## **General Description**

The MAX6715A-MAX6729A/MAX6797A are ultra-low-voltage microprocessor (µP) supervisory circuits designed to monitor two or three system power-supply voltages. These devices assert a system reset if any monitored supply falls below its factory-trimmed or adjustable threshold and maintain reset for a minimum timeout period after all supplies rise above their thresholds. The integrated dual/triple supervisory circuits significantly improve system reliability and reduce size compared to separate ICs or discrete components.

These devices monitor primary supply voltages (V<sub>CC</sub>1) from 1.8V to 5.0V and secondary supply voltages (V<sub>CC</sub>2) from 0.9V to 3.3V with factory-trimmed reset threshold voltage options (see the Reset Voltage Threshold Suffix Guide). An externally adjustable RSTIN input option allows customers to monitor a third supply voltage down to 0.62V. These devices are guaranteed to be in the correct reset output logic state when either V<sub>CC</sub>1 or V<sub>CC</sub>2 remains greater than 0.8V.

A variety of push-pull or open-drain reset outputs along with watchdog input, manual-reset input, and power-fail input/output features are available (see the Selector Guide). Select reset timeout periods from 1.1ms to 1120ms (min) (see the Reset Timeout Period Suffix Guide). The MAX6715A-MAX6729A/MAX6797A are available in small 5-, 6-, and 8-pin SOT23 packages and operate over the -40°C to +125°C temperature range.

## Applications

Multivoltage Systems Telecom/Networking Equipment Computers/Servers Portable/Batterv-**Operated Equipment**  Industrial Equipment Printers/Fax Machines Set-Top Boxes

Typical Operating Circuit

#### DC-DC OUT2 UNREGULATED CONVERTER DC OUT 0.9V 1.8V V<sub>CC</sub>1 I/O CORE SUPPLY SUPPLY /N/IXI/M R1 MAX6729A/ MAX6797A RST RESET μΡ RSTIN/PFI I/0 WDI MR PEO NMI R2 MAX67 PUSHBUTTON SWITCH Ŧ Ŧ

## 

**Features** 

- V<sub>CC</sub>1 (Primary Supply) Reset Threshold Voltages from 1.58V to 4.63V
- V<sub>CC</sub>2 (Secondary Supply) Reset Threshold Voltages from 0.79V to 3.08V
- Externally Adjustable RSTIN Threshold for Auxiliary/Triple-Voltage Monitoring (0.62V Internal Reference)
- Watchdog Timer Option 35s (min) Long Startup Period 1.12s (min) Normal Timeout Period
- Manual-Reset Input Option
- Power-Fail Input/Power-Fail Output Option (Push-Pull and Open-Drain Active-Low)
- Guaranteed Reset Valid Down to Vcc1 or  $V_{CC}2 = 0.8V$
- Reset Output Logic Options
- Immune to Short V<sub>CC</sub> Transients
- Low Supply Current 14µA (typ) at 3.6V
- Watchdog Disable Feature
- Small 5-, 6-, and 8-Pin SOT23 Packages

## **Ordering Information**

PART	TEMP RANGE	PIN- PACKAGE
MAX6715AUTD_+T	-40°C to +125°C	6 SOT23
MAX6716AUTD_+T	-40°C to +125°C	6 SOT23
MAX6717AUKD_+T	-40°C to +125°C	5 SOT23
MAX6718AUKD_+T	-40°C to +125°C	5 SOT23
MAX6719AUTD_+T	-40°C to +125°C	6 SOT23
MAX6720AUTD_+T	-40°C to +125°C	6 SOT23

+Denotes a lead-free/RoHS-compliant package. T = Tape and reel.

Note: The first "\_\_" are placeholders for the threshold voltage levels of the devices. Desired threshold levels are set by the part number suffix found in the Reset Voltage Threshold Suffix Guide. The "\_" after the D is a placeholder for the reset timeout delay time. Desired delay time is set using the timeout period suffix found in the Reset Timeout Period Suffix Guide. For example, the MAX6716AUTLTD3-T is a dual-voltage supervisor V<sub>TH</sub>1 = 4.625V, VTH2 = 3.075V, and 210ms (typ) timeout period.

#### Ordering Information continued at end of data sheet.

Pin Configurations and Selector Guide appear at end of data sheet.

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For pricing, delivery, and ordering information, please contact Maxim Direct at 1-888-629-4642, or visit Maxim's website at www.maxim-ic.com.

## **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Terminal Voltage (with respect to GND)

V <sub>CC</sub> 1, V <sub>CC</sub> 20.3V to +6V
Open-Drain RST, RST1, RST2, PFO, RST0.3V to +6V
Push-Pull RST, $\overline{\text{RST1}}$ , $\overline{\text{PFO}}$ , $\overline{\text{RST}}$ 0.3V to (V <sub>CC</sub> 1 + 0.3V)
Push-Pull $\overline{RST2}$ 0.3V to (V <sub>CC</sub> 2 + 0.3V)
RSTIN, PFI, MR, WDI0.3V to +6V
Input Current/Output Current (all pins)

Continuous Power Dissipation ( $T_A = +70^{\circ}C$ )
5-Pin SOT23-5 (derate 7.1mW/°C above +70°C)571mW
6-Pin SOT23-6 (derate 8.7mW/°C above +70°C)696mW
8-Pin SOT23-8 (derate 8.9mW/°C above +70°C)714mW
Operating Temperature Range40°C to +125°C
Storage Temperature Range65°C to +150°C
Junction Temperature+150°C
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s)+300°C

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

## **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

(V<sub>CC</sub>1 = 0.8V to 5.5V, V<sub>CC</sub>2 = 0.8V to 5.5V, GND = 0V,  $T_A$  = -40°C to +125°C, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $T_A$  = +25°C.) (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	ТҮР	МАХ	UNITS	
Supply Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>		0.8		5.5	V	
	ICC1	V <sub>CC</sub> 1 < 5.5V all I/O connections open, outputs not asserted		15	39		
Supply Current		V <sub>CC</sub> 1 < 3.6V all I/O connections open, outputs not asserted		10	28	μA	
Supply Sullent	I <sub>CC2</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> 2 < 3.6V all I/O connections open, outputs not asserted		4	11	μΛ	
	1002	V <sub>CC</sub> 2 < 2.75V all I/O connections open, outputs not asserted		3	9		
		L (falling)	4.500	4.625	4.750		
		M (falling)	4.250	4.375	4.500		
		T (falling)	3.000	3.075	3.150		
		S (falling)	2.850	2.925	3.000		
V <sub>CC</sub> 1 Reset Threshold	V <sub>TH1</sub>	R (falling)	2.550	2.625	2.700	V	
		Z (falling)	2.250	2.313	2.375		
		Y (falling)	2.125	2.188	2.250		
		W (falling) 1.620	1.665	1.710			
		V (falling)	1.530	1.575	1.620		
		T (falling)	3.000	3.075	3.150		
		S (falling)	2.850	2.925	3.000		
		R (falling)	2.550	2.625	2.700		
		Z (falling)	2.250	2.313	2.375		
		Y (falling)	2.125	2.188	2.250		
		W (falling)	1.620	1.665	1.710		
V <sub>CC</sub> 2 Reset Threshold	VTH2	V (falling)	1.530	1.575	1.620	V	
		l (falling)	1.350	1.388	1.425		
		H (falling)	1.275	1.313	1.350		
		G (falling)	1.080	1.110	1.140		
		F (falling)	1.020	1.050	1.080		
		E (falling)	0.810	0.833	0.855		
		D (falling)	0.765	0.788	0.810		

## **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)**

 $(V_{CC}1 = 0.8V \text{ to } 5.5V, V_{CC}2 = 0.8V \text{ to } 5.5V, \text{GND} = 0V, T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ to } +125^{\circ}\text{C}, \text{ unless otherwise noted}$ . Typical values are at  $T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$ .) (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS
Reset Threshold Tempco	ΔV <sub>TH</sub> /°C			20		ppm/°C
Reset Threshold Hysteresis	V <sub>HYST</sub>	Referenced to V <sub>TH</sub> typical		0.5		%
V <sub>CC</sub> to Reset Output Delay	t <sub>RD</sub>	$V_{CC}1 = (V_{TH}1 + 100mV)$ to $(V_{TH}1 - 100mV)$ or $V_{CC}2 = (V_{TH}2 + 75mV)$ to $(V_{TH}2 - 75mV)$		20		μs
		D1	1.1	1.65	2.2	
		D2	8.8	13.2	17.6	
		D7 (MAX6797A only)	17.5	26.25	35	
Depart Timpout Davied	taa	D8 (MAX6797A only)	35	52.5	70	
Reset Timeout Period	t <sub>RP</sub>	D3	140	210	280	ms
		D5	280	420	560	
		D6	560	840	1120	
		D4	1120	1680	2240	
ADJUSTABLE RESET COMPA	RATOR INPU	T (MAX6719A/MAX6720A/MAX6723A–MAX67	′27A)			
RSTIN Input Threshold	VRSTIN		611	626.5	642	mV
RSTIN Input Current	IRSTIN		-100		+100	nA
RSTIN Hysteresis				3		mV
RSTIN to Reset Output Delay	<b>t</b> RSTIND	V <sub>RSTIN</sub> to (V <sub>RSTIN</sub> - 30mV)		22		μs
POWER-FAIL INPUT (MAX6728	A/MAX6729A	A)	•			•
PFI Input Threshold	VPFI		611	626.5	642	mV
PFI Input Current	IPFI		-100		+100	nA
PFI Hysteresis	VPFH			3		mV
PFI to PFO Delay	t <sub>DPF</sub>	(V <sub>PFI</sub> + 30mV) to (V <sub>PFI</sub> - 30mV)		2		μs
MANUAL-RESET INPUT (MAX	715A-MAX67	722A/MAX6725A–MAX6729A)				
	VIL			0.3	3×Vcc1	
MR Input Voltage	VIH		$0.7 \times V_{C}$	C1		V
MR Minimum Pulse Width			1			μs
MR Glitch Rejection				100		ns
MR to Reset Delay	t <sub>MR</sub>			200		ns
MR Pullup Resistance			25	50	80	kΩ
WATCHDOG INPUT (MAX6721	A–MAX6729A	)				
Watchdog Timeout Period	twD	First watchdog period after reset timeout period	35	54	72	S
		Normal mode	1.12	1.68	2.24	
WDI Pulse Width	twdi	(Note 2)	50			ns
	VIL			0.3	$3 \times V_{CC}$	V
WDI Input Voltage	VIH		$0.7 \times V_{C}$	C1		V
WDI Input Current	Iwdi	$WDI = 0V \text{ or } V_{CC}1$	-1		+1	μA



## **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)**

(V<sub>CC</sub>1 = 0.8V to 5.5V, V<sub>CC</sub>2 = 0.8V to 5.5V, GND = 0V,  $T_A$  = -40°C to +125°C, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $T_A$  = +25°C.) (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN TYP	MAX	UNITS	
RESET/POWER-FAIL OUTPUT	S				·	
		$V_{CC}1$ or $V_{CC}2 \ge 0.8V$ , $I_{SINK} = 1\mu A$ , output asserted		0.3		
		$V_{CC}1$ or $V_{CC}2 \ge 1.0V$ , $I_{SINK} = 50\mu A$ , output asserted		0.3		
RST/RST1/RST2/PFO Output LOW (Push-Pull or Open-Drain)	V <sub>OL</sub>	$V_{CC}1$ or $V_{CC}2 \ge 1.2V$ , $I_{SINK} = 100\mu A$ , output asserted		0.3	V	
		$V_{CC}1$ or $V_{CC}2 \ge 2.7V$ , $I_{SINK} = 1.2mA$ , output asserted		0.3	•	
		$V_{CC}$ 1 or $V_{CC}$ 2 $\geq$ 4.5V, $I_{SINK}$ = 3.2mA, output asserted		0.4		
		$V_{CC}1 \ge 1.8V$ , $I_{SOURCE} = 200\mu A$ , output not asserted	0.8 × V <sub>CC</sub> 1			
RST/RST1/PFO Output HIGH (Push-Pull Only)	V <sub>OH</sub>	$V_{CC}1 \ge 2.7V$ , $I_{SOURCE} = 500\mu A$ , output not asserted	0.8 × V <sub>CC</sub> 1		V	
		$V_{CC}1 \ge 4.5V$ , $I_{SOURCE} = 800\mu A$ , output not asserted	0.8 × V <sub>CC</sub> 1			
		$V_{CC}1 \ge 1.8V$ , $I_{SOURCE} = 200\mu A$ , output not asserted	$0.8 \times V_{CC}2$			
RST2 Output HIGH (Push-Pull Only)	V <sub>OH</sub>	$V_{CC1} \ge 2.7V$ , $I_{SOURCE} = 500\mu A$ , output not asserted	$0.8 \times V_{CC}2$	V		
		$V_{CC}1 \ge 4.5V$ , $I_{SOURCE} = 800\mu A$ , output not asserted	$0.8 \times V_{CC}2$		-	
		$V_{CC}1 \ge 1.0V$ , $I_{SOURCE} = 1\mu A$ , reset asserted	$0.8 \times V_{CC} 1$			
RST		$V_{CC}1 \ge 1.8V$ , $I_{SOURCE} = 150\mu A$ , reset asserted	0.8 × V <sub>CC</sub> 1			
Output HIGH (Push-Pull Only)	V <sub>OH</sub>	$V_{CC}1 \ge 2.7V$ , $I_{SOURCE} = 500\mu A$ , reset asserted	0.8 × V <sub>CC</sub> 1		V	
		$V_{CC}1 \ge 4.5V$ , $I_{SOURCE} = 800\mu A$ , reset asserted	0.8 × V <sub>CC</sub> 1			
		$V_{CC}1$ or $V_{CC}2 \ge 1.8V$ , $I_{SINK} = 500\mu A$ , reset not asserted		0.3		
RST Output LOW (Push-Pull or Open Drain)	V <sub>OL</sub>	$V_{CC}1$ or $V_{CC}2 \ge 2.7V$ , $I_{SINK} = 1.2mA$ , reset not asserted	0.3		V	
		$V_{CC}1$ or $V_{CC}2 \ge 4.5V$ , $I_{SINK} = 3.2mA$ , reset not asserted		0.4		
RST/RST1/RST2/PFO Output Open-Drain Leakage Current		Output not asserted		0.5	μΑ	
RST Output Open-Drain Leakage Current		Output asserted		0.5	μA	

**Note 1:** Devices tested at  $T_A = +25$  °C. Overtemperature limits are guaranteed by design and not production tested. **Note 2:** Parameter guaranteed by design.



**Typical Operating Characteristics** 

 $(V_{CC}1 = 5V, V_{CC}2 = 3.3V, T_A = +25^{\circ}C, unless otherwise noted.)$ 



## **Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)**

(V<sub>CC</sub>1 = 5V, V<sub>CC</sub>2 = 3.3V, T<sub>A</sub> =  $+25^{\circ}$ C, unless otherwise noted.)







## **Pin Description**

			PIN	1					
MAX6715A/ MAX6716A	MAX6717A/ MAX6718A	MAX6719A/ MAX6720A	MAX6721A/ MAX6722A	MAX6723A/ MAX6724A	MAX6725A/ MAX6726A	MAX6727A	MAX6728A/ MAX6729A/ MAX6797A	NAME	FUNCTION
1	1	1	1	1	1	1, 4	1	RST/ RST1	Active-Low Reset Output, Open-Drain or Push-Pull. RST/RST1 changes from high to low when V <sub>CC</sub> 1 or V <sub>CC</sub> 2 drops below the selected reset thresholds, RSTIN is below threshold, MR is pulled low, or the watchdog triggers a reset. RST/RST1 remains low for the reset timeout period after V <sub>CC</sub> 1/V <sub>CC</sub> 2/RSTIN exceed the device reset thresholds, MR goes low to high, or the watchdog triggers a reset. Open- drain outputs require an external pullup resistor. Push-pull outputs are referenced to V <sub>CC</sub> 1.



# MAX6715A-MAX6729A/MAX6797A

## Pin Description (continued)

			PIN	1					
			MAX6721A/ MAX6722A			MAX6727A	Max6728A/ Max6729A/ Max6797A	NAME	FUNCTION
5								RST2	Active-Low Reset Output, Open-Drain or Push-Pull. RST2 changes from high to low when V <sub>CC</sub> 1 or V <sub>CC</sub> 2 drops below the selected reset thresholds or MR is pulled low. RST2 remains low for the reset timeout period after V <sub>CC</sub> 1/V <sub>CC</sub> 2 exceed the device reset thresholds or MR goes low to high. Open-drain outputs require an external pullup resistor. Push-pull outputs are referenced to V <sub>CC</sub> 2.
2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	GND	Ground
3	3	3	3		5	5	5	MR	Active-Low Manual-Reset Input. Internal $50k\Omega$ pullup to V <sub>CC</sub> 1. Pull low to force a reset. Reset remains active as long as $\overline{MR}$ is low and for the reset timeout period after $\overline{MR}$ goes high. Leave unconnected or connect to V <sub>CC</sub> 1 if unused.
4	4	4	4	4	6	6	6	V <sub>CC</sub> 2	Secondary Supply Voltage Input. Powers the device when it is above V <sub>CC</sub> 1 and input for secondary reset threshold monitor.
6	5	6	6	6	8	8	8	V <sub>CC</sub> 1	Primary Supply Voltage Input. Powers the device when it is above V <sub>CC</sub> 2 and input for primary reset threshold monitor.

## Pin Description (continued)

			PIN	1					
MAX6715A/ MAX6716A	MAX6717A/ MAX6718A	Max6719a/ Max6720a	MAX6721A/ MAX6722A	MAX6723A/ MAX6724A			Max6728A/ Max6729A/ Max6797A	NAME	FUNCTION
			5	3	3	3	3	WDI	Watchdog Input. If WDI remains high or low for longer than the watchdog timeout period, the internal watchdog timer runs out and the reset output asserts for the reset timeout period. The internal watchdog timer clears whenever a reset is asserted or WDI sees a rising or falling edge. The watchdog has a long startup period (35s min) after each reset event and a short watchdog timeout period (1.12s min) after the first valid WDI transition. Leave WDI unconnected to disable the watchdog timer. The WDI unconnected-state detector uses a small 200nA current source. Therefore, do not connect WDI to anything that will source more than 50nA.
		5		5	7	7		RSTIN	Undervoltage Reset Comparator Input. High- impedance input for adjustable reset monitor. The reset output is asserted when RSTIN falls below the 0.626V internal reference voltage. Set the monitored voltage reset threshold with an external resistor-divider network. Connect RSTIN to V <sub>CC</sub> 1 or V <sub>CC</sub> 2 if not used.

M/IXI/M

# Pin Description (continued)

	 	PI	N					
MAX6715A/ MAX6716A		MAX6721A/ MAX6722A			MAX6727A	Max6728A/ Max6729A/ Max6797A	NAME	FUNCTION
	 					7	PFI	Power-Fail Voltage Monitor Input. High- impedance input for internal power-fail monitor comparator. Connect PFI to an external resistor- divider network to set the power-fail threshold voltage (0.626V typical internal reference voltage). Connect to GND, Vcc1, or Vcc2 if not used.
	 	_			_	4	PFO	Active-Low Power-Fail Monitor Output, Open- Drain or Push-Pull. PFO is asserted low when PFI is less than 0.626V. PFO deasserts without a reset timeout period. Open- drain outputs require an external pullup resistor. Push-pull outputs are referenced to V <sub>CC</sub> 1.
	 			4			RST	Active-High Reset Output, Open-Drain or Push-Pull. RST changes from low to high when V <sub>CC</sub> 1 or V <sub>CC</sub> 2 drops below selected reset thresholds, RSTIN is below threshold, MR is pulled low, or the watchdog triggers a reset. RST remains HIGH for the reset timeout period after V <sub>CC</sub> 1/V <sub>CC</sub> 2/RSTIN exceed the device reset thresholds, MR goes low to high, or the watchdog triggers a reset. Open- drain outputs require an external pullup resistor. Push-pull outputs are referenced to V <sub>CC</sub> 1.

## **Detailed Description**

#### **Supply Voltages**

The MAX6715A–MAX6729A/MAX6797A  $\mu$ P supervisory circuits maintain system integrity by alerting the  $\mu$ P to fault conditions. These ICs are optimized for systems that monitor two or three supply voltages. The output-reset state is guaranteed to remain valid while either V<sub>CC1</sub> or V<sub>CC2</sub> is above 0.8V.

#### **Threshold Levels**

Input-voltage threshold level combinations are indicated by a two-letter code in the *Reset Voltage Threshold Suffix Guide* (Table 1). Contact factory for availability of other voltage threshold combinations.

#### **Reset Outputs**

The MAX6715A-MAX6729A/MAX6797A provide an active-low reset output (RST) and the MAX6725A/ MAX6726A also provide an active-high (RST) output. RST, RST, RST1, and RST2 are asserted when the voltage at either V<sub>CC</sub>1 or V<sub>CC</sub>2 falls below the voltage threshold level, RSTIN drops below threshold, or MR is pulled low. Once reset is asserted, it stays low for the reset timeout period (see Table 2). If V<sub>CC</sub>1, V<sub>CC</sub>2, or RSTIN goes below the reset threshold before the reset timeout period is completed, the internal timer restarts. The MAX6715A/MAX6717A/MAX6719A/MAX6721A/ MAX6723A/MAX6725A/MAX6727A/MAX6728A contain open-drain reset outputs, while the MAX6716A/ MAX6718A/MAX6720A/MAX6722A/MAX6724A/ MAX6726A/MAX6729A/MAX6797A contain push-pull reset outputs. The MAX6727A provides two separate open-drain RST outputs driven by the same internal logic.

#### Manual-Reset Input

Many  $\mu$ P-based products require manual-reset capability, allowing the operator, a test technician, or external logic circuitry to initiate a reset. A logic-low on MR asserts the reset output. Reset remains asserted while MR is low for the reset timeout period (t\_RP) after MR returns high. This input has an internal 50k $\Omega$  pullup resistor to V<sub>CC1</sub> and can be left unconnected if not used. MR can be driven with CMOS logic levels, or with open-drain/collector outputs. Connect a normally open momentary switch from MR to GND to create a manual-reset function; external debounce circuitry is not required. If MR is driven from long cables or if the device is used in a noisy environment, connect a 0.1 $\mu$ F capacitor from MR to GND to provide additional noise immunity.

#### **Adjustable Input Voltage**

The MAX6719A/MAX6720A and MAX6723A–MAX6727A provide an additional input to monitor a third system voltage. The threshold voltage at RSTIN is typically 626mV. Connect a resistor-divider network to the circuit as shown in Figure 1 to establish an externally controlled threshold voltage, VEXT TH.

$$V_{EXT_TH} = 626 mV((R1 + R2)/R2)$$

Low-leakage current at RSTIN allows the use of largevalued resistors resulting in reduced power consumption of the system.

#### Watchdog Input

The watchdog monitors  $\mu$ P activity through the watchdog input (WDI). To use the watchdog function, connect WDI to a bus line or  $\mu$ P I/O line. When WDI remains high or low for longer than the watchdog timeout period, the reset output asserts.

The MAX6721A–MAX6729A/MAX6797A include a dualmode watchdog timer to monitor  $\mu$ P activity. The flexible timeout architecture provides a long period initial watchdog mode, allowing complicated systems to complete lengthy boots, and a short period normal watchdog mode, allowing the supervisor to provide quick alerts when processor activity fails. After each reset event (V<sub>CC</sub> power-up/brownout, manual reset, or watchdog reset), there is a long initial watchdog period of 35s minimum. The long watchdog period mode provides an extended time for the system to power-up and fully initialize all  $\mu$ P and system components before assuming responsibility for routine watchdog updates.



Figure 1. Monitoring a Third Voltage

The normal watchdog timeout period (1.12s min) begins after the first transition on WDI before the conclusion of the long initial watchdog period (Figure 2). During the normal operating mode, the supervisor will issue a reset pulse for the reset timeout period if the  $\mu$ P does not update the WDI with a valid transition (high-to-low or low-to-high) within the standard timeout period (1.12s min).

Leave WDI unconnected to disable the watchdog timer. The WDI unconnected-state detector uses a small (200nA typ) current source. Therefore, do not connect WDI to anything that will source more than 50nA.

#### **Power-Fail Comparator**

PFI is the noninverting input to a comparator. If PFI is less than V<sub>PFI</sub> (626.5mV), PFO goes low. Common uses for the power-fail comparator include monitoring preregulated input of the power supply (such as a battery) or providing an early power-fail warning so software can conduct an orderly system shutdown. It can also be used to monitor supplies other than V<sub>CC1</sub> or V<sub>CC2</sub> by setting the power-fail threshold with a resistor-divider, as shown in Figure 3. PFI is the input to the power-fail comparator. The typical comparator delay is 2µs from PFI to PFO. Connect PFI to ground of V<sub>CC1</sub> if unused.



Figure 2. Normal Watchdog Startup Sequence

#### Ensuring a Valid Reset Output Down to VCC = 0V

The MAX6715A–MAX6729A/MAX6797A are guaranteed to operate properly down to V<sub>CC</sub> = 0.8V. In applications that require valid reset levels down to V<sub>CC</sub> = 0V, use a pulldown resistor at RST to ground. The resistor value used is not critical, but it must be large enough not to load the reset output when V<sub>CC</sub> is above the reset threshold. For most applications, 100k $\Omega$  is adequate. This configuration does not work for the open-drain outputs of the MAX6715A/MAX6717A/MAX6719A/MAX6721A/MAX6723A/MAX6725A/MAX6727A/MAX6728A. For pushpull, active-high RST output connect the external resistor as a pullup from RST to V<sub>CC</sub>1.



Figure 3. Using Power-Fail Input to Monitor an Additional Power-Supply a)  $V_{IN}$  is Positive b)  $V_{IN}$  is Negative

## **Applications Information**

#### Interfacing to µPs with Bidirectional Reset Pins

Most  $\mu Ps$  with bidirectional reset pins can interface directly to open-drain  $\overline{RST}$  output options. Systems simultaneously requiring a push-pull  $\overline{RST}$  output and a bidirectional reset interface can be in logic contention. To prevent contention, connect a  $4.7 k\Omega$  resistor between  $\overline{RST}$  and the  $\mu P's$  reset I/O port as shown in Figure 4.

#### Adding Hysteresis to the Power-Fail Comparator

The power-fail comparator has a typical input hysteresis of 3mV. This is sufficient for most applications where a power-supply line is being monitored through an external voltage-divider (see the *Power-Fail Comparator* section). If additional noise margin is desired, connect a resistor between PFO and PFI as shown in Figure 5. Select the values of R1, R2, and R3 so PFI sees V<sub>PFI</sub> (626mV) when V<sub>EXT</sub> falls to its power-fail trip point (V<sub>FAIL</sub>) and when V<sub>IN</sub> rises to its power-good trip point (V<sub>GOOD</sub>). The hysteresis window extends between the specified V<sub>FAIL</sub> and V<sub>GOOD</sub> thresholds. R3 adds the additional hysteresis by sinking current from the R1/R2 divider network when PFO is logic-low and sourcing current into the network when PFO is logic-high. R3 is typically an order of magnitude greater than R1 or R2.

RESET TO OTHER SYSTEM COMPONENTS Vcc1 Vcc2 M/XX/// MAX6715A-MAX6729A/ MAX6797A μΡ  $4.7 \text{k}\Omega$ RESET  $\sqrt{\Lambda}$ V<sub>CC</sub>2 RST V<sub>CC</sub>1 GND GND Ŧ

Figure 4. Interfacing to µPs with Bidirectional Reset I/O

The current through R2 should be at least 2.5µA to ensure that the 100nA (max) PFI input current does not significantly shift the trip points. Therefore, R2 < VPFI/10µA < 62k\Omega for most applications. R3 will provide additional hysteresis for PFO push-pull (V<sub>OH</sub> = V<sub>CC</sub>1) or open-drain (V<sub>OH</sub> = V<sub>PULLUP</sub>) applications.

### Monitoring an Additional Power Supply

These  $\mu$ P supervisors can monitor either positive or negative supplies using a resistor voltage-divider to PFI. PFO can be used to generate an interrupt to the  $\mu$ P or cause reset to assert (Figure 3).

#### **Monitoring a Negative Voltage**

The power-fail comparator can be used to monitor a negative supply voltage using the circuit shown in Figure 3. When the negative supply is valid,  $\overrightarrow{PFO}$  is low. When the negative supply voltage drops,  $\overrightarrow{PFO}$  goes high. The circuit's accuracy is affected by the PFI threshold tolerance, V<sub>CC</sub>, R1, and R2.

#### **Negative-Going VCC Transients**

The MAX6715A–MAX6729A/MAX6797A supervisors are relatively immune to short-duration negative-going V<sub>CC</sub> transients (glitches). It is usually undesirable to reset the  $\mu$ P when V<sub>CC</sub> experiences only small glitches. The *Typical Operating Characteristics* show Maximum Transient Duration vs. Reset Threshold Overdrive, for which reset pulses are not generated. The graph was produced using negative-going V<sub>CC</sub> pulses, starting above V<sub>TH</sub> and ending below the reset threshold by the



Figure 5. Adding Hysteresis to Power-Fail for Push-Pull PFO

magnitude indicated (reset threshold overdrive). The graph shows the maximum pulse width that a negativegoing V<sub>CC</sub> transient may typically have without causing a reset pulse to be issued. As the amplitude of the transient increases (i.e., goes farther below the reset threshold), the maximum allowable pulse width decreases. A  $0.1\mu$ F bypass capacitor mounted close to the V<sub>CC</sub> pin provides additional transient immunity.

#### Watchdog Software Considerations

Setting and resetting the watchdog input at different points in the program, rather than "pulsing" the watchdog input high-low-high or low-high-low, helps the watchdog timer to closely monitor software execution. This technique avoids a "stuck" loop where the watchdog timer continues to be reset within the loop, keeping the watchdog from timing out. Figure 6 shows an example flow diagram where the I/O driving the watchdog input is set high at the beginning of the program, set low at the beginning of every subroutine or loop, then set high again when the program returns to the beginning. If the program should "hang" in any subroutine, the I/O is continually set low and the watchdog timer is allowed to time out, causing a reset or interrupt to be issued.



Figure 6. Watchdog Flow Diagram



## **Selector Guide**

PART NUMBER	NUMBER OF VOLTAGE MONITORS	OPEN- DRAIN RESET	OPEN- DRAIN RESET	PUSH- PULL RESET	PUSH- PULL RESET	MANUAL RESET	WATCH- DOG INPUT	POWER- FAIL INPUT/ OUTPUT
MAX6715A	2	2	_	—	—	$\checkmark$	_	—
MAX6716A	2	_	_	2	_	$\checkmark$	_	_
MAX6717A	2	1	_	_	_	$\checkmark$	_	—
MAX6718A	2	_	_	1	_	$\checkmark$	_	—
MAX6719A	3	1	_	_	_	$\checkmark$	_	_
MAX6720A	3	_	_	1	_	$\checkmark$	_	—
MAX6721A	2	1	_	_	_	$\checkmark$		—
MAX6722A	2	—	_	1	_	$\checkmark$		—
MAX6723A	3	1	_	_	_	_		—
MAX6724A	3	_	_	1	_			—
MAX6725A	3	1	1	_	_	$\checkmark$		_
MAX6726A	3	—	_	1	1	$\checkmark$		—
MAX6727A	3	2	—	_	—	$\checkmark$		_
MAX6728A	2	1	_		_	$\checkmark$		√ (open drain)
MAX6729A	2	—	—	1	—	$\checkmark$		√ (push-pull)
MAX6797A	2	_	_	1	—	$\checkmark$		√ (open drain)

## Ordering Information (continued)

PART	TEMP RANGE	PIN- PACKAGE
MAX6721AUTD_+T	-40°C to +125°C	6 SOT23
MAX6722AUTD_+T	-40°C to +125°C	6 SOT23
MAX6723AUTD_+T	-40°C to +125°C	6 SOT23
MAX6724AUTD_+T	-40°C to +125°C	6 SOT23
MAX6725AKAD_+T	-40°C to +125°C	8 SOT23
MAX6726AKAD_+T	-40°C to +125°C	8 SOT23
MAX6727AKAD_+T	-40°C to +125°C	8 SOT23
MAX6728AKAD_+T	-40°C to +125°C	8 SOT23
MAX6729AKAD_+T	-40°C to +125°C	8 SOT23
MAX6797AKAD_+T	-40°C to +125°C	8 SOT23

+Denotes a lead-free/RoHS-compliant package.

T = Tape and reel.

**Note:** The first "\_\_" are placeholders for the threshold voltage levels of the devices. Desired threshold levels are set by the part number suffix found in the Reset Voltage Threshold Suffix Guide. The "\_" after the D is a placeholder for the reset timeout delay time. Desired delay time is set using the timeout period suffix found in the Reset Timeout Period Suffix Guide. For example, the MAX6716AUTLTD3-T is a dual-voltage supervisor V<sub>TH</sub>1 = 4.625V, V<sub>TH</sub>2 = 3.075V, and 210ms (typ) timeout period.



PART NUMBER SUFFIX ()	V <sub>CC</sub> 1 NOMINAL VOLTAGE THRESHOLD (V)	V <sub>CC</sub> 2 NOMINAL VOLTAGE THRESHOLD (V)	
LT	4.625	3.075	
MS	4.375	2.925	
MR	4.375	2.625	
TZ	3.075	2.313	
SY	2.925	2.188	
RY	2.625	2.188	
TW	3.075	1.665	
SV	2.925	1.575	
RV	2.625	1.575	
TI	3.075	1.388	
SH	2.925	1.313	
RH	2.625	1.313	
TG	3.075	1.110	
SF	2.925	1.050	
RF	2.625	1.050	
TE	3.075	0.833	
SD	2.925	0.788	
RD	2.625	0.788	
ZW	2.313	1.665	
YV	2.188	1.575	
ZI	2.313	1.388	
YH	2.188	1.313	
ZG	2.313	1.110	
YF	YF 2.188 1.050		
ZE	2.313	0.833	
YD	2.188	0.788	
WI	1.665	1.388	
VH	1.575	1.313	
WG	1.665	1.110	
VF	1.575	1.050	
WE	1.665 0.833		
VD	1.575	0.788	

 Table 1. Reset Voltage Threshold Suffix

 Guide\*\*

\*\*Standard versions are shown in bold and are available in a D3 timeout option only. Standard versions require 2,500 piece order increments and are typically held in sample stock. There is a 10,000 order increment on nonstandard versions. **Other threshold voltages may be available, contact factory for availability.** 

# Table 2. Reset Timeout Period SuffixGuide

TIMEOUT	ACTIVE TIMEOUT PERIOD		
PERIOD SUFFIX	MIN (ms)	MAX (ms)	
D1	1.1	2.2	
D2	8.8	17.6	
D7†	17.5	35.0	
D8†	35.0	70.0	
D3	140	280	
D5	280	560	
D6	560	1120	
D4	1120	2240	

<sup>†</sup>D7 and D8 timeout periods are only available for the MAX6797A.

## \_Pin Configurations



**Chip Information** 

TRANSISTOR COUNT: 1072 PROCESS: BICMOS

## **Package Information**

For the latest package outline information and land patterns, go to **www.maxim-ic.com/packages**.

PACKAGE TYPE	PACKAGE CODE	PACKAGE CODE DOCUMENT NO.	
5 SOT23	U5-1	<u>21-0057</u>	
6 SOT23	U6-1	<u>21-0058</u>	
8 SOT23	K8SN-1	<u>21-0078</u>	

## **Revision History**

REVISION NUMBER	REVISION DATE	DESCRIPTION	PAGES CHANGED
0	4/06	Initial release	—
1	7/06	Updated Ordering Information.	1, 15
2	6/08	Added the MAX6797A to Ordering Information, Electrical Characteristics, Pin Description, Detailed Description, Figures 4 and 5, Selector Guide, Table 2, Pin Configurations.	1, 2, 6–11, 12, 15–17
3	9/08	Updated Selector Guide.	15

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