

**IRS2110(-1,-2,S)PbF
IRS2113(-1,-2,S)PbF**

Features

- Floating channel designed for bootstrap operation
 - Fully operational to +500 V or +600 V
 - Tolerant to negative transient voltage, dV/dt immune
 - Gate drive supply range from 10 V to 20 V
 - Undervoltage lockout for both channels
 - 3.3 V logic compatible
 - Separate logic supply range from 3.3 V to 20 V
 - Logic and power ground $\pm 5\text{V}$ offset
 - CMOS Schmitt-triggered inputs with pull-down
 - Cycle by cycle edge-triggered shutdown logic
 - Matched propagation delay for both channels
 - Outputs in phase with inputs
 - RoHS compliant

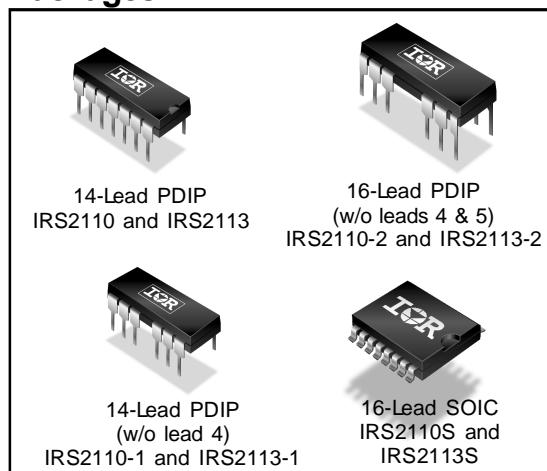
Description

The IRS2110/IRS2113 are high voltage, high speed power MOSFET and IGBT drivers with independent high-side and low-side referenced output channels. Proprietary HVIC and latch immune CMOS technologies enable ruggedized monolithic construction. Logic inputs are compatible with standard CMOS or LSTTL output, down to 3.3 V logic. The output drivers feature a high pulse current buffer stage designed for minimum driver cross-conduction. Propagation delays are matched to simplify use in high frequency applications. The floating channel can be used to drive an N-channel power MOSFET or IGBT in the high-side configuration which operates up to 500 V or 600 V.

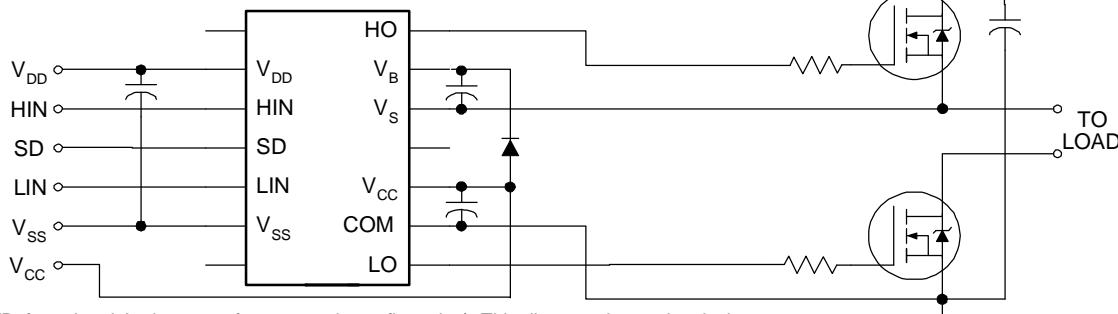
HIGH AND LOW SIDE DRIVER

VOFFSET (IRS2110)	500 V max.
(IRS2113)	600 V max.
I _O +/-	2 A/2 A
V _{OUT}	10 V - 20 V
ton/off (typ.)	130 ns & 120 ns
Delay Matching (IRS2110)	10 ns max.
(IRS2113)	20 ns max.

Packages



Typical Connection



(Refer to Lead Assignments for correct pin configuration). This diagram shows electrical connections only. Please refer to our Application Notes and DesignTips for proper circuit board layout.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Absolute maximum ratings indicate sustained limits beyond which damage to the device may occur. All voltage parameters are absolute voltages referenced to COM. The thermal resistance and power dissipation ratings are measured under board mounted and still air conditions. Additional information is shown in Figs. 28 through 35.

Symbol	Definition	Min.	Max.	Units
VB	High-side floating supply voltage	(IRS2110)	-0.3	520 (Note 1)
		(IRS2113)	-0.3	620 (Note 1)
VS	High-side floating supply offset voltage	VB - 20	VB + 0.3	V
V _{HO}	High-side floating output voltage	VS - 0.3	VB + 0.3	
V _{CC}	Low-side fixed supply voltage	-0.3	20 (Note 1)	
V _{LO}	Low-side output voltage	-0.3	V _{CC} + 0.3	
V _{DD}	Logic supply voltage	-0.3	V _{SS} +20 (Note 1)	
V _{SS}	Logic supply offset voltage	V _{CC} - 20	V _{CC} + 0.3	
V _{IN}	Logic input voltage (HIN, LIN, & SD)	V _{SS} - 0.3	V _{DD} + 0.3	
dV _S /dt	Allowable offset supply voltage transient (Fig. 2)	—	50	V/ns
PD	Package power dissipation @ TA ≤ +25 °C	(14 lead DIP)	—	1.6
		(16 lead SOIC)	—	1.25
R _{THJA}	Thermal resistance, junction to ambient	(14 lead DIP)	—	75
		(16 lead SOIC)	—	100
T _J	Junction temperature	—	150	°C
T _S	Storage temperature	-55	150	
T _L	Lead temperature (soldering, 10 seconds)	—	300	

Note 1: All supplies are fully tested at 25 V, and an internal 20 V clamp exists for each supply.

Recommended Operating Conditions

The input/output logic timing diagram is shown in Fig. 1. For proper operation, the device should be used within the recommended conditions. The VS and V_{SS} offset ratings are tested with all supplies biased at a 15 V differential. Typical ratings at other bias conditions are shown in Figs. 36 and 37.

Symbol	Definition	Min.	Max.	Units
VB	High-side floating supply absolute voltage	VS + 10	VS + 20	V
VS	High-side floating supply offset voltage	(IRS2110)	Note 2	
		(IRS2113)	Note 2	
V _{HO}	High-side floating output voltage	VS	VB	
V _{CC}	Low-side fixed supply voltage	10	20	
V _{LO}	Low-side output voltage	0	V _{CC}	
V _{DD}	Logic supply voltage	V _{SS} + 3	V _{SS} + 20	
V _{SS}	Logic supply offset voltage	-5 (Note 3)	5	
V _{IN}	Logic input voltage (HIN, LIN & SD)	V _{SS}	V _{DD}	
T _A	Ambient temperature	-40	125	°C

Note 2: Logic operational for VS of -4 V to +500 V. Logic state held for VS of -4 V to -V_{BS}. (Refer to the Design Tip DT97-3)
Note 3: When V_{DD} < 5 V, the minimum V_{SS} offset is limited to -V_{DD}.

Dynamic Electrical Characteristics

V_{BIAS} (V_{CC} , V_{BS} , V_{DD}) = 15 V, C_L = 1000 pF, T_A = 25 °C and V_{SS} = COM unless otherwise specified. The dynamic electrical characteristics are measured using the test circuit shown in Fig. 3.

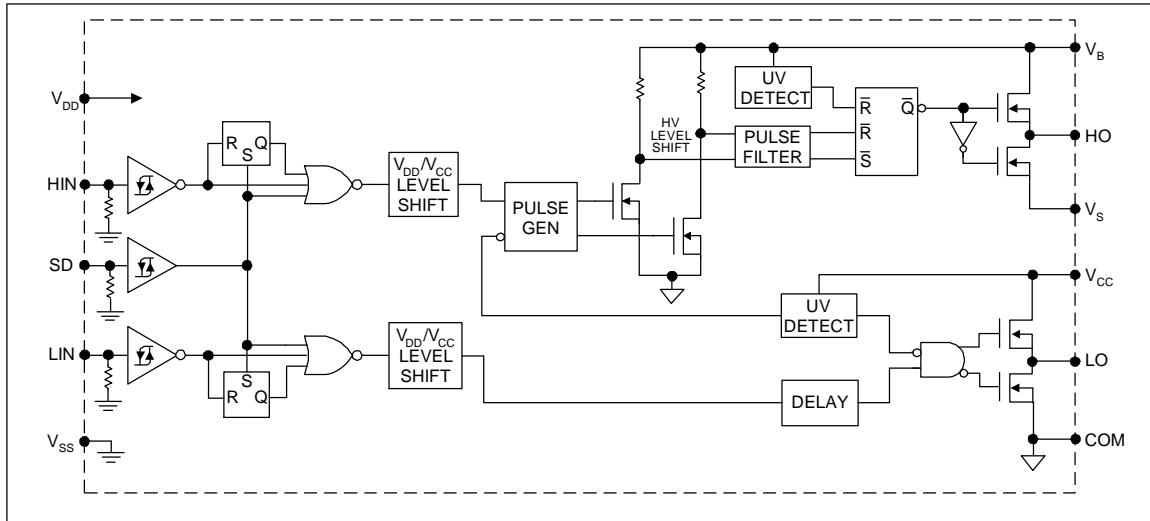
Symbol	Definition		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
t_{on}	Turn-on propagation delay		—	130	160	ns	$V_S = 0$ V
t_{off}	Turn-off propagation delay		—	120	150		$V_S = 500$ V/600 V
t_{sd}	Shutdown propagation delay		—	130	160		
t_r	Turn-on rise time		—	25	35		
t_f	Turn-off fall time		—	17	25		
MT	Delay matching, HS & LS turn-on/off	(IRS2110)	—	—	10		
		(IRS2113)	—	—	20		

Static Electrical Characteristics

V_{BIAS} (V_{CC} , V_{BS} , V_{DD}) = 15 V, T_A = 25 °C and V_{SS} = COM unless otherwise specified. The V_{IN} , V_{TH} , and I_{IN} parameters are referenced to V_{SS} and are applicable to all three logic input leads: HIN, LIN, and SD. The V_O and I_O parameters are referenced to COM and are applicable to the respective output leads: HO or LO.

Symbol	Definition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
V_{IH}	Logic "1" input voltage	9.5	—	—	V	
V_{IL}	Logic "0" input voltage	—	—	6.0		
V_{OH}	High level output voltage, $V_{BIAS} - V_O$	—	—	1.4		$I_O = 0$ A
V_{OL}	Low level output voltage, V_O	—	—	0.15		$I_O = 20$ mA
I_{LK}	Offset supply leakage current	—	—	50	μ A	$V_B = V_S = 500$ V/600 V
I_{QBS}	Quiescent V_{BS} supply current	—	125	230		
I_{QCC}	Quiescent V_{CC} supply current	—	180	340		$V_{IN} = 0$ V or V_{DD}
I_{QDD}	Quiescent V_{DD} supply current	—	15	30		$V_{IN} = V_{DD}$
I_{IN+}	Logic "1" input bias current	—	20	40		$V_{IN} = 0$ V
I_{IN-}	Logic "0" input bias current	—	—	5.0		
V_{BSUV+}	V_{BS} supply undervoltage positive going threshold	7.5	8.6	9.7	V	
V_{BSUV-}	V_{BS} supply undervoltage negative going threshold	7.0	8.2	9.4		
V_{CCUV+}	V_{CC} supply undervoltage positive going threshold	7.4	8.5	9.6		
V_{CCUV-}	V_{CC} supply undervoltage negative going threshold	7.0	8.2	9.4		
I_{O+}	Output high short circuit pulsed current	2.0	2.5	—	A	$V_O = 0$ V, $V_{IN} = V_{DD}$ $PW \leq 10$ μ s
I_{O-}	Output low short circuit pulsed current	2.0	2.5	—		$V_O = 15$ V, $V_{IN} = 0$ V $PW \leq 10$ μ s

Functional Block Diagram

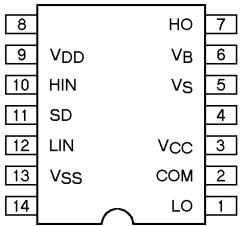
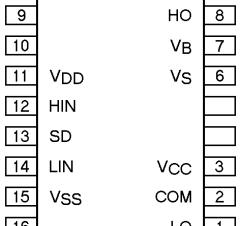
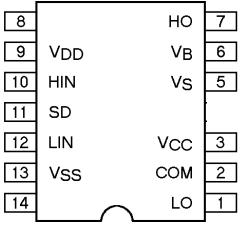
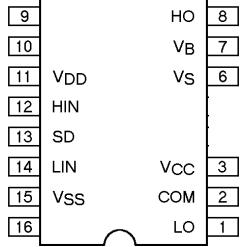


Lead Definitions

Symbol	Description
V_{DD}	Logic supply
HIN	Logic input for high-side gate driver output (HO), in phase
SD	Logic input for shutdown
LIN	Logic input for low-side gate driver output (LO), in phase
V_{SS}	Logic ground
V_B	High-side floating supply
HO	High-side gate drive output
V_S	High-side floating supply return
V_{CC}	Low-side supply
LO	Low-side gate drive output
COM	Low-side return

IRS2110(-1,-2,S)PbF/IRS2113(-1,-2,S)PbF

Lead Assignments

 <p>14 Lead PDIP IRS2110/IRS2113</p>	 <p>16 Lead SOIC (Wide Body) IRS2110S/IRS2113S</p>
 <p>14 Lead PDIP w/o lead 4 IRS2110-1/IRS2113-1</p>	 <p>16 Lead PDIP w/o leads 4 & 5 IRS2110-2/IRS2113-2</p>
Part Number	

IRS2110(-1,-2,S)PbF/IRS2113(-1,-2,S)PbF

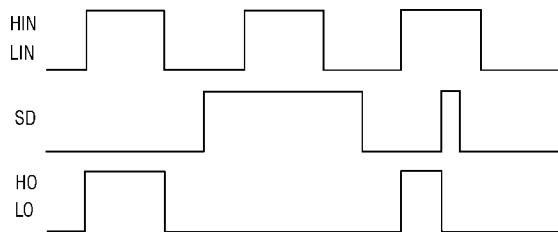


Figure 1. Input/Output Timing Diagram

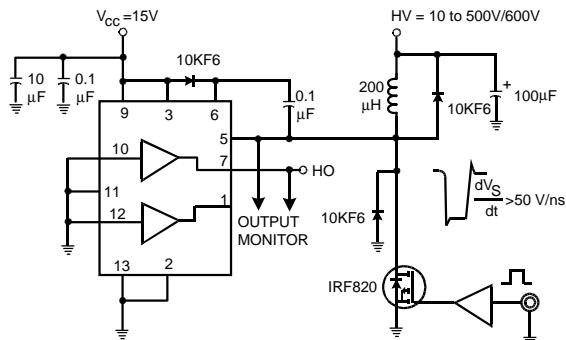


Figure 2. Floating Supply Voltage Transient Test Circuit

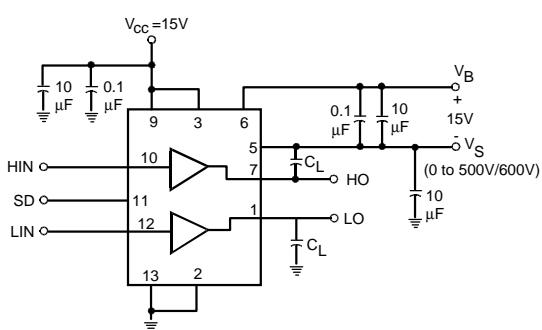


Figure 3. Switching Time Test Circuit

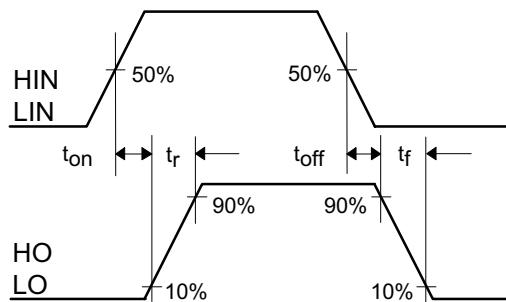


Figure 4. Switching Time Waveform Definition

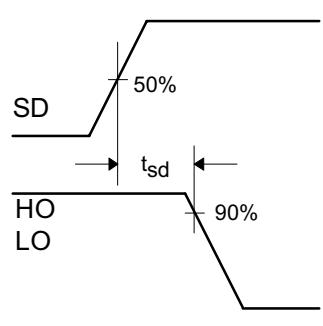


Figure 5. Shutdown Waveform Definitions

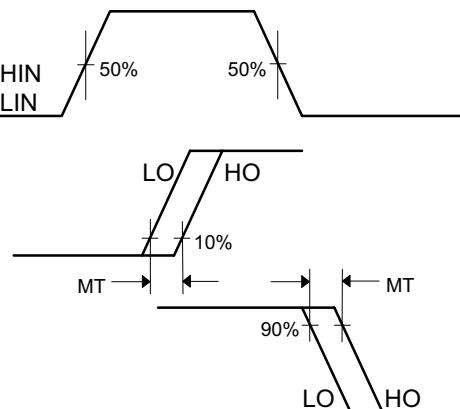


Figure 6. Delay Matching Waveform Definitions

IRS2110(-1,-2,S)PbF/IRS2113(-1,-2,S)PbF

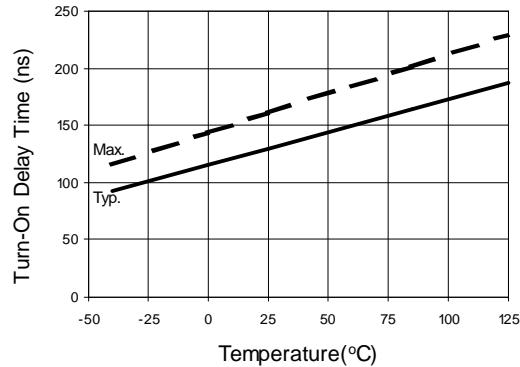


Figure 7A. Turn-On Time vs. Temperature

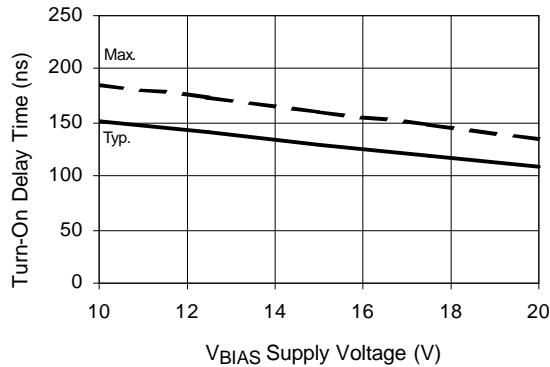


Figure 7B. Turn-On Time vs. Supply Voltage

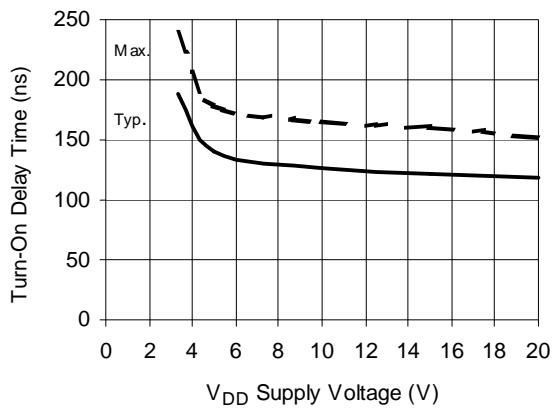


Figure 7C. Turn-On Time vs. V_{DD} Supply Voltage

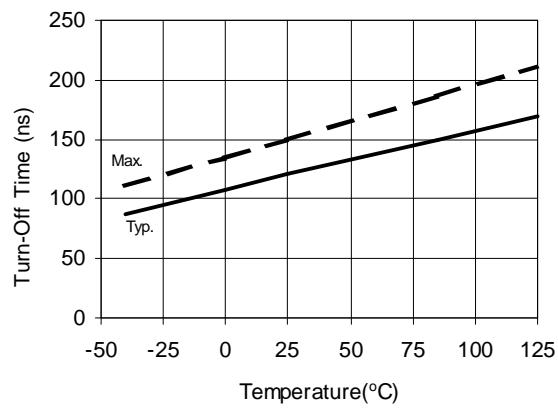


Figure 8A. Turn-Off Time vs. Temperature

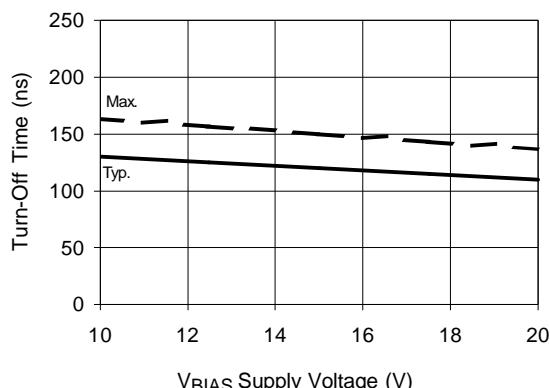


Figure 8B. Turn-Off Time vs. Supply Voltage

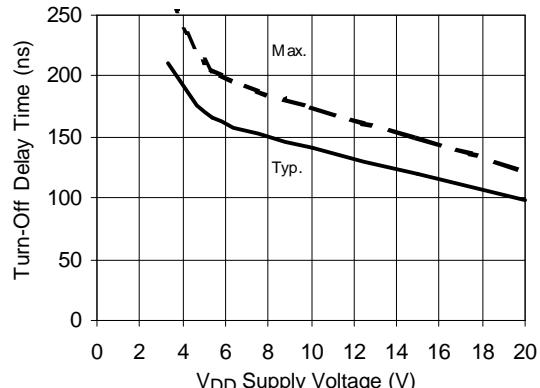


Figure 8C. Turn-Off Time vs. V_{DD} Supply Voltage

IRS2110(-1,-2,S)PbF/IRS2113(-1,-2,S)PbF

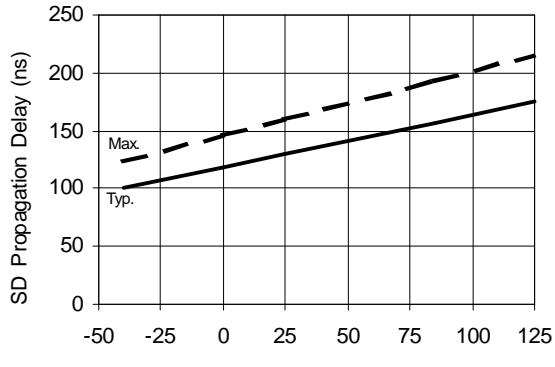


Figure 9A. Shutdown Time vs. Temperature

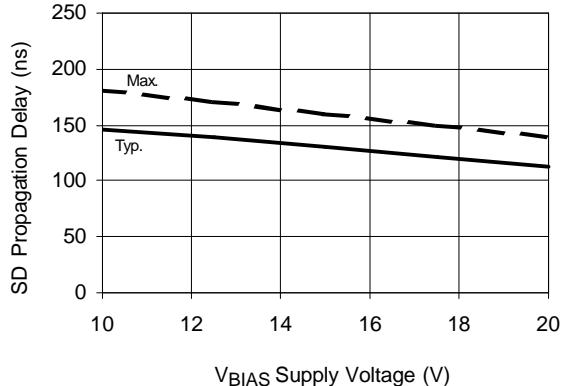


Figure 9B. Shutdown Time vs. Supply Voltage

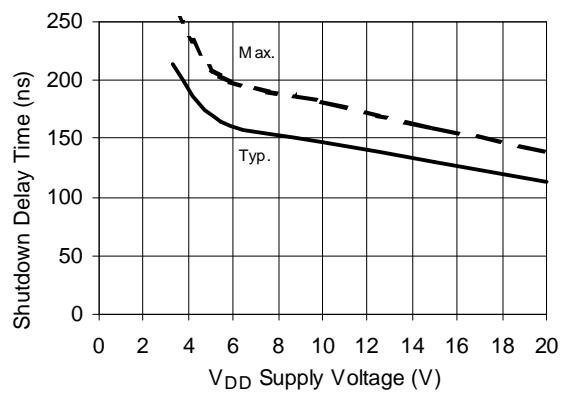


Figure 9C. Shutdown Time vs. V_{DD} Supply Voltage

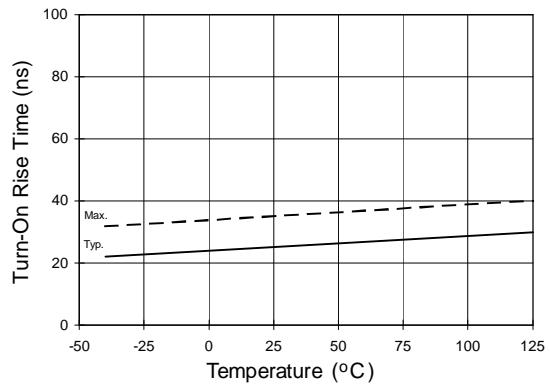


Figure 10A. Turn-On Rise Time vs. Temperature

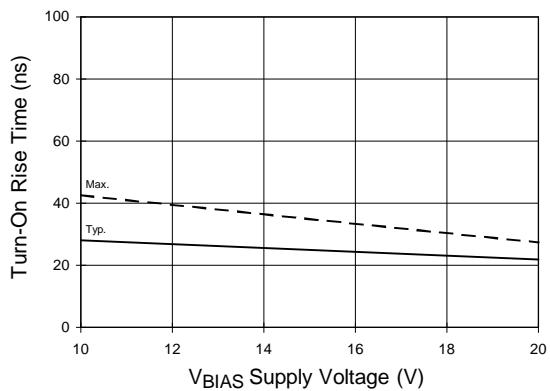


Figure 10B. Turn-On Rise Time vs. Voltage

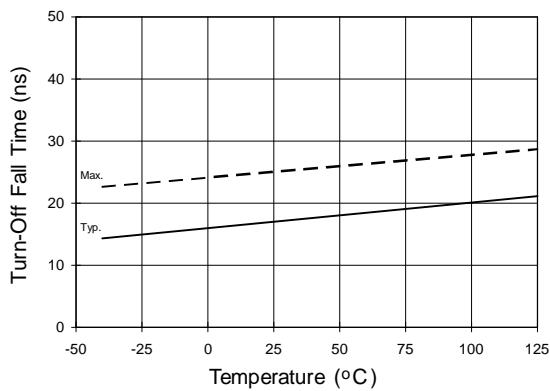


Figure 11A. Turn-Off Fall Time vs. Temperature

IRS2110(-1,-2,S)PbF/IRS2113(-1,-2,S)PbF

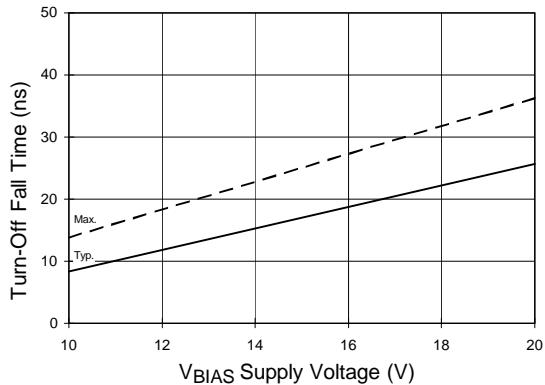


Figure 11B. Turn-Off Fall Time vs. Voltage

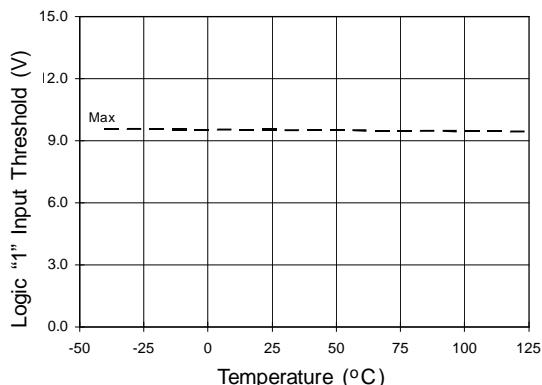


Figure 12A. Logic "1" Input Threshold vs. Temperature

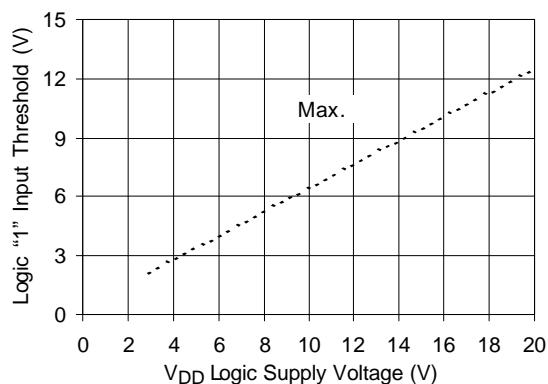


Figure 12B. Logic "1" Input Threshold vs. Voltage

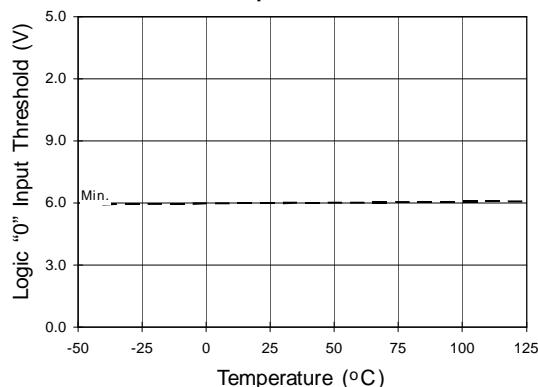


Figure 13A. Logic "0" Input Threshold vs. Temperature

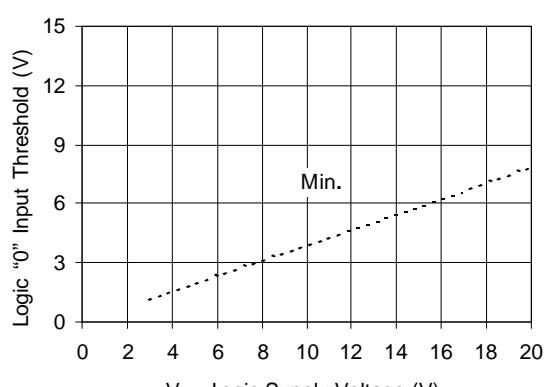


Figure 13B. Logic "0" Input Threshold vs. Voltage

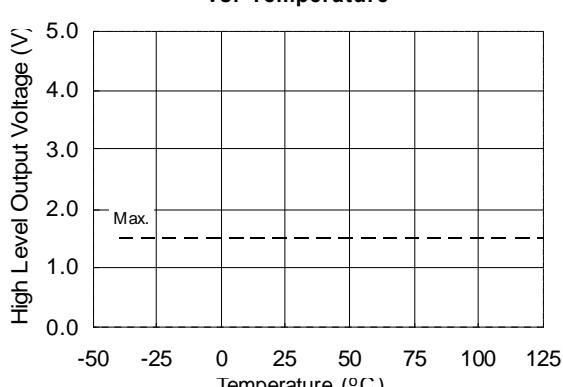


Figure 14A. High Level Output Voltage vs. Temperature ($I_O = 0$ mA)

IRS2110(-1,-2,S)PbF/IRS2113(-1,-2,S)PbF

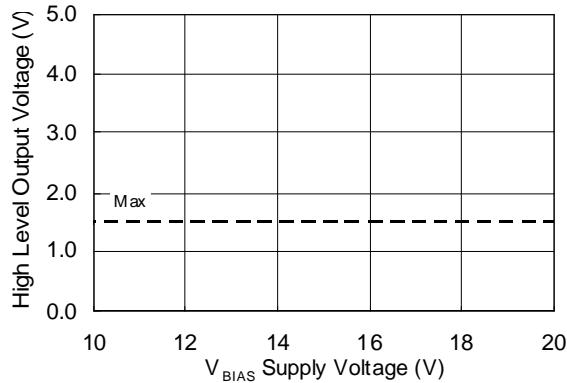


Figure 14B. High Level Output Voltage vs. Supply Voltage ($I_o = 0$ mA)

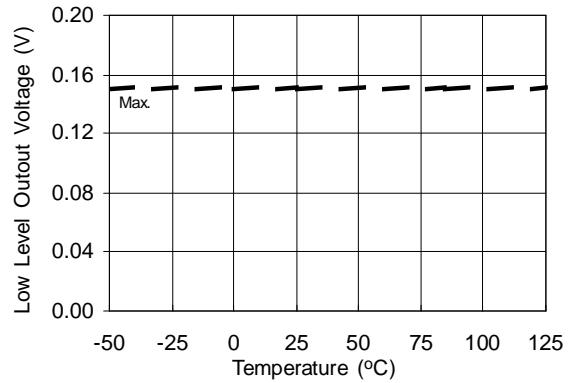


Figure 15A. Low Level Output vs. Temperature

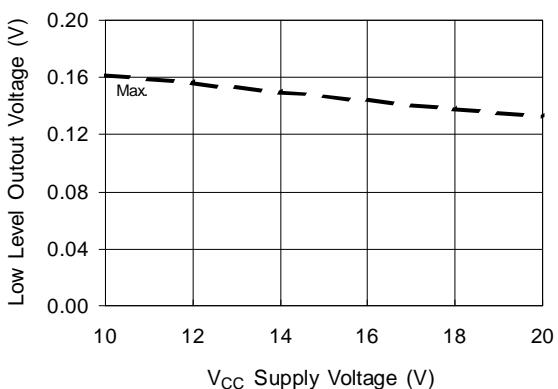


Figure 15B. Low Level Output vs. Supply Voltage

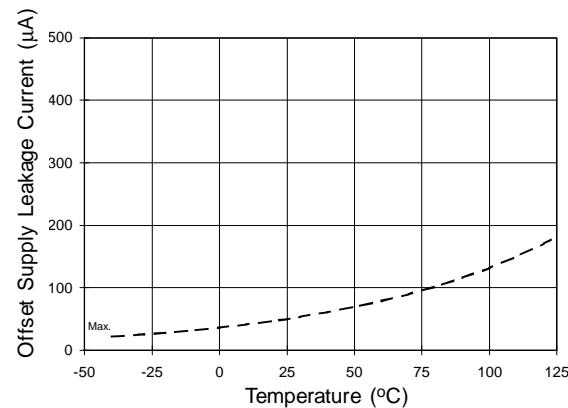


Figure 16A. Offset Supply Current vs. Temperature

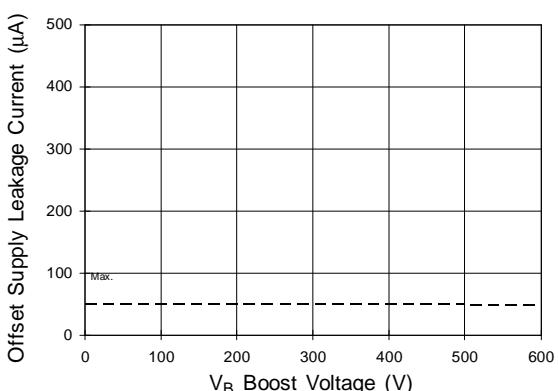


Figure 16B. Offset Supply Current vs. Voltage

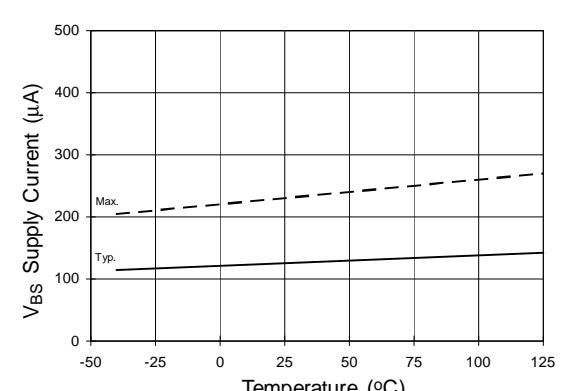


Figure 17A. V_{Bs} Supply Current vs. Temperature

IRS2110(-1,-2,S)PbF/IRS2113(-1,-2,S)PbF

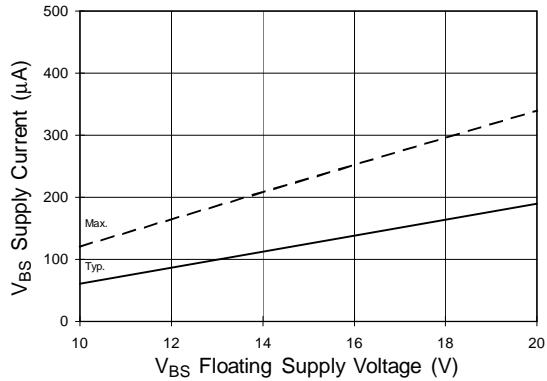


Figure 17B. V_{BS} Supply Current vs. Voltage

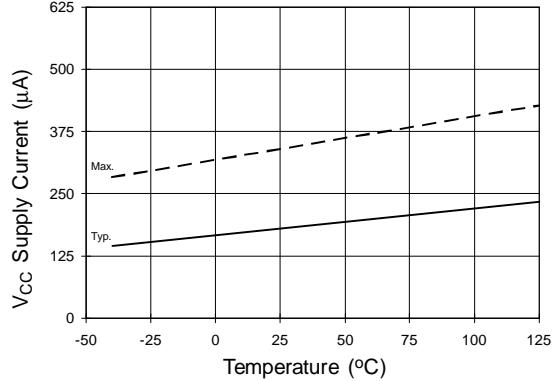


Figure 18A. V_{CC} Supply Current vs. Temperature

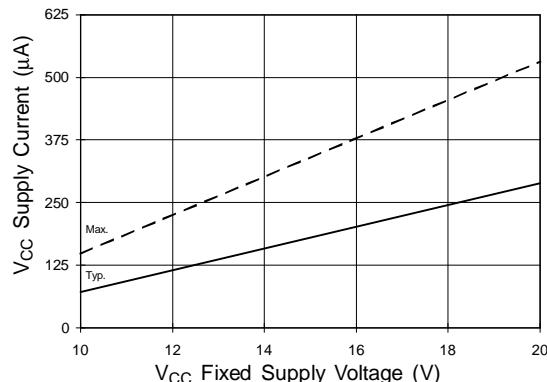


Figure 18B. V_{CC} Supply Current vs. Voltage

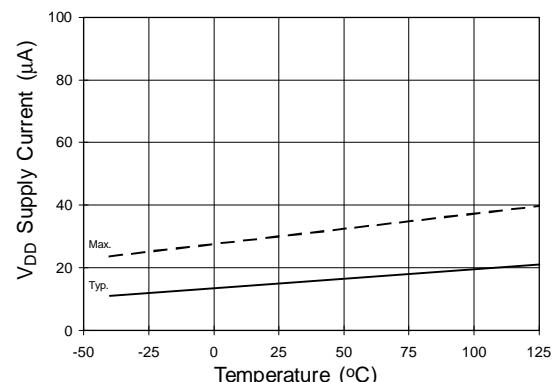


Figure 19A. V_{DD} Supply Current vs. Temperature

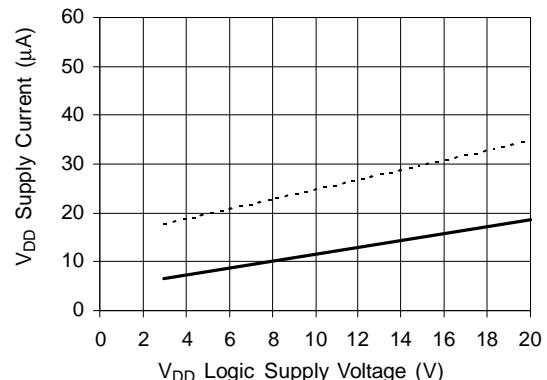


Figure 19B. V_{DD} Supply Current vs. V_{DD} Voltage

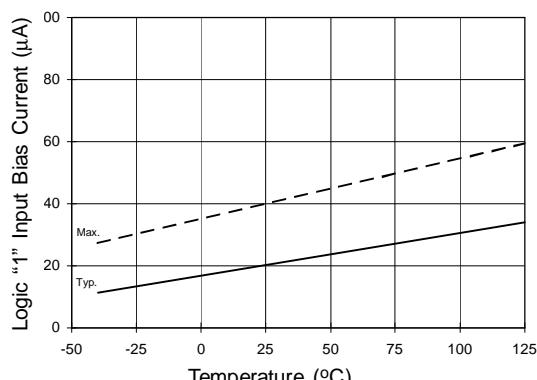


Figure 20A. Logic "1" Input Current vs. Temperature

IRS2110(-1,-2,S)PbF/IRS2113(-1,-2,S)PbF

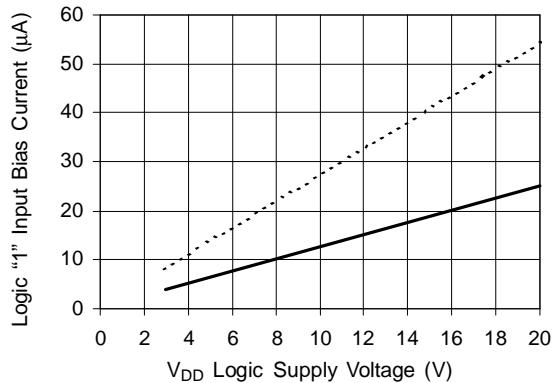


Figure 20B. Logic "1" Input Current
vs. V_{DD} Voltage

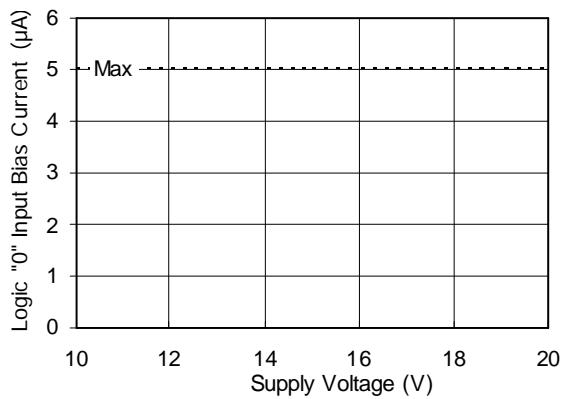


Figure 21B. Logic "0" Input Bias Current
vs. Voltage

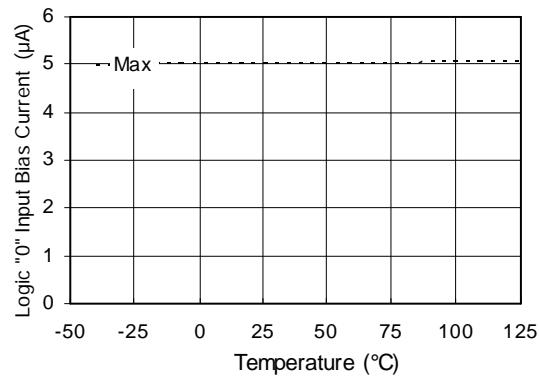


Figure 21A. Logic "0" Input Bias Current
vs. Temperature

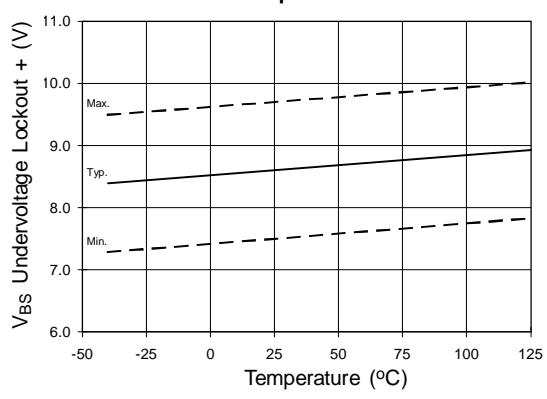


Figure 22. V_{BS} Undervoltage (+) vs. Temperature

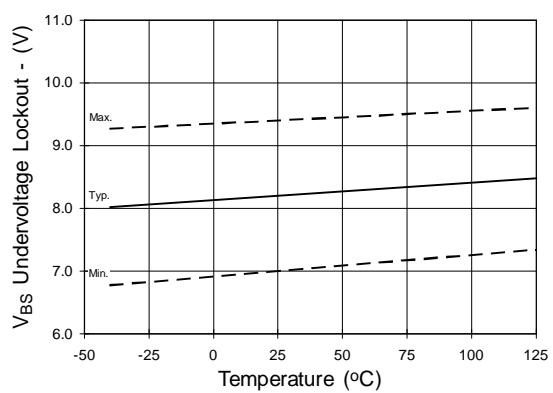


Figure 23. V_{BS} Undervoltage (-)
vs. Temperature

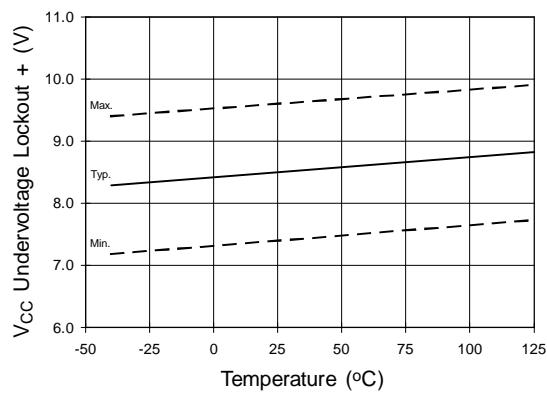


Figure 24. V_{CC} Undervoltage (+)
vs. Temperature

IRS2110(-1,-2,S)PbF/IRS2113(-1,-2,S)PbF

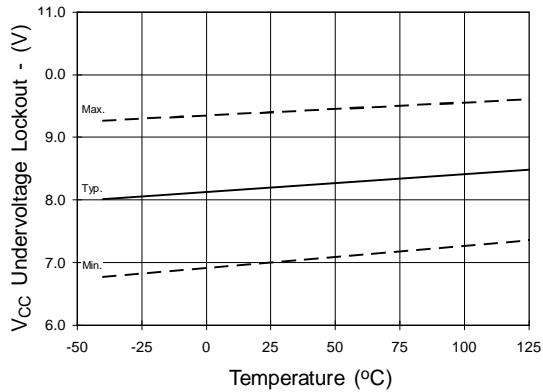


Figure 25. V_{CC} Undervoltage (-) vs. Temperature

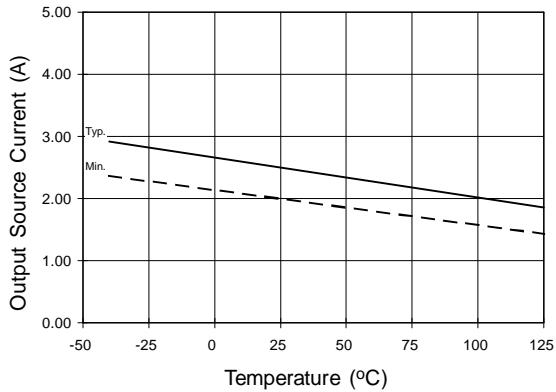


Figure 26A. Output Source Current vs. Temperature

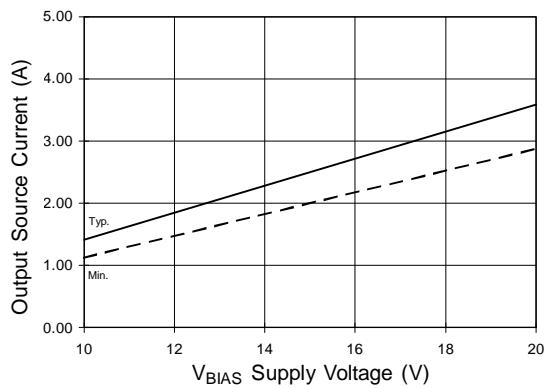


Figure 26B. Output Source Current vs. Voltage

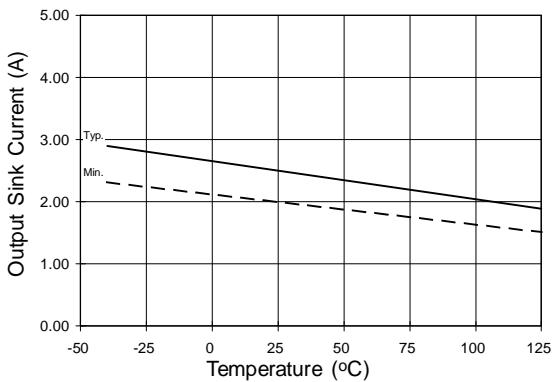


Figure 27A. Output Sink Current vs. Temperature

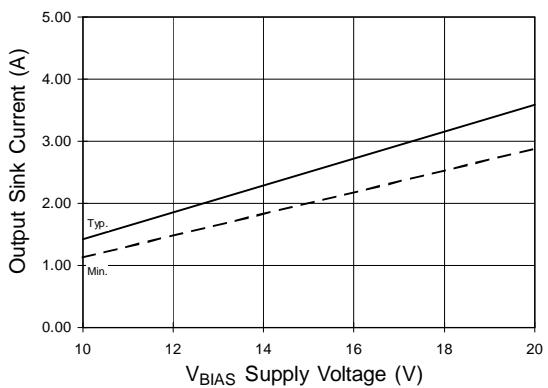


Figure 27B. Output Sink Current vs. Voltage

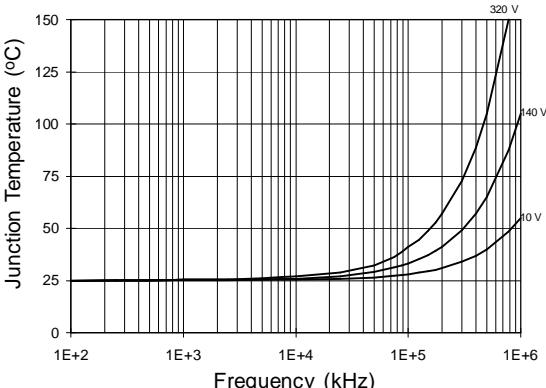
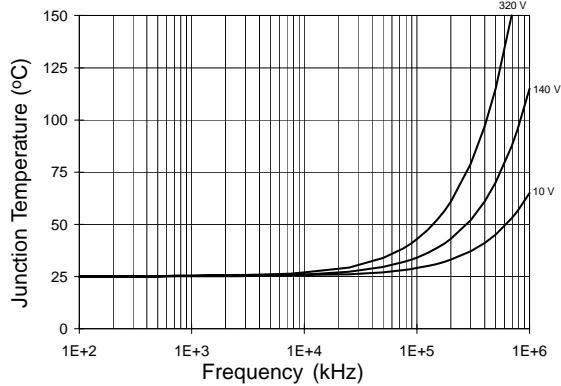
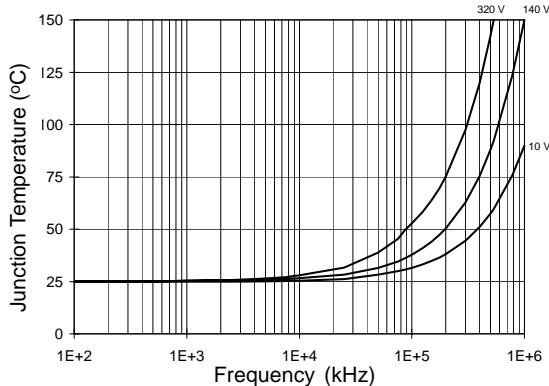


Figure 28. IRS2110/IRS2113 T_J vs. Frequency (IRFB20) R_{GATE} = 33 W, V_{CC} = 15 V

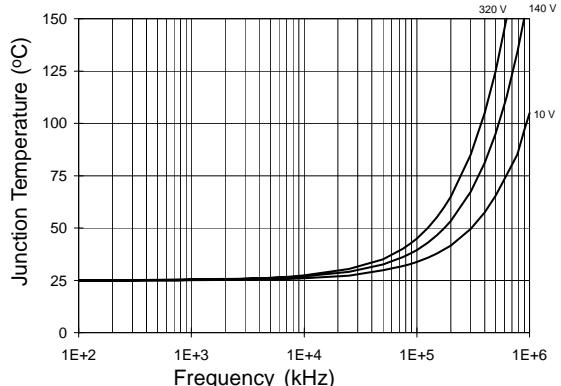
IRS2110(-1,-2,S)PbF/IRS2113(-1,-2,S)PbF



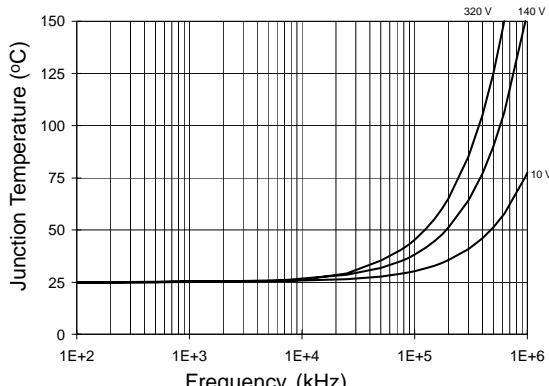
**Figure 29. IRS2110/IRS2113 T_J vs. Frequency
(IRFBC30) $R_{GATE} = 22 \Omega$, $V_{CC} = 15 V$**



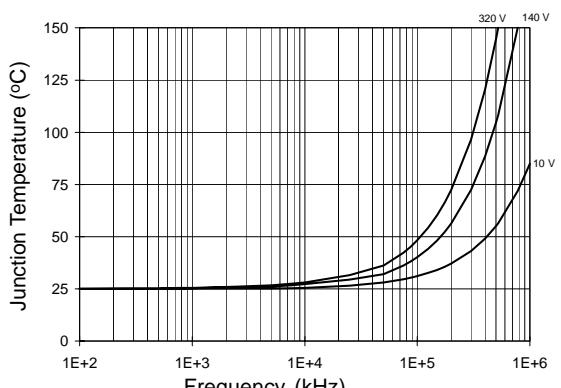
**Figure 30. IRS2110/IRS2113 T_J vs. Frequency
(IRFBC40) $R_{GATE} = 15 \Omega$, $V_{CC} = 15 V$**



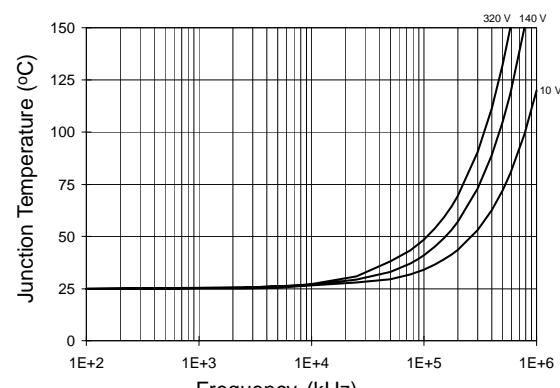
**Figure 31. IRS2110/IRS2113 T_J vs. Frequency
(IRFPE50) $R_{GATE} = 10 \Omega$, $V_{CC} = 15 V$**



**Figure 32. IRS2110S/IRS2113S T_J vs. Frequency
(IRFBC20) $R_{GATE} = 33 \Omega$, $V_{CC} = 15 V$**



**Figure 33. IRS2110S/IRS2113S T_J vs. Frequency
(IRFBC30) $R_{GATE} = 22 \Omega$, $V_{CC} = 15 V$**



**Figure 34. IRS2110S/IRS2113S T_J vs. Frequency
(IRFBC40) $R_{GATE} = 15 \Omega$, $V_{CC} = 15 V$**

IRS2110(-1,-2,S)PbF/IRS2113(-1,-2,S)PbF

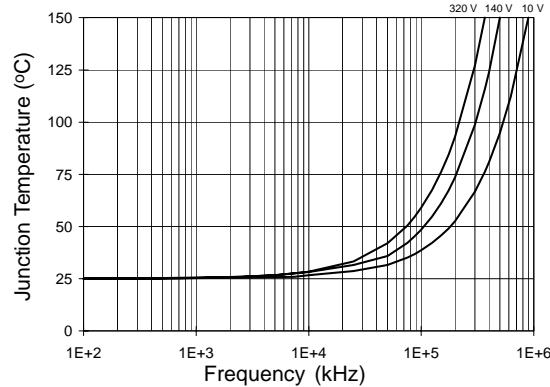


Figure 35. IRS2110S/IRS2113S T_J vs. Frequency
(IRFPE50) RGATE = 10 Ω, V_{CC} = 15 V

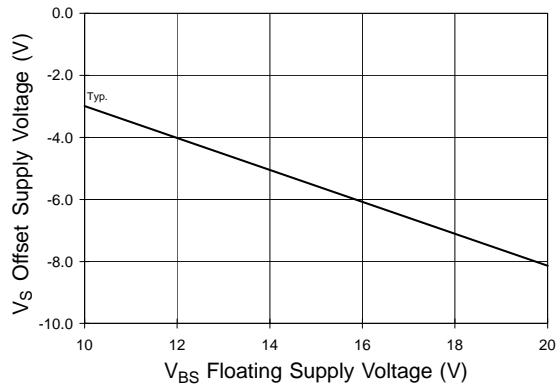


Figure 36. Maximum Vs Negative Offset vs.
V_{BS} Supply Voltage

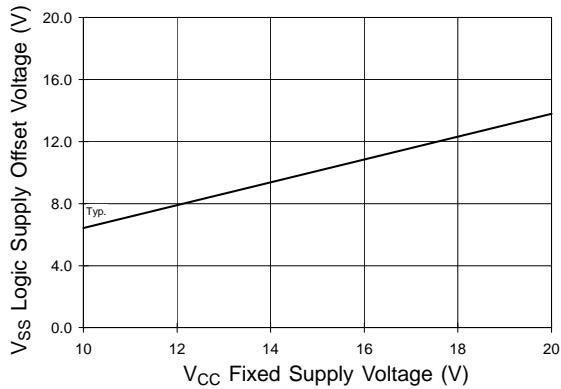
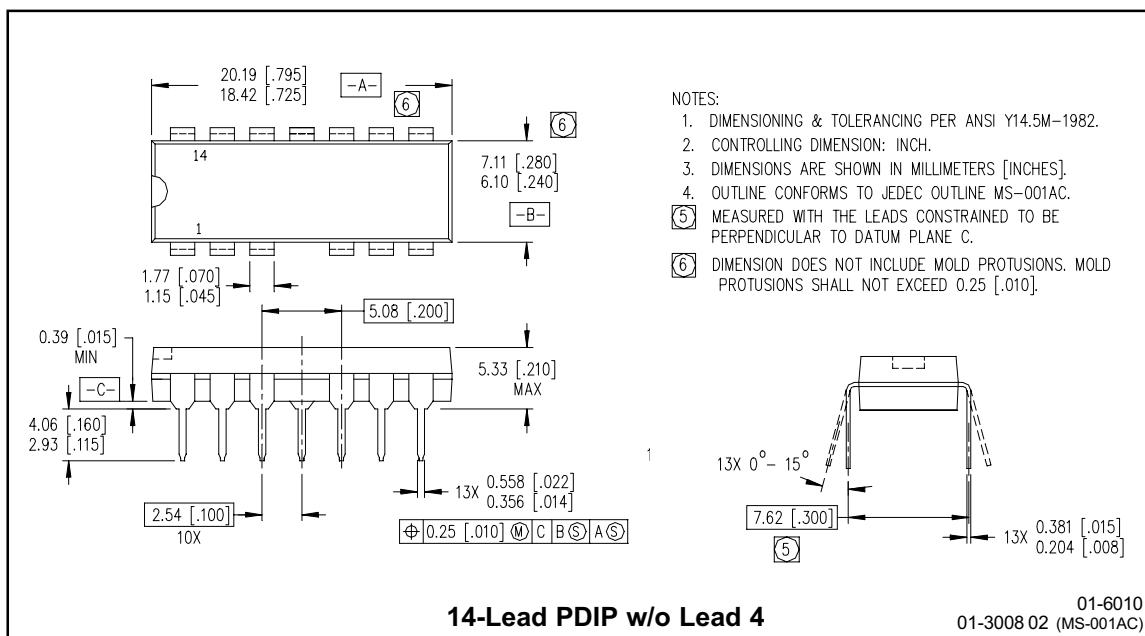
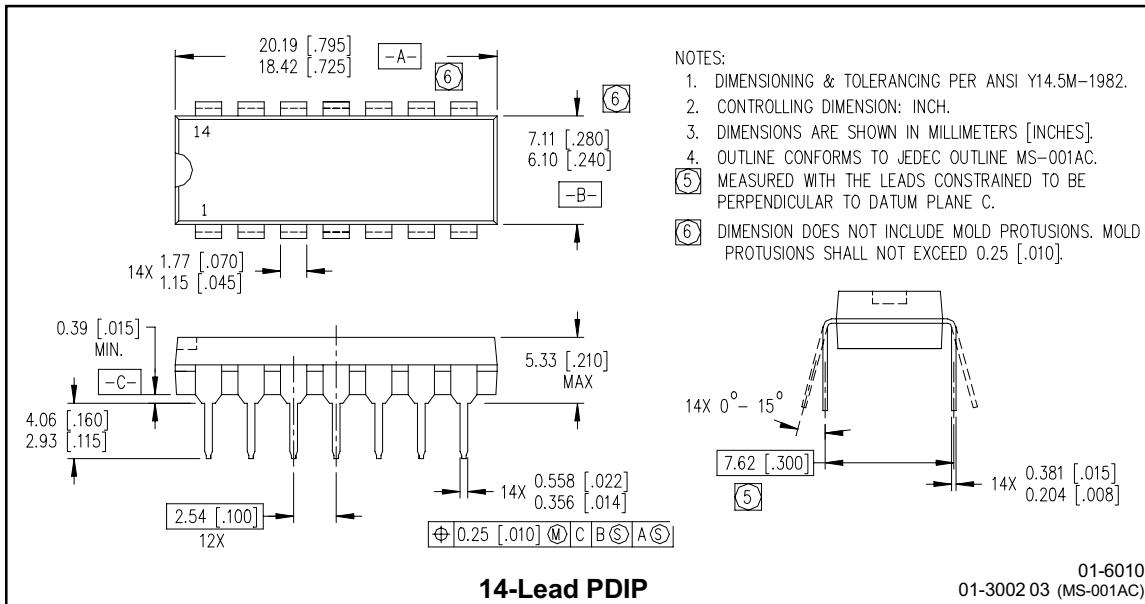
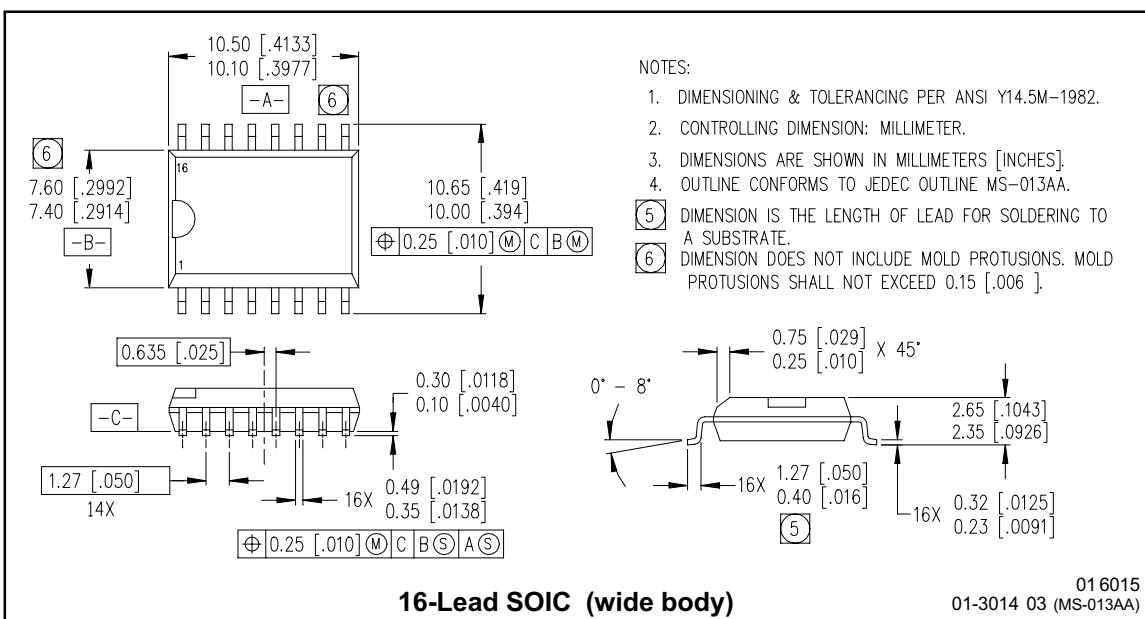
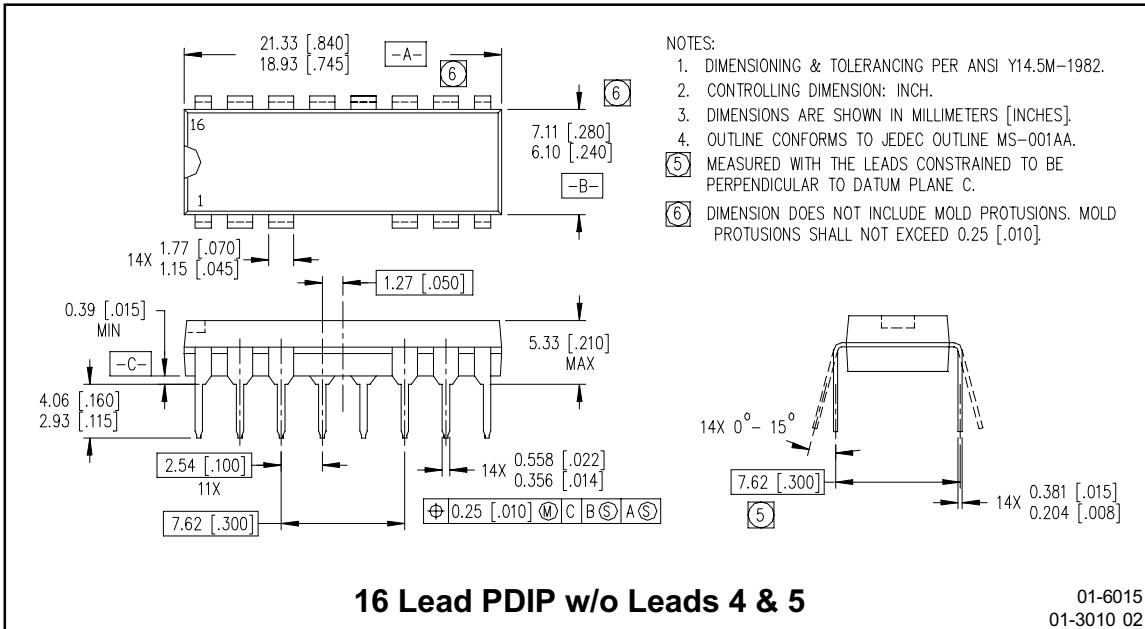


Figure 37. Maximum V_{SS} Positive Offset vs.
V_{CC} Supply Voltage

Case Outlines

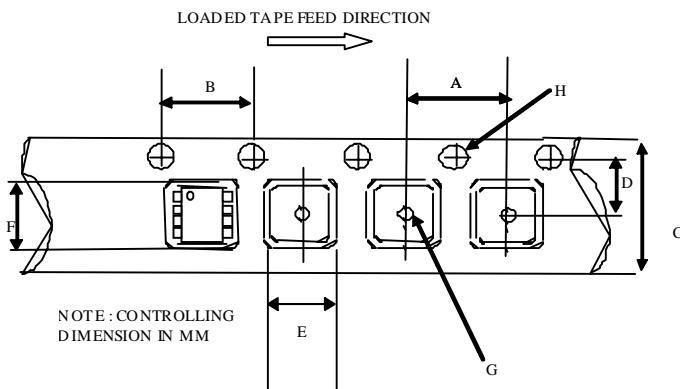


IRS2110(-1,-2,S)PbF/IRS2113(-1,-2,S)PbF



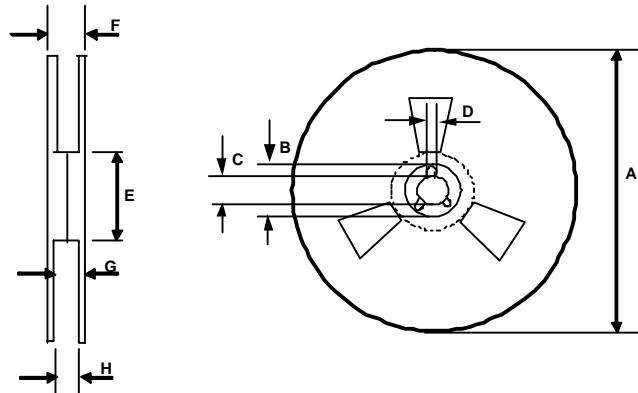
IRS2110(-1,-2,S)PbF/IRS2113(-1,-2,S)PbF

Tape & Reel 16-Lead SOIC



CARRIER TAPE DIMENSION FOR 16SOICW

Code	Metric		Imperial	
	Min	Max	Min	Max
A	11.90	12.10	0.468	0.476
B	3.90	4.10	0.153	0.161
C	15.70	16.30	0.618	0.641
D	7.40	7.60	0.291	0.299
E	10.80	11.00	0.425	0.433
F	10.60	10.80	0.417	0.425
G	1.50	n/a	0.059	n/a
H	1.50	1.60	0.059	0.062

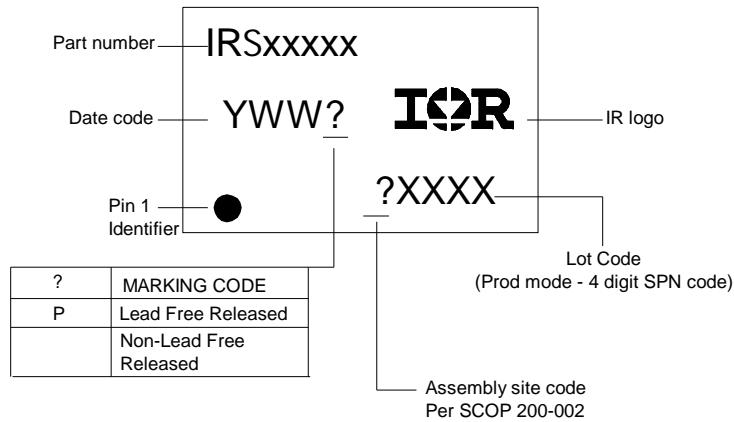


REEL DIMENSIONS FOR 16SOICW

Code	Metric		Imperial	
	Min	Max	Min	Max
A	329.60	330.25	12.976	13.001
B	20.95	21.45	0.824	0.844
C	12.80	13.20	0.503	0.519
D	1.95	2.45	0.0767	0.096
E	98.00	102.00	3.858	4.015
F	n/a	22.40	n/a	0.881
G	18.50	21.10	0.728	0.830
H	16.40	18.40	0.645	0.724

IRS2110(-1,-2,S)PbF/IRS2113(-1,-2,S)PbF

LEADFREE PART MARKING INFORMATION



ORDER INFORMATION

- 14-Lead PDIP IRS2110PbF
- 14-Lead PDIP IRS2110-1PbF
- 14-Lead PDIP IRS2113PbF
- 14-Lead PDIP IRS2113-1PbF
- 16-Lead PDIP IRS2110-2PbF
- 16-Lead PDIP IRS2113-2PbF
- 16-Lead SOIC IRS2110SPbF
- 16-Lead SOIC IRS2113SPbF
- 16-Lead SOIC Tape & Reel IRS2110STRPbF
- 16-Lead SOIC Tape & Reel IRS2113STRPbF

International
IR Rectifier

The SOIC-14 is MSL3 qualified.

The SOIC-16 is MSL3 qualified.

This product has been designed and qualified for the industrial level.

Qualification standards can be found at www.irf.com

IR WORLD HEADQUARTERS: 233 Kansas St., El Segundo, California 90245 Tel: (310) 252-7105

Data and specifications subject to change without notice. 1/22/2007