

**JM38510/13501/13502**ULTRA-LOW OFFSET VOLTAGE  
OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

Precision Monolithics Inc.

T-79-06-10

**FEATURES**

- Low  $V_{OS}$  .....  $25\mu V$
- Low  $V_{OS}$  Drift .....  $0.6\mu V/{^{\circ}C}$
- Low Noise .....  $0.6\mu V_{pp}$
- Wide Supply Voltage Range .....  $\pm 4.5V$  to  $\pm 20V$

**ORDERING INFORMATION**

| JAN SLASH SHEET  | PMI DEVICE     |
|------------------|----------------|
| JM38510/13501BGC | OP07AJ1/38510  |
| JM38510/13501BGA | OP07AJ5/38510  |
| JM38510/13501SGA | OP07SAJ5/38510 |
| JM38510/13501PB  | OP07AZ2/38510  |
| JM38510/13501BPA | OP07AZ5/38510  |
| JM38510/13501SPA | OP07SAZ5/38510 |
| JM38510/13502BGC | OP07J1/38510   |
| JM38510/13502BGA | OP07J5/38510   |
| JM38510/13502SGA | OP07JS5/38510  |
| JM38510/13502PB  | OP07Z2/38510   |
| JM38510/13502BPA | OP07Z5/38510   |
| JM38510/13502SPA | OP07SZ5/38510  |

**GENERAL DESCRIPTION**

This data sheet covers the electrical requirements for a monolithic, low offset voltage, internally-compensated operational amplifier as specified in MIL-M-38510/135 for device type 01 and 02. Devices supplied to this data sheet are manufactured and tested at PMI's MIL-M-38510 certified facility and are listed in QPL-38510.

Complete device requirements will be found in MIL-M-38510 and MIL-M-38510/135 for Class B and Class S processed devices.

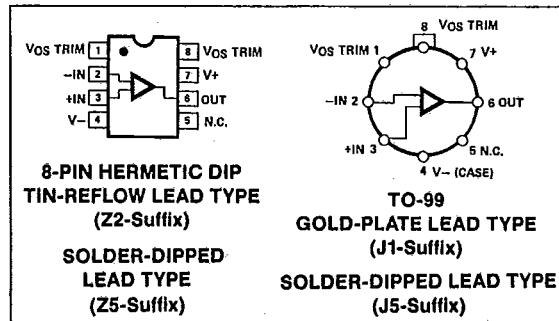
**GENERIC CROSS-REFERENCE INFORMATION**

This cross-reference information is presented for the convenience of the user. The generic-industry types listed may not

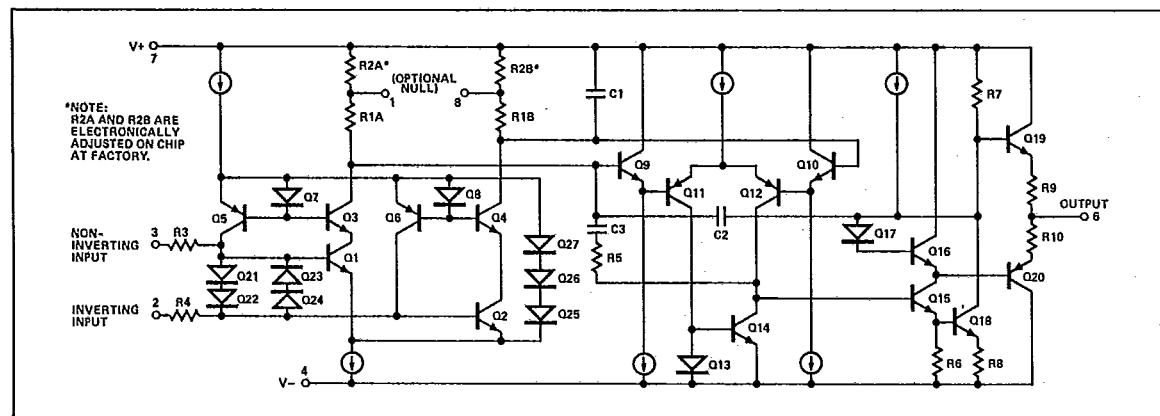
have identical operational performance characteristics across the military temperature range or reliability factors equivalent to the MIL-M-38510 device.

| MILITARY DEVICE TYPE | GENERIC-INDUSTRY TYPE |
|----------------------|-----------------------|
| 01                   | OP07A                 |
| 02                   | OP07                  |

For an 833-processed device with improved electrical specifications, review the OP-07 data sheet.

**PIN CONNECTIONS****POWER AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS**

| Case Outline | Package      | Maximum Power Dissipation    | Maximum $\theta_{JC}$ | Maximum $\theta_{JA}$ |
|--------------|--------------|------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| P            | Dual-In-Line | 208mW @ $T_A = 125^{\circ}C$ | 50°C/W                | 120°C/W               |
| G            | 8-Lead CAN   | 167mW @ $T_A = 125^{\circ}C$ | 40°C/W                | 150°C/W               |

**SIMPLIFIED SCHEMATIC**

ANALOG DEVICES/ PMI DIV

26E D ■ 0816805 0009027 3 ■

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

|  |                                   |
|--|-----------------------------------|
| Supply Voltage ( $V_{CC}$ ) . . . . .                  | $\pm 22V$                         |
| Input Voltage Range ( $V_{IN}$ ) . . . . .             | $\pm V_{CC}$                      |
| Differential Input Voltage Range . . . . .             | $\pm 30V$                         |
| Output Short-Circuit Duration (Note 1) . . . . .       |                                   |
| Lead Temperature (Soldering, 60 sec) . . . . .         | $+300^{\circ}C$                   |
| Storage Temperature Range . . . . .                    | $-65^{\circ}C$ to $+150^{\circ}C$ |
| Junction Temperature ( $T_J$ ) . . . . .               | $+150^{\circ}C$                   |
| Maximum Power Dissipation ( $P_D$ ) (Note 2) . . . . . | 500mW                             |

T-79-06-10

## NOTES:

1. Output may be shorted to ground indefinitely at  $V_S = \pm 15V$ ,  $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ . Temperature and/or supply voltages must be limited to ensure dissipation rating is not exceeded.
2. Maximum power dissipation versus ambient temperature.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at  $\pm 4.5V \leq V_{CC} \leq \pm 20V$  and  $-55^{\circ}C \leq T_A \leq 125^{\circ}C$ ,  $R_S = 50\Omega$  unnullled, unless otherwise noted.

| PARAMETER                                    | SYMBOL                   | CONDITIONS   | 01 LIMITS  |          | 02 LIMITS    |            | UNITS            |
|--|--------------------------|--|------------|----------|--------------|------------|------------------|
|  |                          |  | MIN        | MAX      | MIN          | MAX        |                  |
| Input Offset Voltage                         | $V_{IO}$                 | $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ (Notes 1, 2)                                   | -25<br>-60 | 25<br>60 | -75<br>-200  | 75<br>200  | $\mu V$          |
| Input Offset Voltage Temperature Sensitivity | $\Delta V_{IO}/\Delta T$ | (Note 1)   | -0.6       | 0.6      | -1.3         | 1.3        | $\mu V/{\circ}C$ |
| Input Bias Current                           | $+I_{IB}$                | $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ (Note 1)                                       | -2<br>-4   | 2<br>4   | -3<br>-6     | 3<br>6     | $nA$             |
|  | $-I_{IB}$                | $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ (Note 1)                                       | -2<br>-4   | 2<br>4   | -3<br>-6     | 3<br>6     |                  |
| Input Offset Current                         | $I_{IO}$                 | $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ (Note 1)                                       | -2<br>-4   | 2<br>4   | -2.8<br>-5.6 | 2.8<br>5.6 | $nA$             |
| Power Supply Rejection Ratio                 | +PSRR                    | $+V_{CC} = 20V$ to $5V$ , $-V_{CC} = -15V$<br>$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$  | —          | 10       | —            | 10         | $\mu V/V$        |
|  | -PSRR                    | $+V_{CC} = 15V$ , $-V_{CC} = -20V$ to $-5V$<br>$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ | —          | 10       | —            | 10         |                  |
|  | +PSRR                    | $+V_{CC} = 20V$ to $5V$ , $-V_{CC} = -15V$                         | —          | 20       | —            | 20         |                  |
|  | -PSRR                    | $+V_{CC} = 15V$ , $-V_{CC} = -20V$ to $-5V$                        | —          | 20       | —            | 20         |                  |
|  | PSRR                     | $V_{CC} = \pm 4.5V$ to $\pm 20V$<br>$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$            | —          | 10       | —            | 10         |                  |
|  |                          | $V_{CC} = \pm 4.5V$ to $\pm 20V$                                   | —          | 20       | —            | 20         |                  |

## NOTES:

1. Tested at  $V_{CM} = 0$ ,  $V_{CC} = \pm 15V$ .
2. Due to the inherent warm-up drift, testing shall occur no sooner than three (3) minutes after application of power.

5

OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS/BUFFERS

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** at  $\pm 4.5V \leq V_{CC} \leq \pm 20V$  and  $-55^{\circ}C \leq T_A \leq +125^{\circ}C$ ,  $R_S = 50\Omega$  unnullled, unless otherwise noted. *Continued*

T-79-06-10

U2 LIMITS

MIN MAX

MIN MAX

UNITS

| PARAMETER                                | SYMBOL                               | CONDITIONS   | 01 LIMITS                           |     | U2 LIMITS |     | UNITS          |
|--|--------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|-----|-----------|-----|----------------|
|  |                                      |  | MIN                                 | MAX | MIN       | MAX |                |
| Common-Mode Rejection Ratio              | CMRR                                 | $V_{CM} = \pm 13V, T_A = +25^{\circ}C, V_{CC} = \pm 15V$ | 110                                 | —   | 110       | —   | dB             |
|  |                                      | $V_{CM} = \pm 13V, V_{CC} = \pm 15V$                     | 106                                 | —   | 106       | —   |                |
| Adjustment for Input Offset              | $V_{IO}$ Adj (+)<br>$V_{IO}$ Adj (-) | $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ (Note 1)                            | 0.5                                 | —   | 0.5       | —   | mV             |
|  |                                      | $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ (Note 1)                            | —                                   | 0.5 | —         | 0.5 |                |
| Output Short-Circuit Current             | $I_{OS(+)}$<br>$I_{OS(-)}$           | $t \leq 25ms$ (Notes 1, 3)                               | $T_A = +25^{\circ}C, +125^{\circ}C$ | -65 | —         | -65 | —              |
|  |                                      |  | $T_A = -55^{\circ}C$                | -70 | —         | -70 | —              |
| Supply Current                           | $I_{CC}$                             | $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$<br>(Note 1)                         | —                                   | 4   | —         | 4   | mA             |
|  |                                      |  | —                                   | 5   | —         | 5   |                |
| Output Voltage Swing (Minimum)           | $V_{OP}$                             | $R_L = 1k\Omega$ (Note 1)                                | -10                                 | 10  | -10       | 10  | V              |
|  |                                      | $R_L = 2k\Omega$ (Note 1)                                | -12                                 | 12  | -12       | 12  |                |
| Open-Loop Voltage Gain<br>(Single-Ended) | $A_{VS}$                             | $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$<br>(Notes 1, 2)                     | 300                                 | —   | 200       | —   | V/mV           |
|  |                                      |  | 200                                 | —   | 150       | —   |                |
| Slew Rate                                | SR(+), SR(-)                         | $V_{IN} = 10V, T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ , (Note 1)            | 0.08                                | —   | 0.08      | —   | V/ $\mu$ s     |
| Input Noise Voltage Density              | $e_n$                                | $f_O = 10Hz$   | —                                   | 18  | —         | 18  | $nV/\sqrt{Hz}$ |
|  |                                      | $f_O = 100Hz, T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ (Note 1)               | —                                   | 14  | —         | 14  |                |
|  |                                      | $f_O = 1kHz$   | —                                   | 12  | —         | 12  |                |
| Low Frequency Input Noise<br>Voltage     | $e_{np-p}$                           | $f = 0.1Hz$ to $10Hz, T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ , (Note 1)      | —                                   | 0.6 | —         | 0.6 | $\mu V_{p-p}$  |

## NOTES:

1. Tested at  $V_{CM} = 0, V_{CC} = \pm 15V$ .2.  $V_{OUT} = 0$  to  $+10V$  for  $A_{VS(+)}$  and  $V_{OUT} = 0$  to  $-10V$  for  $A_{VS(-)}$ ;  $R_L = 2k\Omega$ .

3. Continuous short-circuit limits are considerably less than the indicated test limits, since maximum power dissipation cannot be exceeded.