HLMP-CW46, HLMP-CW47. HLMP-CW76, HLMP-CW77

T-1 ³/₄ (5mm) Extra Bright Precision Optical Performance White LED Lamps.



Data Sheet

Description

These high intensity white LED lamps are based on InGaN material technology. A blue LED die is coated by phosphor to produce white. The typical resulting color is described by the coordinates x = 0.31, y = 0.31 using the 1931 CIE Chromaticity Diagram.

These T-1 ³/₄ lamps are untinted, diffused, and incorporate precise optics which produce well-defined spatial radiation patterns at specific viewing cone angle.

Features

- Well defined spatial radiation pattern
- High luminous white emission
- Viewing angle: 50° and 70°.
- Standoff or non-standoff leads
- Superior resistance to moisture

Applications

- Electronic signs and signals
- Small area illumination
- Legend backlighting
- General purpose indicators

Benefit

 Reduced power consumption, higher reliability, and increased optical/mechanical design flexibility compared to incandescent bulbs and other alternative white light sources.

Caution: Devices are Class 1 ESD sensitive. Please observe appropriate precautions during handling and processing. Refer to Application Note AN-1142 for additional details.

Package Dimensions

Package Dimension A

Package Dimension B





Part Numbering System



Device Selection Guide

	Typical Viewing Angle,	Intensity (mcd) at 20 MA			Package	
Part Number	20 ½ (Degree)	Min. Max.		Standoff	Dimension	
HLMP-CW46-PS0xx	50	880	2500	No	А	
HLMP-CW46-QR0xx	50	1150	1900	No	А	
HLMP-CW46-QRBxx	50	1150	1900	No	А	
HLMP-CW46-RU0xx	50	1500	4200	No	Α	
HLMP-CW46-ST0xx	50	1900	3200	No	Α	
HLMP-CW46-STBxx	50	1900	3200	No	Α	
HLMP-CW47-PS0xx	50	880	2500	Yes	В	
HLMP-CW47-QR0xx	50	1150	1900	Yes	В	
HLMP-CW47-QRBxx	50	1150	1900	Yes	В	
HLMP-CW47-RU0xx	LMP-CW47-RU0xx 50		4200	Yes	В	
HLMP-CW47-ST0xx	1P-CW47-ST0xx 50		3200	Yes	В	
HLMP-CW47-STBxx	50	1900	3200	Yes	В	
HLMP-CW76-NR0xx	70	680	1900	No	А	
HLMP-CW76-PQ0xx	70	880	1500	No	А	
HLMP-CW76-PQBxx	70	880	1500	No	А	
HLMP-CW76-QT0xx	70	1150	3200	No	Α	
HLMP-CW76-RS0xx	70	1500	2500	No	Α	
HLMP-CW76-RSBxx	70	1500	2500	No	Α	
HLMP-CW77-NR0xx	70	680	1900	Yes	В	
HLMP-CW77-PQ0xx	70	880	1500	Yes	В	
HLMP-CW77-PQBxx	70	880	1500	Yes	В	
HLMP-CW77-QT0xx	70	1150	3200	Yes	В	
HLMP-CW77-RS0xx	70	1500	2500	Yes	В	
HLMP-CW77-RSBxx	70	1500	2500	Yes	В	

Notes:

1. Tolerance for luminous intensity measurement is +/- 15%

2. The luminous intensity is measured on the mechanical axis of the lamp package.

3. The optical axis is closely aligned with the package mechanical axis.

4. $2\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle where the luminous intensity is $\frac{1}{2}$ the on axis intensity

5. Part numbers in **BOLD** are recommended for new designs.

Absolute Maximum Rating at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$

Parameters	Value	Unit
DC forward current ^[1]	30	mA
Peak pulsed forward current ^[2]	100	mA
Power dissipation	105	mW
LED junction temperature	110	٥C
Operating temperature range	-40 to +85	٥C
Storage temperature range	-40 to +100	٥C

Notes:

1. Derate linearly as shown in figure 2.

2. Duty factor 10%, frequency 1KHz

Parameters	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Test Condition
i arameters	Oymbol		iyh	IVIUA	Units	
Forward voltage	V _F		3.2	4.0	V	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
Reverse Voltage [1]	V _R	5.0			V	I _R = 10 μA
Thermal resistance	$R\theta_{\text{J-PIN}}$		240		°C/W	LED Junction to anode lead
Chromaticity Coordinates [2]	Х		0.31			$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$
	Y		0.31			
Capacitance	С		70			V _F =0, f=1MHz

Electrical/Optical Characteristics T_A = 25°C

Notes:

1. The reverse voltage of the product is equivalent to the forward voltage of the protective chip at I_R = 10 μA

2. The chromaticity coordinates are derived from the CIE 1931 Chromaticity Diagram and represent the perceived color of the device.









Figure 2. Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature

Figure 3. Relative Intensity versus DC Forward Current





Figure 5. Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

Intensity Bin Limit Table

	Intensity (mcd) at 20 mA		
Bin	Min	Max	
Ν	680	880	
Р	880	1150	
۵	1150	1500	
R	1500	1900	
S	1900	2500	
Т	2500	3200	
U	3200	4200	

*Note: (x,y) values @ 20mA reference to (0,0)

Figure 4. Chromaticity shift vs. Current



Figure 6. Spatial Radiation Pattern for CW4x



Figure 7. Spatial Radiation Pattern for CW7x

Tolerance for each bin limit is $\pm 15\%$

Color Bin Limit Table

Rank	Limits (Chromaticity Coordinates)					
1	Х	0.330	0.330	0.356	0.361	
	Y	0.360	0.318	0.351	0.385	
2	Х	0.287	0.296	0.330	0.330	
	Y	0.295	0.276	0.318	0.339	
3	Х	0.264	0.280	0.296	0.283	
	Y	0.267	0.248	0.276	0.305	
4	Х	0.283	0.287	0.330	0.330	
	Y	0.305	0.295	0.339	0.360	





Tolerance for each bin limit is $\pm \ 0.01$

Note:

1. Bin categories are established for classification of products. Products may not be available in all bin categories. Please contact your Avago Technologies representative for information on currently available bins.

Precautions:

Lead Forming:

- The leads of an LED lamp may be preformed or cut to length prior to insertion and soldering into PC board.
- If lead forming is required before soldering, care must be taken to avoid any excessive mechanical stress induced to LED package. Otherwise, cut the leads of LED to length after soldering process at room temperature. The solder joint formed will absorb the mechanical stress of the lead cutting from traveling to the LED chip die attach and wirebond.
- It is recommended that tooling made to precisely form and cut the leads to length rather than rely upon hand operation.

Soldering Condition:

- Care must be taken during PCB assembly and soldering process to prevent damage to LED component.
- The closest LED is allowed to solder on board is 1.59mm below the body (encapsulant epoxy) for those parts without standoff.
- Recommended soldering condition:

	Wave Soldering	Manual Solder Dipping
Pre-heat temperature	105 °C Max.	-
Preheat time	30 sec Max	-
Peak temperature	250 °C Max.	260 °C Max.
Dwell time	3 sec Max.	5 sec Max

Recommended Wave Soldering Profile

- Wave soldering parameter must be set and maintain according to recommended temperature and dwell time in the solder wave. Customer is advised to periodically check on the soldering profile to ensure the soldering profile used is always conforming to recommended soldering condition.
- If necessary, use fixture to hold the LED component in proper orientation with respect to the PCB during soldering process.
- Proper handling is imperative to avoid excessive thermal stresses to LED components when heated. Therefore, the soldered PCB must be allowed to cool to room temperature, 25°C before handling.
- Special attention must be given to board fabrication, solder masking, surface plating and lead holes size and component orientation to assure solderability.
- Recommended PC board plated through holes size for LED component leads.

LED component ead size	Diagonal	Plated through hole diameter
0.457 x 0.457mm	0.646 mm	0.976 to 1.078 mm
(0.018 x 0.018inch)	(0.025 inch)	(0.038 to 0.042 inch)
0.508 x 0.508mm	0.718 mm	1.049 to 1.150mm
(0.020 x 0.020inch)	(0.028 inch)	(0.041 to 0.045 inch)

Note: Refer to application note AN1027 for more information on soldering LED components.



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