 12)    | ±0.01dB       | PB          | 0             |               | 43.5        | kHz        |  |
|  |              | -6.0dB        |             | -             | 48.0          | -           | kHz        |  |
| Stopband   |              | (Note 12)     | SB          | 52.5          |               |             | kHz        |  |
| Passband Ripple                                    | e            |               | PR          |               |               | ±0.005      | dB         |  |
| Stopband Attenu                                    | uation       |               | SA          | 95            |               |             | dB         |  |
| Group Delay  |              | (Note 13)     | GD          | -             | 36            | -           | 1/fs       |  |
| Digital Filter +                                   | SCF          |               |             |               |               |             |            |  |
| Frequency Response: 0 ~ 40.0kHz                    |              |               |             | -             | ±0.3          | -           | dB         |  |

|                                 | SHARP ROLL-OFF FILTER CHARACTERISTICS (fs = 192kHz) |               |             |               |                |              |         |  |  |
|---------------------------------|---|---------------|-------------|---------------|----------------|--------------|---------|--|--|
| (Ta=25°C; AVI                   | DD=VDDL/R=4.  | 75 ~ 5.25V, I | OVDD=4.75 ~ | 5.25V; Quad S | Speed Mode; DI | EM=OFF; SD b | it="0") |  |  |
| Parameter                       |   |               | Symbol      | min           | typ            | max          | Units   |  |  |
| <b>Digital Filter</b>           |   |               |             |               |                |              |         |  |  |
| Passband                        | (Note 12)   | ±0.01dB       | PB          | 0             |                | 87.0         | kHz     |  |  |
|                                 |   | -6.0dB        |             | -             | 96.0           | -            | kHz     |  |  |
| Stopband                        |   | (Note 12)     | SB          | 105           |                |              | kHz     |  |  |
| Passband Ripple                 | e   |               | PR          |               |                | ±0.005       | dB      |  |  |
| Stopband Attenu                 | uation  |               | SA          | 90            |                |              | dB      |  |  |
| Group Delay                     |   | (Note 13)     | GD          | -             | 36             | -            | 1/fs    |  |  |
| Digital Filter +                | SCF   |               |             |               |                |              |         |  |  |
| Frequency Response: 0 ~ 80.0kHz |   |               |             | -             | +0/-1          | -            | dB      |  |  |

Note 12. The passband and stopband frequencies scale with fs. For example, PB=0.4535×fs (@±0.01dB), SB=0.546×fs. Note 13. The calculating delay time which occurred by digital filtering. This time is from setting the 16/20/24bit data of both channels to input register to the output of analog signal.

| SHORT DELAY FILTER CHARACTERISTICS (fs = 44.1kHz) |                  |             |              |               |             |            |  |  |
|---|------------------|-------------|--------------|---------------|-------------|------------|--|--|
| (Ta=25°C; AVDD=VDDL/R                             | =4.75 ~ 5.25V, I | OVDD=4.75 ~ | 5.25V; Norma | l Speed Mode; | DEM=OFF; SD | ) bit="1") |  |  |
| Parameter   |                  | Symbol      | min          | typ           | max         | Units      |  |  |
| Digital Filter                                    |                  |             |              |               |             |            |  |  |
| Passband (Note 1                                  | 2) ±0.01dB       | PB          | 0            |               | 20.0        | kHz        |  |  |
|   | -6.0dB           |             | -            | 22.05         | -           | kHz        |  |  |
| Stopband  | (Note 12)        | SB          | 24.1         |               |             | kHz        |  |  |
| Passband Ripple                                   |                  | PR          |              |               | ±0.005      | dB         |  |  |
| Stopband Attenuation                              |                  | SA          | 100          |               |             | dB         |  |  |
| Group Delay                                       | (Note 13)        | GD          | -            | 7             | -           | 1/fs       |  |  |
| Digital Filter + SCF                              |                  |             |              |               |             |            |  |  |
| Frequency Response : 0 ~ 20.                      | 0kHz             |             | -            | ±0.2          | -           | dB         |  |  |

| SHORT DELAY FILTER CHARACTERISTICS (fs = 96kHz) |                  |               |             |               |                 |             |          |  |
|---|------------------|---------------|-------------|---------------|-----------------|-------------|----------|--|
| (Ta=25°C; AVDI                                  | D=VDDL/R=4.      | 75 ~ 5.25V, I | OVDD=4.75 ~ | 5.25V; Double | e Speed Mode; ] | DEM=OFF; SD | bit="1") |  |
| Parameter                                       |                  |               | Symbol      | min           | typ             | max         | Units    |  |
| Digital Filter                                  |                  |               |             |               |                 |             |          |  |
| Passband  | (Note 12)        | ±0.01dB       | PB          | 0             |                 | 43.5        | kHz      |  |
|   |                  | -6.0dB        |             | -             | 48.0            | -           | kHz      |  |
| Stopband  |                  | (Note 12)     | SB          | 52.5          |                 |             | kHz      |  |
| Passband Ripple                                 |                  |               | PR          |               |                 | ±0.005      | dB       |  |
| Stopband Attenua                                | tion             |               | SA          | 95            |                 |             | dB       |  |
| Group Delay                                     |                  | (Note 13)     | GD          | -             | 7               | -           | 1/fs     |  |
| Digital Filter + S                              | CF               |               |             |               |                 |             |          |  |
| Frequency Respon                                | nse : 0 ~ 40.0kH | łz            |             | -             | ±0.3            | -           | dB       |  |

| SHORT DELAY FILTER CHARACTERISTICS (fs = 192kHz)   |                   |           |        |     |       |        |       |  |
|--|-------------------|-----------|--------|-----|-------|--------|-------|--|
| (Ta=25°C; AVDD=VDDL/R=4.75 ~ 5.25V, DVDD=4.75 ~ 5.25V; Quad Speed Mode; DEM=OFF; SD bit="1") |                   |           |        |     |       |        |       |  |
| Parameter  |                   |           | Symbol | min | typ   | max    | Units |  |
| Digital Filter   |                   |           |        |     |       |        |       |  |
| Passband   | (Note 12)         | ±0.01dB   | PB     | 0   |       | 87.0   | kHz   |  |
|  |                   | -6.0dB    |        | -   | 96.0  | -      | kHz   |  |
| Stopband   |                   | (Note 12) | SB     | 105 |       |        | kHz   |  |
| Passband Ripple  | 9                 |           | PR     |     |       | ±0.005 | dB    |  |
| Stopband Attenu  | uation            |           | SA     | 90  |       |        | dB    |  |
| Group Delay  |                   | (Note 13) | GD     | -   | 7     | -      | 1/fs  |  |
| Digital Filter +   | SCF               |           |        |     |       |        |       |  |
| Frequency Resp   | onse : 0 ~ 80.0kl | Hz        |        | -   | +0/-1 | -      | dB    |  |

|  | DC CHARACTERISTICS |        |          |     |     |       |  |  |  |
|--|--------------------|--------|----------|-----|-----|-------|--|--|--|
| (Ta=25°C; AVDD=VDDL/R=4.75 ~ 5.25V, DVDD=4.75 ~ 5.25V) |                    |        |          |     |     |       |  |  |  |
| Parameter  |                    | Symbol | min      | typ | max | Units |  |  |  |
| High-Level Input Voltage                               |                    | VIH    | 2.4      | -   | -   | V     |  |  |  |
| Low-Level Input Voltage                                |                    | VIL    | -        | -   | 0.8 | V     |  |  |  |
| High-Level Output Voltage                              | (Iout=-100µA)      | VOH    | DVDD-0.5 | -   | -   | V     |  |  |  |
| Low-Level Output Voltage                               | (Iout=100µA)       | VOL    | -        | -   | 0.5 | V     |  |  |  |
| Input Leakage Current                                  | (Note 14)          | Iin    | -        | -   | ±10 | μA    |  |  |  |

Note 14. The TST1/CAD0 and P/S pins have internal pull-up devices, nominally 100kΩ. Therefore The TST1/CAD0 and P/S pins are not included.

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| SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS                           |                           |            |           |     |        |            |  |  |
|---|---------------------------|------------|-----------|-----|--------|------------|--|--|
| (Ta=25°C; AVDD=VDDL/R=4.75 ~                        | 5.25V, DVDD               |            |           |     |        | <b></b>    |  |  |
| Parameter   |                           | Symbol     | min       | typ | max    | Units      |  |  |
| Master Clock Timing                                 |                           |            |           |     | 11 170 |            |  |  |
| Frequency   |                           | fCLK       | 7.7       |     | 41.472 | MHz        |  |  |
| Duty Cycle  |                           | dCLK       | 40        |     | 60     | %          |  |  |
| LRCK Frequency<br>1152fs, 512fs or 768fs            | (Note 15)                 | fan        | 30        |     | 54     | kHz        |  |  |
| 256fs or 384fs                                      |                           | fsn<br>fsd | 50<br>54  |     | 108    | kHZ<br>kHz |  |  |
| 128fs or 192fs                                      |                           | fsq        | 108       |     | 216    | kHz        |  |  |
| Duty Cycle  |                           | Duty       | 45        |     | 55     | %          |  |  |
| PCM Audio Interface Timing                          |                           |            |           |     |        |            |  |  |
| BICK Period   |                           |            |           |     |        |            |  |  |
| 1152fs, 512fs or 768fs                              |                           | tBCK       | 1/128fsn  |     |        | ns         |  |  |
| 256fs or 384fs                                      |                           | tBCK       | 1/64fsd   |     |        | ns         |  |  |
| 128fs or 192fs                                      |                           | tBCK       | 1/64fsq   |     |        | ns         |  |  |
| BICK Pulse Width Low                                |                           | tBCKL      | 30        |     |        | ns         |  |  |
| BICK Pulse Width High                               |                           | tBCKH      | 30        |     |        | ns         |  |  |
| BICK "↑" to LRCK Edge                               | (Note 16)                 | tBLR       | 20        |     |        | ns         |  |  |
| LRCK Edge to BICK "↑"                               | (Note 16)                 | tLRB       | 20        |     |        | ns         |  |  |
| SDATA Hold Time                                     |                           | tSDH       | 20        |     |        | ns         |  |  |
| SDATA Setup Time                                    |                           | tSDS       | 20        |     |        | ns         |  |  |
| External Digital Filter Mode                        |                           |            |           |     |        |            |  |  |
| BICK Period   |                           | tB tBL     | 27        |     |        | ns         |  |  |
| BCK Pulse Width Low                                 |                           | tBH        | 10        |     |        | ns         |  |  |
| BCK Pulse Width High                                |                           | tBW        | 10        |     |        | ns         |  |  |
| BCK "↑" to WCK Edge                                 |                           | tWB        | 5         |     |        | ns         |  |  |
| WCK Edge to BCK "↑"                                 |                           | tWCK       | 5         |     |        | ns         |  |  |
| WCK Pulse Width Low                                 |                           | tWCH       | 54        |     |        | ns         |  |  |
| WCK Pulse Width High                                |                           | tDH        | 54        |     |        | ns         |  |  |
| DATA Hold Time                                      |                           | tDS        | 5         |     |        | ns         |  |  |
| DATA Setup Time                                     |                           |            | 5         |     |        | ns         |  |  |
| DSD Audio Interface Timing                          |                           |            |           |     |        |            |  |  |
| DCLK Period   |                           | tDCK       | 1/64fs    |     |        | ns         |  |  |
| DCLK Pulse Width Low                                |                           | tDCKL      | 160       |     |        | ns         |  |  |
| DCLK Pulse Width High                               |                           | tDCKH      | 160       |     |        | ns         |  |  |
| DCLK Edge to DSDL/R                                 | (Note 17)                 | tDDD       | -20       |     | 20     | ns         |  |  |
| Control Interface Timing                            |                           | LDDD       | 20        |     | 20     | 115        |  |  |
| CCLK Period   |                           | tCCK       | 200       |     |        | ns         |  |  |
| CCLK Pulse Width Low                                |                           | tCCKL      | 80        |     |        | ns         |  |  |
| Pulse Width High                                    |                           | tCCKL      | 80<br>80  |     |        | ns         |  |  |
| CDTI Setup Time                                     |                           | tCDS       | 80<br>50  |     |        | ns         |  |  |
| CDTI Hold Time                                      |                           | tCDS       | 50<br>50  |     |        | ns         |  |  |
| CSN High Time                                       |                           | tCSW       | 150       |     |        |            |  |  |
| CSN "↓" to CCLK "↑"                                 |                           | tCSW       | 130<br>50 |     |        | ns         |  |  |
| CSN $\downarrow$ to CCLK $\uparrow$ CCLK $\uparrow$ |                           | tCSH       | 50        |     |        | ns         |  |  |
|   |                           | коп        | 50        |     |        | ns         |  |  |
| Reset Timing  | $(\mathbf{N}_{1}, 1_{2})$ | 400        | 150       |     |        |            |  |  |
| PDN Pulse Width                                     | (Note 18)                 | tPD        | 150       |     |        | ns         |  |  |

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Note 15. When the 1152fs, 512fs or 768fs /256fs or 384fs /128fs or 192fs are switched, the AK4399 should be reset by the PDN pin or RSTN bit.

Note 16. BICK rising edge must not occur at the same time as LRCK edge.

Note 17. DSD data transmitting device must meet this time.

Note 18. The AK4399 can be reset by bringing the PDN pin "L" to "H" upon power-up.

# 1/fCLK VIH MCLK VIL tCLKH tCLKL dCLK=tCLKH x fCLK, tCLKL x fCLK 1/fs VIH LRCK VIL tBCK VIH BICK VIL tBCKH tBCKL 1/fs VIH WCK VIL tΒ VIH BCK VIL tBH tBL

#### Timing Diagram

Clock Timing









WRITE Command Input Timing



WRITE Data Input Timing



External Digital Filter I/F mode

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#### **OPERATION OVERVIEW**

#### ■ D/A Conversion Mode

In serial mode, the AK4399 can perform D/A conversion for either PCM data or DSD data. The D/P bit controls PCM/DSD mode. When DSD mode, DSD data can be input from DCLK, DSDL and DSDR pins. When PCM mode, PCM data can be input from BICK, LRCK and SDATA pins. When PCM/DSD mode is changed by D/P bit, the AK4399 should be reset by RSTN bit. It takes about 2/fs to 3/fs to change the mode. In parallel mode, the AK4399 performs for only PCM data.

| DP bit | Interface |  |  |  |  |  |
|--------|-----------|--|--|--|--|--|
| 0      | PCM       |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1      | DSD       |  |  |  |  |  |
|        |           |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 1. PCM/DSD Mode Control

When DP bit= "0", an internal digital filter or external digital filter can be selected. When using an external digital filter (EX DF I/F mode), data is input to each MCLK, BCK, WCK, DINL and DINR pin. EXD bit controls the modes. When switching internal and external digital filters, the AK4399 must be reset by RSTN bit. A Digital filter switching takes 2~3k/fs.

|       | Ex DF bit    | Interface        |       |
|-------|--------------|------------------|-------|
|       | 0            | PCM              |       |
|       | 1            | EX DF I/F        |       |
| a a 2 | Digital Filt | er Control (DP b | hit — |

Table 2. Digital Filter Control (DP bit = "0")

#### System Clock

#### [1] PCM Mode

The external clocks, which are required to operate the AK4399, are MCLK, BICK and LRCK. MCLK should be synchronized with LRCK but the phase is not critical. The MCLK is used to operate the digital interpolation filter and the delta-sigma modulator. Sampling speed and MCLK frequency are detected automatically and then the initial master clock is set to the appropriate frequency (Table 3). When external clocks are changed, the AK4399 should be reset by the PDN pin or RSTN bit.

The AK4399 is automatically placed in reset state when MCLK and LRCK are stopped during a normal operation (PDN pin ="H"), and the analog output becomes Hi-Z. When MCLK and LRCK are input again, the AK4399 exit reset state and starts the operation. After exiting system reset (PDN pin ="L" $\rightarrow$ "H") at power-up and other situations, the AK4399 is in power-down mode until MCLK and LRCK are supplied.

The MCLK frequency corresponding to each sampling speed should be provided (Table 4).

| MC    | MCLK   |        | Sampling Rate |
|-------|--------|--------|---------------|
| 115   | 1152fs |        | 30kHz~32kHz   |
| 512fs | 768fs  | Normal | 30kHz~54kHz   |
| 256fs | 384fs  | Double | 30kHz~108kHz  |
| 128fs | 192fs  | Quad   | 108kHz~216kHz |

Table 3. Sampling Speed

| LRCK     | MCLK (MHz) |         |         |         |         |         |         |  |
|----------|------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--|
| fs       | 128fs      | 192fs   | 256fs   | 384fs   | 512fs   | 768fs   | 1152fs  |  |
| 32.0kHz  | N/A        | N/A     | 8.1920  | 12.2880 | 16.3840 | 24.5760 | 36.8640 |  |
| 44.1kHz  | N/A        | N/A     | 11.2896 | 16.9344 | 22.5792 | 33.8688 | N/A     |  |
| 48.0kHz  | N/A        | N/A     | 12.2880 | 18.4320 | 24.5760 | 36.8640 | N/A     |  |
| 88.2kHz  | N/A        | N/A     | 22.5792 | 33.8688 | N/A     | N/A     | N/A     |  |
| 96.0kHz  | N/A        | N/A     | 24.5760 | 36.8640 | N/A     | N/A     | N/A     |  |
| 176.4kHz | 22.5792    | 33.8688 | N/A     | N/A     | N/A     | N/A     | N/A     |  |
| 192.0kHz | 24.5760    | 36.8640 | N/A     | N/A     | N/A     | N/A     | N/A     |  |

Table 4. System Clock Example (Parallel Control Mode) (N/A: Not available)

MCLK= 256fs/384fs supports sampling rate of 30kHz~108kHz (Table 5). But, when the sampling rate is 30kHz~54kHz, DR and S/N will degrade by approximately 3dB as compared to when MCLK= 512fs/768fs.

| MCLK        | DR,S/N |
|-------------|--------|
| 256fs/384fs | 120dB  |
| 512fs/768fs | 123dB  |

Table 5. Relationship between MCLK frequency and DR, S/N (fs= 44.1kHz)

#### [2] DSD Mode

The external clocks, which are required to operate the AK4399, are MCLK and DCLK. MCLK should be synchronized with DCLK but the phase is not critical. The frequency of MCLK is set by DCKS bit.

The AK4399 is automatically placed in reset state when MCLK is stopped during a normal operation (PDN pin ="H"), and the analog output becomes Hi-Z. After exiting system reset (PDN pin ="L" $\rightarrow$ "H") at power-up and other situations, the AK4399 is in power-down mode until MCLK is supplied.

| DCKS bit | MCLK Frequency | DCLK Frequency |           |  |  |  |
|----------|----------------|----------------|-----------|--|--|--|
| 0        | 512fs          | 64fs           | (default) |  |  |  |
| 1        | 768fs          | 64fs           |           |  |  |  |
|          |                |                |           |  |  |  |

Table 6. System Clock (DSD Mode)

# ■ Audio Interface Format

#### [1] PCM Mode

Data is shifted in via the SDATA pin using BICK and LRCK inputs. Eight data formats are supported and selected by the DIF2-0 pins (Parallel control mode) or DIF2-0 bits (Serial control mode) as shown in Table 7. In all formats the serial data is MSB-first, 2's compliment format and is latched on the rising edge of BICK. Mode 2 can be used for 20-bit and 16-bit MSB justified formats by zeroing the unused LSBs. Settings should be made by DIF2-0 pins in parallel mode and DIF2-0 bits in serial mode.



Figure 2. Mode 1/4 Timing



Figure 5. Mode 5 Timing





Figure 7. Mode 7 Timing

# [2] DSD Mode

In case of DSD mode, DIF2-0 pins and DIF2-0 bits are ignored. The frequency of DCLK is fixed to 64fs. DCKB bit can invert the polarity of DCLK.



Figure 8. DSD Mode Timing

#### [3] External Digital Filter Mode (EX DF I/F Mode)

DW indicates the number of BCK in one WCK cycle. The audio data is input by MCLK, BCK and WCK from the DINL and DINR pins. Three formats are available (Table 9) by DIF2-0 bits setting. The data is latched on the rising edge of BCK. The BCK and MCLK clocks must be the same frequency and must not burst. BCK and MCLK frequencies for each sampling speed are shown in Table 8.

The AK4399 is automatically placed in reset state when MCLK and WCK are stopped during a normal operation (PDN pin ="H"), and the analog output becomes Hi-Z. When MCLK and WCK are input again, the AK4399 exit reset state and starts the operation. After exiting system reset (PDN pin ="L" $\rightarrow$ "H") at power-up and other situations, the AK4399 is in power-down mode until MCLK and WCK are supplied.

| Sampling     |        |        | MCLK&B  | CK [MHz] |         |         | WCK  | ECS         |
|--------------|--------|--------|---------|----------|---------|---------|------|-------------|
| Speed[kHz]   | 128fs  | 192fs  | 256fs   | 384fs    | 512fs   | 768fs   |      |             |
| 44.1(30~54)  | N/A    | N/A    | N/A     | N/A      | 22.5792 | 33.8688 | 16fs | - 0         |
| 44.1(50~54)  |        |        |         |          | 32      | 48      | DW   | . 0         |
| 44.1(30~54)  | N/A    | N/A    | 11.2896 | 16.9344  | N/A     | 33.8688 | 8fs  | 8fs<br>DW 1 |
| 44.1(30~34)  |        |        | 32      | 48       |         | 96      | DW   |             |
| 96(54~108)   | N/A    | N/A    | 24.576  | 36.864   | N/A     | N/A     | 8fs  | . 0         |
| 90(34~108)   |        |        | 32      | 48       |         |         | DW   | . 0         |
| 96(54~108)   | 12.288 | 18.432 | N/A     | 36.864   | N/A     | N/A     | 4fs  | 1           |
| 90(34~108)   | 32     | 48     |         | 96       |         |         | DW   | · 1         |
| 192(108~216) | 24.576 | 36.864 | N/A     | N/A      | N/A     | N/A     | 4fs  | . 0         |
| 192(108~210) | 32     | 48     |         |          |         |         | DW   | . 0         |
| 192(108~216) | N/A    | 36.864 | N/A     | N/A      | N/A     | N/A     | 2fs  | 1           |
| 192(108~210) |        | 96     |         |          |         |         | DW   | • 1         |

Table 8 System Clock Example (EX DF I/F mode) (N/A: Not available)

| Mode | DIF2 | DIF1 | DIF0 | Input Format        |
|------|------|------|------|---------------------|
| 0    | 0    | 0    | 0    | 16bit LSB justified |
| 1    | 0    | 0    | 1    | N/A                 |
| 2    | 0    | 1    | 0    | N/A                 |
| 3    | 0    | 1    | 1    | N/A                 |
| 4    | 1    | 0    | 0    | 24bit LSB justified |
| 5    | 1    | 0    | 1    | 32bit LSB justified |
| 6    | 1    | 1    | 0    | N/A                 |
| 7    | 1    | 1    | 1    | N/A                 |

Table 9 Audio Interface Format (EX DF I/F mode) (N/A: Not available)



Figure 9 EX DF I/F Mode Timing

# AKM

## ■ D/A Conversion Mode Switching Timing



Note. The signal range is identified as 25% ~ 75% duty ratios in DSD mode. DSD signal must not go beyond this duty range at the SACD format book (Scarlet Book).

#### ■ De-emphasis Filter

A digital de-emphasis filter is available for 32kHz, 44.1kHz or 48kHz sampling rates (tc =  $50/15\mu$ s) and is enabled or disabled with DEM1-0 pins or DEM1-0 bits. In case of 256fs/384fs and 128fs/192fs, the digital de-emphasis filter is always off. When DSD mode, DEM1-0 bits are ignored. The setting value is held even if PCM mode and DSD mode are switched.

| -         |         |      |      |
|-----------|---------|------|------|
|           | Mode    | DEM0 | DEM1 |
|           | 44.1kHz | 0    | 0    |
| (default) | OFF     | 1    | 0    |
|           | 48kHz   | 0    | 1    |
|           | 32kHz   | 1    | 1    |
|           | ~       |      |      |

Table 10. De-emphasis Control

#### ■ Output Volume

The AK4399 includes channel independent digital output volumes (ATT) with 255 levels at linear step including MUTE. These volume control is in front of the DAC and it can attenuate the input data from 0dB to -127dB and mute. When changing output levels, transitions are executed in soft change; thus no switching noise occurs during these transitions.

#### ■ Zero Detection (PCM mode, DSD mode)

The AK4399 has channel-independent zeros detect function. When the input data at each channel is continuously zeros for 8192 LRCK cycles, the DZF pin of each channel goes to "H". The DZF pin of each channel immediately return to "L" if the input data of each channel is not zero after going to "H". If the RSTN bit is "0", the DZF pins of both channels go to "H". The DZF pins of both channels go to "L" at 4 ~ 5/fs after RSTN bit returns to "1". If DZFM bit is set to "1", the DZF pins of both channels go to "H" only when the input data for both channels are continuously zeros for 8192 LRCK cycles. The zero detect function can be disabled by setting the DZFE bit. In this case, DZF pins of both channels are always "L". The DZFB bit can invert the polarity of the DZF pin.

## ■ Mono Output

The AK4399 can select input/output for both output channels by setting the MONO bit and SELLR bit. This function is available for any audio format.

| MONO bit | SELLR bit | Lch Out | Rch Out |
|----------|-----------|---------|---------|
| 0        | 0         | Lch In  | Rch In  |
| 0        | 1         | Rch In  | Lch In  |
| 1        | 0         | Lch In  | Lch In  |
| 1        | 1         | Rch In  | Rch In  |

Table 11 MONO Mode Output Select

#### ■ Soft Mute Operation

The soft mute operation is performed at digital domain. When the SMUTE pin goes to "H" or the SMUTE bit set to "1", the output signal is attenuated by  $-\infty$  during ATT\_DATA × ATT transition time from the current ATT level. When the SMUTE pin is returned to "L" or the SMUTE bit is returned to "0", the mute is cancelled and the output attenuation gradually changes to the ATT level during ATT\_DATA × ATT transition time. If the soft mute is cancelled before attenuating  $-\infty$  after starting the operation, the attenuation is discontinued and returned to ATT level by the same cycle. The soft mute is effective for changing the signal source without stopping the signal transmission.



Notes:

- (1) ATT\_DATA × ATT transition time. For example, this time is 1020LRCK cycles (1020/fs) at ATT\_DATA=255 in Normal Speed Mode.
- (2) The analog output corresponding to the digital input has group delay (GD).
- (3) If the soft mute is cancelled before attenuating  $-\infty$  after starting the operation, the attenuation is discontinued and returned to ATT level by the same cycle.
- (4) When the input data for each channel is continuously zeros for 8192 LRCK cycles, the DZF pin for each channel goes to "H". The DZF pin immediately returns to "L" if input data are not zero.

Figure 12. Soft Mute Function

#### System Reset

The AK4399 should be reset once by bringing the PDN pin = "L" upon power-up. It initializes register settings of the device. The AK4399 exits this system reset (power-down mode) by MCLK and LRCK after the PDN pin = "H", and the analog block exits power-down mode. The digital block exits power-down mode after the internal counter counts MCLK for 4/fs.

#### ■ Power ON/OFF timing

The AK4399 is placed in the power-down mode by bringing the PDN pin "L" and the registers are initialized. the analog outputs are floating (Hi-Z). As some click noise occurs at the edge of the PDN pin signal, the analog output should be muted externally if the click noise influences system application.

The DAC can be reset by setting RSTN bit to "0". In this case, the registers are not initialized and the corresponding analog outputs go to VCML/R. As some click noise occurs at the edge of RSTN signal, the analog output should be muted externally if click noise aversely affect system performance.



Notes:

- (1) After AVDD and DVDD are powered-up, the PDN pin should be "L" for 150ns.
- (2) The analog output corresponding to digital input has group delay (GD).
- (3) Analog outputs are floating (Hi-Z) in power-down mode.
- (4) Click noise occurs at the edge of PDN signal. This noise is output even if "0" data is input.
- (5) MCLK, BICK and LRCK clocks can be stopped in power-down mode (PDN pin= "L").
- (6) Mute the analog output externally if click noise (3) adversely affect system performance The timing example is shown in this figure.
- (7) DZFL/R pins are "L" in the power-down mode (PDN pin = "L").

Figure 13. Power-down/up Sequence Example



#### Reset Function

(1) RESET by RSTN bit = "0"

When the RSTN bit = "0", the AK4399's digital block is powered down, but the internal register values are not initialized. In this time, the analog outputs go to VCML/R voltage and DZFL/DZFR pins are "H". Figure 14 shows an example of reset by RSTN bit.



Notes:

- (1) The analog output corresponding to digital input has group delay (GD).
- (2) Analog outputs settle to VCOM voltage.
- (3) Small pop noise occurs at the edges("↑ ↓") of the internal timing of RSTN bit. This noise is output even if "0" data is input.
- (4) The DZF pins change to "H" when the RSTN bit becomes "0", and return to "L" at 2/fs after RSTN bit becomes "1".
- (5) There is a delay, 3~4/fs from RSTN bit "0" to the internal RSTN bit "0", and 2~3/fs from RSTN bit "1" to the internal RSTN bit "1".
- (6) Mute the analog output externally if click noise (3) and Hi-Z (2) adversely affect system performance

Figure 14. Reset Sequence Example 1



#### (2) RESET by MCLK or LRCK/WCK Stop

The AK4399 is automatically placed in reset state when MCLK or LRCK is stopped during PDM mode (RSTN pin ="H"), and the analog outputs are floating (Hi-Z). When MCLK and LRCK are input again, the AK4399 exits reset state and starts the operation. Zero detect function is disable when MCLK or LRCK is stopped. In DSD mode the AK4399 is in reset state when MCLK is stopped, and it is in reset state when MCLK and WCK are stopped in external digital filter mode.

| AVDD pin<br>DVDD pin         |            |                 |                              |                  |
|------------------------------|------------|-----------------|------------------------------|------------------|
| RSTB pin                     | (1)        |                 |                              |                  |
| Internal<br>State            | Power-down | NormalOperation | Digital Circuit Power-down   | Normal Operation |
| D/A In (Digital)             | Power-down |                 | (3)                          |                  |
| D/A Out<br>(Analog)          | Hi-Z       |                 |                              |                  |
| Clock In<br>MCLK, BICK, LRCK |            |                 | (5)<br>MCLK, BICK, LRCK Stop |                  |
| External<br>MUTE             | (6         | 6)              | 6)                           | š)               |

Notes:

- (1) After AVDD and DVDD are powered-up, the PDN pin should be "L" for 150ns.
- (2) The analog output corresponding to digital input has group delay (GD).
- (3) The digital data can be stopped. Click noise after MCLK, BICK and LRCK are input again can be reduced by inputting "0" data during this period.
- (4) Click noise occurs within 3 ~ 4LRCK cycles from the riding edge ("↑") of the PDN pin or MCLK inputs. This noise occurs even when "0" data is input.
- (5) Clocks (MCLK, BICK, LRCK) can be stopped in the reset state (MCLK or LRCK is stopped).
- (6) Mute the analog output externally if click noise (4) influences system applications. The timing example is shown in this figure.

Figure 15. Reset Sequence Example 2

# Register Control Interface

Pins (parallel control mode) or registers (serial control mode) can control the functions of the AK4399. In parallel control mode, the register setting is ignored, and in serial control mode the pin settings are ignored. When the state of the PSN pin is changed, the AK4399 should be reset by the PDN pin. The serial control interface is enabled by the PSN pin = "L". In this mode, pin settings must be all "L". Internal registers may be written to through3-wire  $\mu$ P interface pins: CSN, CCLK and CDTI. The data on this interface consists of Chip address (2-bits, C1/0), Read/Write (1-bit; fixed to "1"), Register address (MSB first, 5-bits) and Control data (MSB first, 8-bits). The AK4399 latches the data on the rising edge of CCLK, so data should be clocked in on the falling edge. The writing of data is valid when CSN " $\uparrow$ ". The clock speed of CCLK is 5MHz (max).

| Function           | Parallel Control Mode | Serial Control Mode |
|--------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|
| Audio Format       | Y                     | Y                   |
| De-emphasis        | Y                     | Y                   |
| SMUTE              | Y                     | Y                   |
| DSD Mode           | -                     | Y                   |
| EX DF I/F          | -                     | Y                   |
| Short delay Filter | -                     | Y                   |
| Digital Attenuator | -                     | Y                   |

Table 12. Function List1 (Y: Available, -: Not available)

Setting the PDN pin to "L" resets the registers to their default values. In serial control mode, the internal timing circuit is reset by the RSTN bit, but the registers are not initialized.



\* The AK4399 does not support the read command.

\* When the AK4399 is in power down mode (PDN pin = "L") or the MCLK is not provided, a writing into the control registers is prohibited.

\* The control data can not be written when the CCLK rising edge is 15 times or less or 17 times or more during CSN is "L".



#### Function List

| Function                                      | Default               | Address    | Bit    | PCM | DSD | Ex DF I/F |
|---|-----------------------|------------|--------|-----|-----|-----------|
| Attenuation Level                             | 0dB                   | 03H<br>04H | ATT7-0 | Y   | Y   | Y         |
| External Digital Filter I/F Mode              | Disable               | 00H        | EXDF   | Y   | -   | Y         |
| Ex DF I/F mode clock setting                  | 16fs(fs=44.1kHz)      | 00H        | ESC    | -   | -   | Y         |
| Audio Data Interface Modes                    | 24bit MSB justified   | 00H        | DIF2-0 | Y   | -   | -         |
| Data Zero Detect Enable                       | Disable               | 01H        | DZFE   | Y   | Y   | -         |
| Data Zero Detect Mode                         | Separated             | 01H        | DZFM   | Y   | Y   |           |
| Short delay Filter Enable                     | Sharp roll-off filter | 01H        | SD     | Y   | -   | -         |
| De-emphasis Response                          | OFF                   | 01H        | DEM1-0 | Y   | -   | -         |
| Soft Mute Enable                              | Normal Operation      | 01H        | SMUTE  | Y   | Y   | Y         |
| DSD/PCM Mode Select                           | PCM mode              | 02H        | DP     | Y   | Y   | -         |
| Master Clock Frequency Select at DSD mode     | 512fs                 | 02H        | DCKS   | -   | Y   | -         |
| MONO mode Stereo mode select                  | Stereo                | 02H        | MONO   | Y   | Y   | Y         |
| Inverting Enable of DZF                       | "H" active            | 02H        | DZFB   | Y   | Y   | -         |
| The data selection of L channel and R channel | R channel             | 02H        | SELLR  | Y   | Y   | Y         |

Table 13. Function List2 (Y: Available, -: Not available)

# AKM

# Register Map

| Addr | Register Name | D7   | D6   | D5   | D4   | D3   | D2   | D1    | D0    |
|------|---------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|
| 00H  | Control 1     | 0    | EXDF | ECS  | 0    | DIF2 | DIF1 | DIF0  | RSTN  |
| 01H  | Control 2     | DZFE | DZFM | SD   | 0    | 0    | DEM1 | DEM0  | SMUTE |
| 02H  | Control 3     | DP   | 0    | DCKS | DCKB | MONO | DZFB | SELLR | 0     |
| 03H  | Lch ATT       | ATT7 | ATT6 | ATT5 | ATT4 | ATT3 | ATT2 | ATT1  | ATT0  |
| 04H  | Rch ATT       | ATT7 | ATT6 | ATT5 | ATT4 | ATT3 | ATT2 | ATT1  | ATT0  |

Notes:

Data must not be written into addresses from 05H to 1FH.

When the PDN pin goes to "L", the registers are initialized to their default values.

When RSTN bit is set to "0", only the internal timing is reset, and the registers are not initialized to their default values.

When the state of the PSN pin is changed, the AK4399 should be reset by the PDN pin.

# Register Definitions

| Addr | Register Name | D7 | D6   | D5  | D4 | D3   | D2   | D1   | D0   |
|------|---------------|----|------|-----|----|------|------|------|------|
| 00H  | Control 1     | 0  | EXDF | ECS | 0  | DIF2 | DIF1 | DIF0 | RSTN |
|      | Default       | 1  | 0    | 0   | 0  | 0    | 1    | 0    | 1    |

RSTN: Internal Timing Reset

0: Reset. All registers are not initialized.

1: Normal Operation (default)

When internal clocks are changed, the AK4399 should be reset by the PDN pin or RSTN bit.

DIF2-0: Audio Data Interface Modes (Table 7) Initial value is "010" (Mode 2: 24-bit MSB justified).

ECS: Ex DF I/F mode clock setting (Table 8)

0: Disable: Internal Digital Filter mode (default)

1: Enable: External Digital Filter mode

EXDF: External Digital Filter I/F Mode (Serial mode only)

0: Disable: Internal Digital Filter mode (default)

1: Enable: External Digital Filter mode

#### DIF2-0: Audio Data Interface Modes (Table 7) Initial value is "010" (Mode2: 24bit MSB justified)

MS1005-E-00

| Addr | Register Name | D7   | D6   | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2   | D1   | D0    |
|------|---------------|------|------|----|----|----|------|------|-------|
| 01H  | Control 2     | DZFE | DZFM | SD | 0  | 0  | DEM1 | DEM0 | SMUTE |
|      | Default       | 0    | 0    | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0    | 1    | 0     |

- SMUTE: Soft Mute Enable 0: Normal Operation (default) 1: DAC outputs soft-muted.
- DEM1-0: De-emphasis Response (Table 10) Initial value is "01" (OFF).
- SD: Short delay Filter Enable 0: Sharp roll-off filter (default) 1: Short delay filter
- DZFM: Data Zero Detect Mode
  - 0: Channel Separated Mode (default)
  - 1: Channel ANDed Mode

If the DZFM bit is set to "1", the DZF pins of both channels go to "H" only when the input data at both channels are continuously zeros for 8192 LRCK cycles.

DZFE: Data Zero Detect Enable

0: Disable (default)

1: Enable

Zero detect function can be disabled by DZFE bit "0". In this case, the DZF pins of both channels are always "L".

| Addr Register Name | D7 |   | D6 | D5   |   | D4   | D3   | 1 | D2   |    | D1   | D0 |
|--------------------|----|---|----|------|---|------|------|---|------|----|------|----|
| 02H Control 3      | DP |   | 0  | DCKS | - | DCKB | MONO | - | DZFB | SE | ELLR | 0  |
| Default            | 0  | - | 0  | 0    |   | 0    | 0    | ; | 0    |    | 0    | 0  |

SELLR: The data selection of L channel and R channel, when MONO mode

0: All channel output R channel data, when MONO mode. (default)

1: All channel output L channel data, when MONO mode.

It is enabled when MONO bit is "1", and outputs Rch date to both channels when "0",outputs Lch data to both channels when "1".

#### DZFB: Inverting Enable of DZF

0: DZF pin goes "H" at Zero Detection (default)

- 1: DZF pin goes "L" at Zero Detection
- MONO: MONO mode Stereo mode select

0: Stereo mode (default)

1: MONO mode When MONO bit is "1", MONO mode is enabled.

#### DCKB: Polarity of DCLK (DSD Only)

0: DSD data is output from DCLK falling edge. (default)

1: DSD data is output from DCLK rising edge.

DCKS: Master Clock Frequency Select at DSD mode (DSD only) 0: 512fs (default) 1: 768fs

#### DP: DSD/PCM Mode Select

0: PCM Mode (default)

1: DSD Mode

When D/P bit is changed, the AK4399 should be reset by RSTN bit.

| Addr | Register Name | D7   | D6   | D5   | D4   | D3   | D2   | D1   | D0   |
|------|---------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| 03H  | Lch ATT       | ATT7 | ATT6 | ATT5 | ATT4 | ATT3 | ATT2 | ATT1 | ATT0 |
| 04H  | Rch ATT       | ATT7 | ATT6 | ATT5 | ATT4 | ATT3 | ATT2 | ATT1 | ATT0 |
|      | Default       | 1    | 1    | 1    | 1    | 1    | 1    | 1    | 1    |

ATT7-0: Attenuation Level

256 levels, 0.5dB step

| Data | Attenuation |
|------|-------------|
| FFH  | 0dB         |
| FEH  | -0.5dB      |
| FDH  | -1.0dB      |
| :    | :           |
| :    | :           |
| 02H  | -126.5dB    |
| 01H  | -127.0dB    |
| 00H  | MUTE (-∞)   |

The transition between set values is soft transition of 7425 levels. It takes 7424/fs (168ms@fs=44.1kHz) from FFH (0dB) to 00H (MUTE). If the PDN pin goes to "L", the ATTs are initialized to FFH. The ATTs are FFH when RSTN bit= "0". When RSTN return to "1", the ATTs fade to their current value. This digital attenuator is independent of soft mute function.

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#### SYSTEM DESIGN

Figure 17 shows the system connection diagram. Figure 19, Figure 20 and Figure 21 show the analog output circuit examples. The evaluation board (AKD4399) demonstrates the optimum layout, power supply arrangements and measurement results.



Notes:

- Chip Address = "00". BICK = 64fs, LRCK = fs
- Power lines of AVDD and DVDD should be distributed separately from the point with low impedance of regulator etc.
- VSS1-4 must be connected to the same analog ground plane.
- When AOUT drives a capacitive load, some resistance should be connected in series between AOUT and the capacitive load.
- All input pins except pull-down/pull-up pins should not be allowed to float.

Figure 17. Typical Connection Diagram (AVDD=VDDL/R=5V, DVDD=5V, Serial control mode)



Figure 18. Ground Layout

# 1. Grounding and Power Supply Decoupling

To minimize coupling by digital noise, decoupling capacitors should be connected to AVDD, VDDL/R and DVDD respectively. AVDD and VDDL/R are supplied from analog supply in system and DVDD is supplied from digital supply in system. Power lines of AVDD, VDDL/R and DVDD should be distributed separately from the point with low impedance of regulator etc. The power up sequence between AVDD, VDDL/R and DVDD is not critical. **VSS1-4 must be connected to the same analog ground plane.** Decoupling capacitors for high frequency should be placed as near as possible to the supply pin.

#### 2. Voltage Reference

The differential voltage between VREFHL/R and VREFLL/R sets the analog output range. The VREFHL/R pin is normally connected to AVDD, and the VREFLL/R pin is normally connected to VSS1/2/3. VREFHL/R and VREFLL/R should be connected with a  $0.1\mu$ F ceramic capacitor as near as possible to the pin to eliminate the effects of high frequency noise. No load current may be drawn from VCML/R pin. All signals, especially clocks, should be kept away from the VREFHL/R and VREFLL/R pins in order to avoid unwanted noise coupling into the AK4399.

#### 3. Analog Outputs

The analog outputs are full differential outputs and 2.8Vpp (typ, VREFHL/R – VREFLL/R = 5V) centered around AVDD/2. The differential outputs are summed externally,  $V_{AOUT} = (AOUT+) - (AOUT-)$  between AOUT+ and AOUT-. If the summing gain is 1, the output range is 5.6Vpp (typ, VREFHL/R – VREFLL/R = 5V). The bias voltage of the external summing circuit is supplied externally. The input data format is 2's complement. The output voltage ( $V_{AOUT}$ ) is a positive full scale for 7FFFFFH (@24bit) and a negative full scale for 800000H (@24bit). The ideal  $V_{AOUT}$  is 0V for 000000H(@24bit).

The internal switched-capacitor filters attenuate the noise generated by the delta-sigma modulator beyond the audio passband. Figure 19 shows an example of external LPF circuit summing the differential outputs by an op-amp. Figure 20 shows an example of differential outputs and LPF circuit example by three op-amps.



Figure 19. External LPF Circuit Example 1 for PCM (fc = 125kHz, Q=0.692)

| Frequency Response | Gain     |
|--------------------|----------|
| 20kHz              | -0.012dB |
| 40kHz              | -0.083dB |
| 80kHz              | -0.799dB |

Table 14. Frequency Response of External LPF Circuit Example 1 for PCM



Figure 20. External LPF Circuit Example 2 for PCM

|                       |       | 1 <sup>st</sup> Stage | 2 <sup>nd</sup> Stage | Total    |
|-----------------------|-------|-----------------------|-----------------------|----------|
| Cut-off Frequency     |       | 182kHz                | 284kHz                | -        |
| Q                     |       | 0.637                 | -                     | -        |
| Gain                  |       | +3.9dB -0.88dB        |                       | +3.02dB  |
| Frequency<br>Response | 20kHz | -0.025                | -0.021                | -0.046dB |
|                       | 40kHz | -0.106                | -0.085                | -0.191dB |
|                       | 80kHz | -0.517                | -0.331                | -0.848dB |

Table 15. Frequency Response of External LPF Circuit Example 2 for PCM



It is recommended for SACD format book (Scarlet Book) that the filter response at SACD playback is an analog low pass filter with a cut-off frequency of maximum 50kHz and a slope of minimum 30dB/Oct. The AK4399 can achieve this filter response by combination of the internal filter (Table 16) and an external filter (Figure 21).

| Frequency | Gain    |
|-----------|---------|
| 20kHz     | -0.4dB  |
| 50kHz     | -2.8dB  |
| 100kHz    | -15.5dB |

 Table 16. Internal Filter Response at DSD Mode



Figure 21. External 3rd Order LPF Circuit Example for DSD

| Frequency           | Gain    |  |
|---------------------|---------|--|
| 20kHz               | -0.05dB |  |
| 50kHz               | -0.51dB |  |
| 100kHz -16.8dB      |         |  |
| DC gain = $1.07$ dB |         |  |

Table 17. 3rd Order LPF (Figure 21) Response



# Material & Lead finish





- 2) AKM Logo
- 3) Date Code: XXXXXX(7 digits)
- 4) Marking Code: AK4399
- 5) Audio 4 pro Logo

## **REVISION HISTORY**

| Date (YY/MM/DD) | Revision | Reason        | Page | Contents |
|-----------------|----------|---------------|------|----------|
| 08/10/20        | 00       | First Edition |      |          |

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